

Air Live[®]

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IAR-5000

Internet Activity Recorder

User's Manual




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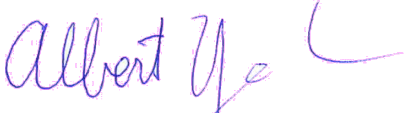
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This equipment complies with the requirements relating to electromagnetic compatibility, EN 55022/A1/A2, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3/A1, EN 55024/A1/A2, Class B.

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Chapter 1 Introduction

Instead to restrict the access right of communication software, the AirLive brings you a brand new model of Internet Activity Recorder, IAR-5000. It can record the defined service packets in its hard disk, and provide the log to administrator for monitoring. With Sniffer mode or Bridge mode, network administrator will not need to change current network topology, and construct the advanced secure mechanism to protect the confidential information.

1.1 Functions and Features

- **Sniffer and Bridge mode**

IAR-5000 supports sniffer mode and bridge mode; both installation types will not need to change current network structure. The IM/P2P management is available only at bridge mode.

- **Content Recorder**

IAR-5000 provides the ability to record the contents of several network communicating programs, such as Mail, Web Mail, IM, HTTP, FTP and Telnet.

- **IM, Web mail signature pattern update**

The updated process works to update IAR-5000, in order to recognize newest version IM or Web mail and record the contents.

- **Remote Backup**

The recorded data can be stored at IAR-5000, or remotely to NAS and file server, the privilege user will be able to check the record by browser.

- **IM Authentication**

It is for Bridge mode only. The administrator can restrict the access right of IM users, unless they pass the authentication. The database types support local database, RADIUS, POP3, and LDAP.

- **IM rule management**

It is for Bridge mode only. The function is divided with Default Rule and Account Rule. IAR-5000 supports to detect IM account automatically, and offer them the default access rule; if necessary, administrator can also modify the rule per specific account in Account Rule.

- **P2P Management**

It is for Bridge mode only. The function is divided with Default Rule and Account Rule. IAR-5000 supports to detect P2P account automatically, and offer them the default access rule; if necessary, administrator can also modify the rule per specific account in Account Rule.

- **Privilege user**

Network administrator can define the privilege user who has the authority to access Internet without recording content.

- **Intrusion detection and notification**

Administrator can customize the function to block the anomaly flow IP based on the setting, and send out a message to specific account for managing.

1.2 Deployment

- **Bridge Mode** : Link one of the internet recorder's ports to firewall or gateway, the other port connects to the internal network via hub or switch.
- **Sniffer Mode** : Link one of the internet recorder's ports to the mirror port of core switch or any port of the hub.

1.3 Front Panel



Figure 1-1 Front Panel

LED	Color	Status	Description
POWER	Green	On	Power on the device
Hard Disk	Green	Blinking	Data reading / accessing
Port1	Green	Blinking	Sending / Receiving
	Orange	On	100 Mbps
Port2	Green	Blinking	Sending / Receiving
	Orange	On	100 Mbps

Ports:

Port	Description
AC Power	Input voltages ranging from 100 ~ 240 VAC, and with a maximum power output of 85 watts.
Port 1	Use this port to connect to a router, DSL modem, or Cable modem
Port 2	Use this port to connect another ES-4000 device for HA function
Console Port	9-pin serial port connector for checking setting and restore to the factory setting

1.4 Packing List

- ES-4000 Mail Server Appliance
- Installation CD-ROM
- Quick Installation Guide
- CAT-5 UTP Fast Ethernet cable
- CAT-5 UTP Fast Ethernet cross-over cable
- RS-232 cable
- Power code
- Ear x 2
- Screw
- Rubber pad x 4

Chapter 2 Software Installation

- Step1.** Connecting the administrator's PC and IAR-5000 (port1 or port2) to the same hub or switch , and then use the web browser " IE or Netscape" to connect IAR-5000. The default IP port address in IAR-5000's management interface is <http://192.168.1.1> .
- Step2.** The management of IP interface is to fit the company's network environment, so we set the same subnet IP in LAN. If the LAN is not the subnet of IP address192.168.1.0. For example, if the LAN IP is 172.16.0.0 subnet, the administrator should change the management interface of IAR-5000 in the same subnet IP 172.16.0.0, it is easy to manage the device.
- Step3.** When the administrator enter theIAR-5000's network, enter **User Name** and **Password**. (Figure 2-1)
- **User Name** : admin
 - **Password** : airlive
 - click **OK**

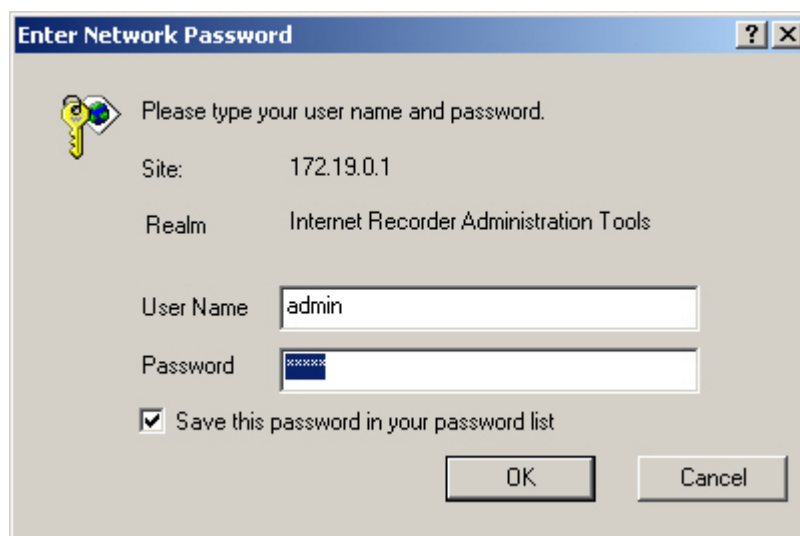


Figure 2-1 Enter the user name and password

- Step4.** When user is first time to use the IAR-5000 management interface, system will automatically enter **System → Wizard**. It will guide user to make settings, and then click **Next** (Figure 2-2).

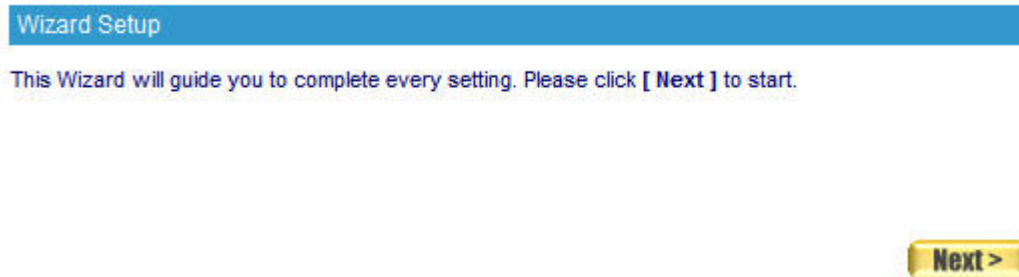


Figure 2-2 Enter the setting wizard

- Step5.** Select the language (System will change to the selected language automatically) and click **Next** (Figure 2-3).



Figure 2-3 Select the language

- Step6.** Select the correct time zone and enter the time, and click **Next** (Figure 2-4).

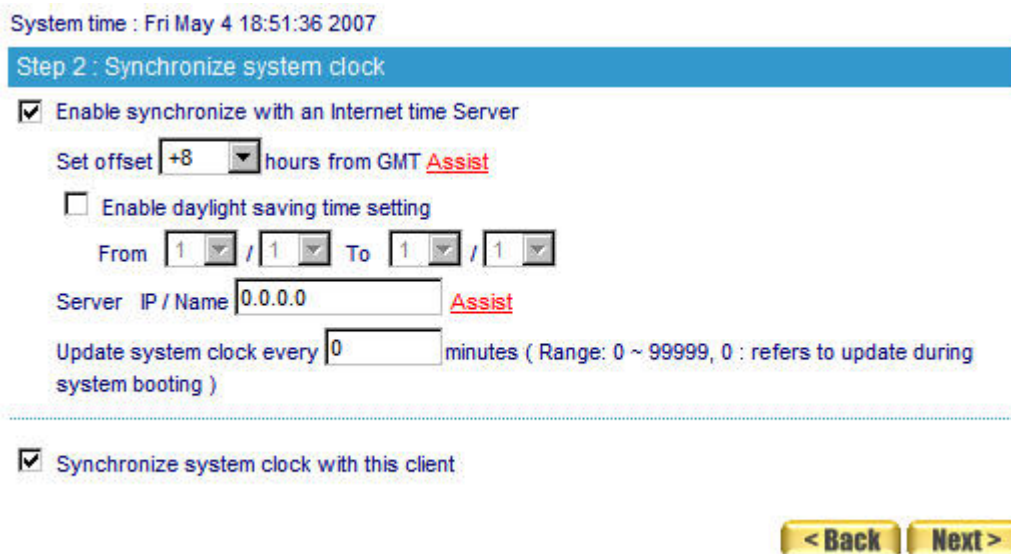
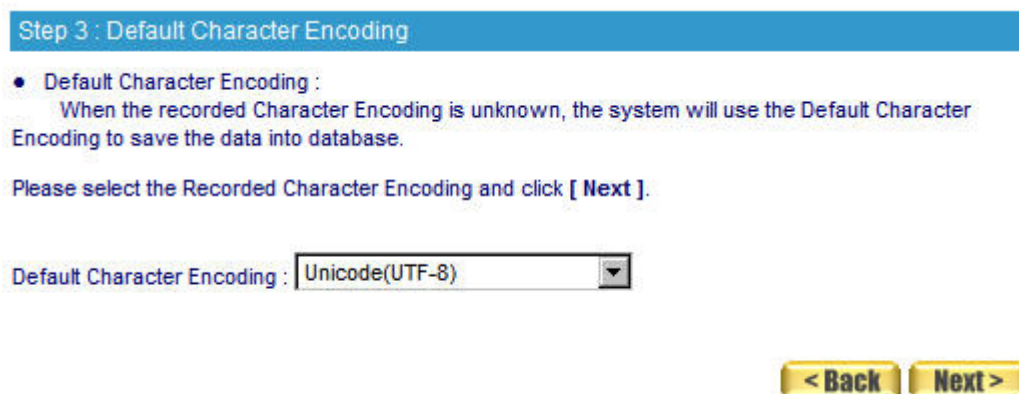


Figure 2-4 Synchronize system clock

Step7. Select the needed **Default Character Encoding**, and click **Next** (Figure 2-5).



Step 3 : Default Character Encoding

- Default Character Encoding :
When the recorded Character Encoding is unknown, the system will use the Default Character Encoding to save the data into database.

Please select the Recorded Character Encoding and click [Next].

Default Character Encoding :

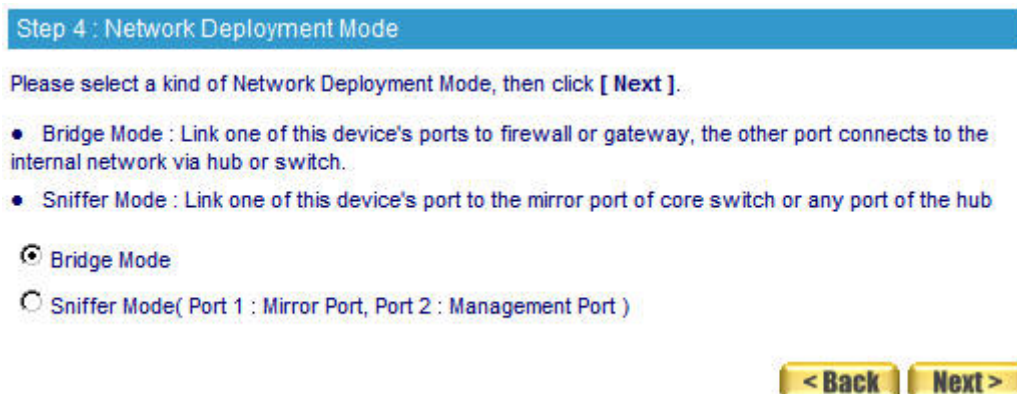
< Back Next >

Figure 2-5 Select the default character encoding



When system can not identify the character encoding to save the data into database, it will use the default setting.

Step8. Select the deployment mode in **Network Deployment Mode**, and click **Next** (Figure 2-6).



Step 4 : Network Deployment Mode

Please select a kind of Network Deployment Mode, then click [Next].

- Bridge Mode : Link one of this device's ports to firewall or gateway, the other port connects to the internal network via hub or switch.
- Sniffer Mode : Link one of this device's port to the mirror port of core switch or any port of the hub

☒ Bridge Mode

☐ Sniffer Mode(Port 1 : Mirror Port, Port 2 : Management Port)

< Back Next >

Figure 2-6 Select the Network Deployment Mode

Step9. Select User Name **binds to IP** or **MAC Address**, and click **Next** (Figure 2-7).

Step 5 : User Name binds to IP / MAC Address

- User Name-IP binding :
The log can be record depends on the user's IP address, when it comes from the same IP address, will be decide to be the same user.The function is especially focus on the Corporation which use the static IP.
- User Name-MAC binding :
The log can be record depends on the user's MAC address, when it comes from the same MAC address, will be decide to be the same user.Normally, the user's IP is the dynamic IP address (The Company use the DHCP).

Please select one of the combinations and click [**Next**].

User Name binds to : ☒ IP Address ☐ MAC Address



 

Figure 2-7 Select which method to save the data



User Name – IP binding: The log can be recorded depends on the user IP address, when it comes from the same IP address, will be decided to the same user. This function is usually use for the corporation which use the static IP.



User Name – MAC binding: The log can be recorded depends on the user's MAC address, when it comes from the same MAC address, will be decided to the same user. Normally, user's IP is the dynamic IP address. (Company uses the DHCP)

Step10. Enter the settings in Interface Address (Figure 2-8).

- Enter the available IP (the IP is settled in the same subnet as LAN) to be the IAR-5000 management interface. Set the **netmask**, **default gateway** and **DNS server** settings.
- If company use VLAN, then it's necessary to select **Enable VLAN of port 1 / 2** and enter the settings.
- Enter the **Downstream** and **Upstream bandwidth** settings.

Step 6 : Interface Address

Please enter the IP Address, Netmask, Default Gateway, DNS Server, VLAN ID and Bandwidth. Click [Next].

IP Address	:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.254"/>
Netmask	:	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Default Gateway	:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>
DNS Server 1	:	<input type="text" value="168.95.1.1"/>
DNS Server 2	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VLAN of Port 1		
VLAN ID	:	<input type="text"/> (Range: 0 ~ 4095)
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VLAN of Port 2		
VLAN ID	:	<input type="text"/> (Range: 0 ~ 4095)
Max. Downstream Bandwidth	:	<input type="text" value="102400"/> Kbps (Range: 1 ~ 102400)
Max. Upstream Bandwidth	:	<input type="text" value="102400"/> Kbps (Range: 1 ~ 102400)

Figure 2-8 Enter the settings in interface address



The management interface address must correspond to the company's environment. Set the IP in same subnet as LAN. If the LAN is not the segment of 192.168.1.x, for example, the LAN is the segment of 172.16.x.x, and then the administrator has to change the management interface IP to 172.16.x.x.



This standard range of virtual IP:

10.0.0.0 ~ 10.255.255.255
172.16.0.0 ~ 172.31.255.255
192.168.0.0 ~ 192.168.255.255

Step11. Enter the subnet information to record, and click **Finish** (Figure 2-9).

Step 6 : Interface Address

Please enter the IP Address, Netmask, Default Gateway, DNS Server, VLAN ID and Bandwidth. Click [**Next**].

IP Address	:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.254"/>
Netmask	:	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Default Gateway	:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>
DNS Server 1	:	<input type="text" value="168.95.1.1"/>
DNS Server 2	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VLAN of Port 1		
VLAN ID	:	<input type="text"/> (Range: 0 ~ 4095)
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VLAN of Port 2		
VLAN ID	:	<input type="text"/> (Range: 0 ~ 4095)
Max. Downstream Bandwidth	:	<input type="text" value="102400"/> Kbps (Range: 1 ~ 102400)
Max. Upstream Bandwidth	:	<input type="text" value="102400"/> Kbps (Range: 1 ~ 102400)

< Back **Next >**

Figure 2-9 Enter the subnet information to record



If we change the interface IP after click **Finish**, then enter the custom interface IP in address column of web browser, so that we can log in to IAR-5000 again.

Step12. In **User List → Logged**, system will shows the default recorded list in the same subnet as the IAR-5000 interface address and the subnet. (Figure 2-10)

Select Subnet or Department/Group : [Subnet](#) [Department / Group](#)

Subnet Setting : **Add**

User Setting : **Remove** ☒ **Ignore** **Change Department / Group**

1 / 1

Subnet : 192.168.1.0 Select All Select None				Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
<input type="checkbox"/>	Jacky				
Subnet : 172.16.0.0 Select All Select None				Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet

1 / 1

Figure 2-10 Logged list

Chapter 3 System

The so-called system administration refers the competency to manage the IAR-5000. In this Chapter it will be defined to the Admin, Interface IP, Setting, Date/Time, Permitted IPs, Language, Logout and Software Update.

The IAR-5000 is managed by the main system administrator. The main system administrator can add or delete any system settings and monitor the system status. The other group administrator have no competency to modify the system settings (the administrator's name is set by the system main administrator), only can monitor the system status.

Administrator:

Administrator/ Group administrator:

- The name of system administrator and group administrator. Administrator is the default name of system administrator in IAR-5000, and it can not be canceled; otherwise the group administrator can change or cancel it.
- The default system administrator can add or modify the other administrator, and also can decide if the group administrator has the competency to write into main system.
- On the other hand, the group administrator who has the write privilege can modify the competency of default system administrator, or only has the competency to read.
- There must be at least one administrator who has the competency to read and write in IAR-5000.



The default of system administrator in IAR-5000: **Account / password: admin / airlive.**

Privilege:

- The administrator, who has the competency to **read/write**, can change the system settings, monitor the system status, to add and cancel other administrators.
- The administrator, who has the competency to **read**, only can monitor the system status, but has no competency to change any settings.

Password/New Password/Confirm Password:

- To add or modify the main group administrator password.

View Groups:

- The group administrator can divide the internal network into several groups. And he can appoint the specific administrator to view the group but can not view across groups.

Interface IP:

Interface Address:

- The administrator can set the IP login information in IAR-5000.

Ping:

- Enable the function, the user can send Ping (ICMP) packets to Interface.

HTTP:

- Enable this function, the user can login IAR-5000 Web UI through HTTP protocol.

HTTPS:

- Enable this function, the user can login IAR-5000 Web UI through HTTPS protocol.

Download Bandwidth and Upstream Bandwidth :

- The system administrator should set the accurate bandwidth of WAN, in order to be the basic operation of IAR-5000.

Setting :

Internet Recorder Configuration :

- The system administrator can import or export the system settings, or they can also reset the factory setting and format the disk.

E-mail Setting :

- To activate this option, the system administrator will receive the caution message automatically when IAR-5000 is in the unpredictable trouble.

Web Management (Port Number) :

- The system administrator can use the WebUI to manage IAR-5000 anywhere. And the system manager can also change the port number of IAR-5000.



When the port number of HTTP and HTTPS had been changed, if the system administrator wants to log in to WebUI, he must change the WebUI port number. (For example: <http://172.20.108.172:8080> and [https:// 172.20.108.172:1025](https://172.20.108.172:1025))

Log Storage Time

- System administrator can set the log storage time.

Date/Time:

Synchronize system clock:

- This option can synchronize the Date/Time in IAR-5000, the administrator's PC and the WAN server.

GMT:

The international standard time (Greenwich Mean Time: GMT).

Daylight saving time:

- Daylight saving time (also called DST, or Summer Time) is the portion of the year in which a region's local time is advanced by (usually) one hour from its standard official time.

3.1 Admin

Add New Group-Admin

- Step1.** In admin setting window, click the **New-Group Admin**.
- Step2.** In add new group-admin window, enter the following information. (Figure 3-1)
- **Group-Admin** set group_admin.
 - **Password** enters 12345.
 - **Confirm Password** enters 12345.
 - In View Groups column, select the permitted group record to see.
- Step3.** Click **OK** to login the user or click **cancel**, to delete the new group administrator.

Add New Group-Admin			
Group-Admin name	Group_admin (Max. 16 characters)		
Password	***** (Max. 16 characters)		
Confirm Password	***** (Max. 16 characters)		
Write Privilege			
<input type="checkbox"/> Write Access			
View Group Privilege			
<div>Select All Groups Clear All Groups</div>			
1	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_1	2	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_2
3	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_3	4	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_4
5	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_5	6	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_6
7	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_7	8	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_8
9	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_9	10	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_10
11	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_11	12	<input type="checkbox"/> Group_12

OK Cancel

Figure 3-1 Add new group-admin

Change Admin password

- Step1.** Find the administrator's name that correspond to the right column, then click **modify**.
- Step2.** Modify admin password or modify group admin password window. And then enter the following information :
- **Password** enters airline.
 - **New Password** enters 52364.
 - **Confirm Password** enters 52364. (Figure 3-2)
- Step3.** Click **OK** to modify the password or click cancel to cancel the setting.

Modify Admin Password

Admin Name	admin		
Password	••••••	(Max. 16 characters)	
New Password	•••••	(Max. 16 characters)	
Confirm Password	•••••	(Max. 16 characters)	

Write Privilege

☒ Write Access

View Group Privilege

Select All Groups

Clear All Groups

1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_1	2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_2	3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_3	4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_4
5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_5	6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_6	7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_7	8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_8
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_9	10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_10	11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_11	12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group_12

OK

Cancel

Figure 3-2 To change the admin password

3.2 Interface IP

Step1. In **System → Interface IP**, enter the following setting:

- Enter the available IP of the LAN subnet in **IP Address**, **Netmask** and **Default Gateway** column.
- Enter **DNS server 1** or **DNS server 2**.
- If necessary, select to enable VLAN feature and provide the VLAN ID based on the setting.
- Enter **Max Downstream Bandwidth** and **Max Upstream Bandwidth**.
(It depends on the applied flow statistics of the user.)
- Enable the setting of **Ping**, **HTTP** and **HTTPS** function.
- Click **OK**. (Figure 3-3)

Interface Address	
IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.254"/>
Netmask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Default Gateway	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>
DNS Server 1	<input type="text" value="168.95.1.1"/>
DNS Server 2	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VLAN of Port 1	
VLAN ID	<input type="text"/> (Range: 0 ~ 4095)
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VLAN of Port 2	
VLAN ID	<input type="text"/> (Range: 0 ~ 4095)

WAN Bandwidth	
Max. Downstream Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="102400"/> Kbps (Range: 1 ~ 102400)
Max. Upstream Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="102400"/> Kbps (Range: 1 ~ 102400)
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ping <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS

Figure 3-3 The interface IP setting



Please do not cancel HTTP and HTTPS before setting the **Interface IP**, because it will let the system administrator could not enter the WebUI of IAR-5000.

3.3 Setting

Export the configured file

- Step1.** In **System Setting**, select **Internet Recorder Configuration** → **Export System setting to client**, and click the **download** button at the right place.
- Step2.** When it appeared **File Download** window, click **Save** button, and it will show where the file will be saved, then click **Save** button again. The settings of IAR-5000 will be copied to the appointed directory. (Figure 3-4)

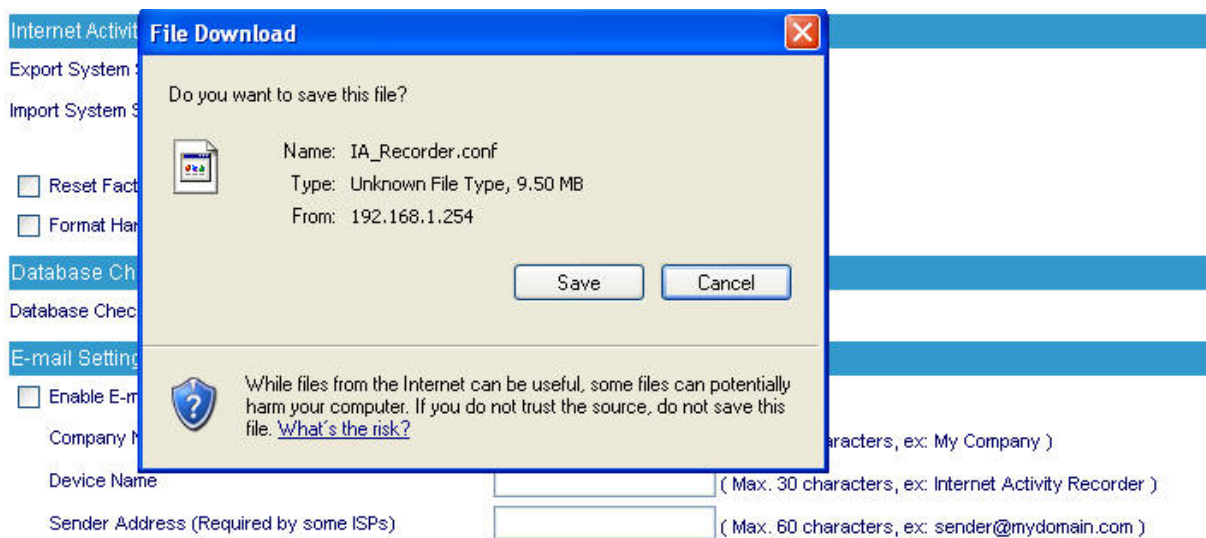


Figure 3-4 Choose where the export file will be saved

Import the configured file

- Step1.** In **System Setting** window, **Internet Recorder Configuration** → **Import System Setting from Client**, then click **Browse** button at right place.
- Step2.** In **Choose File** window, choose the directory of former saved file in IAR-5000, and choose the correct setting, then click **Open**. (Figure 3-5)
- Step3.** Click the lower right **OK**, the window will closed.
- Step4.** Click the **OK** inside the confirm dialogue box, the setting will import to IAR-5000. (Figure 3-6)

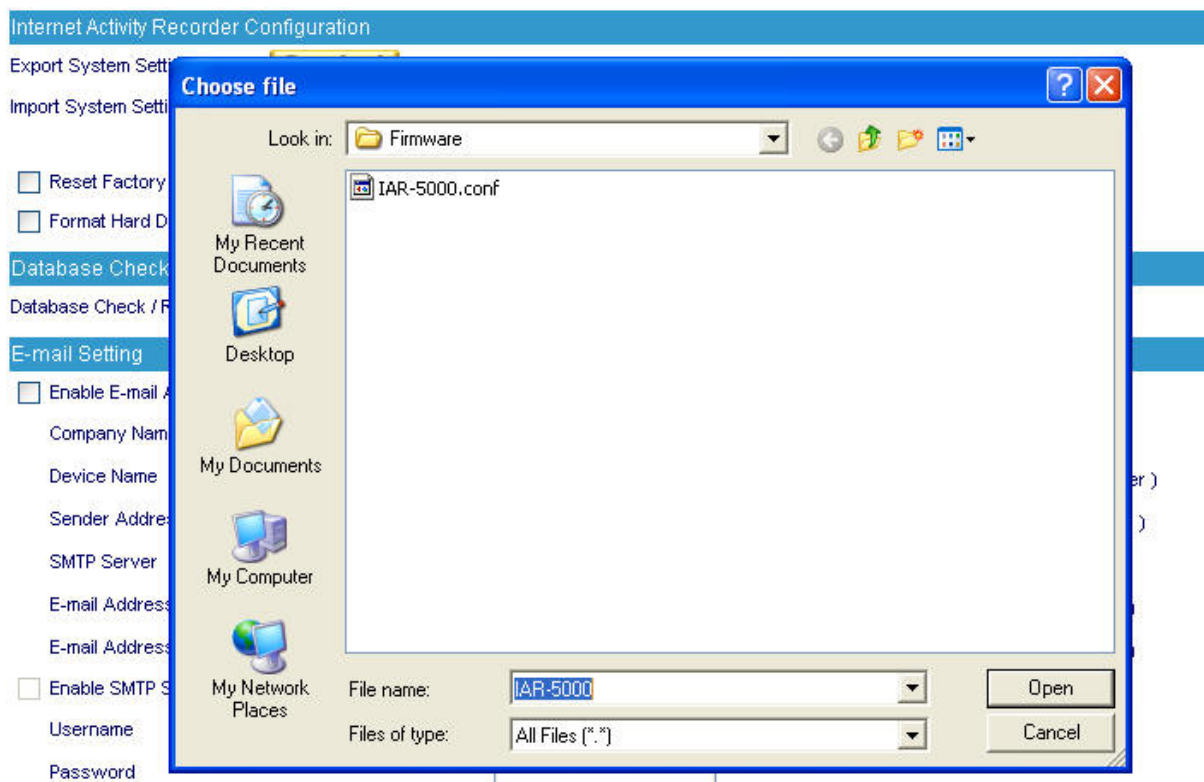


Figure 3-6 Import the file name to the directory to saved

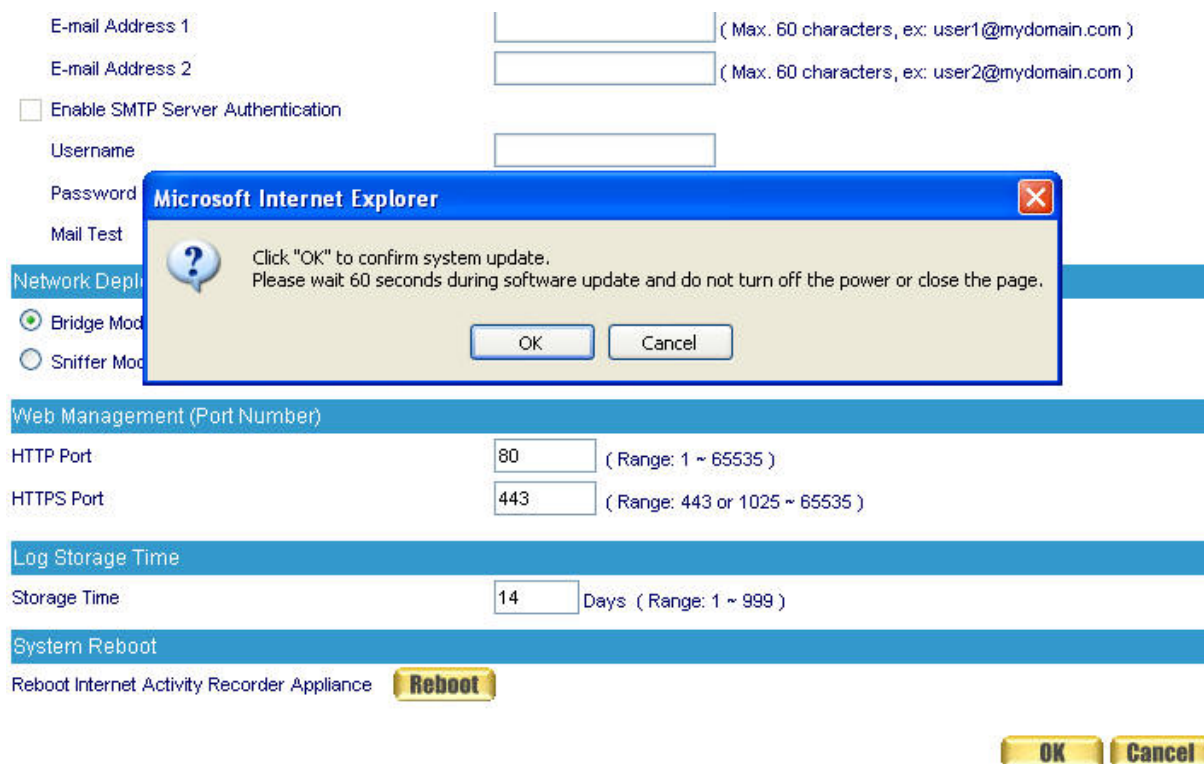


Figure 3-6 Confirm the import setting

Reset Factory Default

Step1. In **System → Setting → Internet Recorder Configuration**, select **Reset Factory Setting** and **Format Hard Disk**.

Step2. Click the **OK** in the lower right, it will restore to the factory setting of IAR-5000 and format the disk at the same time. (Figure 3-7)

The screenshot displays the 'Internet Activity Recorder Configuration' web interface. The 'Internet Activity Recorder Configuration' section is active, showing options to export or import system settings. The 'Reset Factory Setting' and 'Format Hard Disk' checkboxes are both checked. Below this is the 'Database Check / Repair' section with a 'Repair Now' button. The 'E-mail Setting' section includes fields for company name, device name, sender address, SMTP server, and email addresses, along with checkboxes for enabling email alerts and SMTP authentication. The 'Network Deployment Mode' section shows 'Bridge Mode' selected. The 'Web Management (Port Number)' section shows HTTP port 80 and HTTPS port 443. The 'Log Storage Time' section shows a storage time of 14 days. The 'System Reboot' section has a 'Reboot' button. At the bottom right, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Internet Activity Recorder Configuration

Export System Setting to Client **Download**

Import System Setting from Client **Browse...**
(ex: IA_Recorder.conf)

☒ Reset Factory Setting

☒ Format Hard Disk

Database Check / Repair

Database Check / Repair **Repair Now**

E-mail Setting

☐ Enable E-mail Alert Notification

Company Name (Max. 32 characters, ex: My Company)

Device Name (Max. 30 characters, ex: Internet Activity Recorder)

Sender Address (Required by some ISPs) (Max. 60 characters, ex: sender@mydomain.com)

SMTP Server (Max. 80 characters, ex: mail.mydomain.com)

E-mail Address 1 (Max. 60 characters, ex: user1@mydomain.com)

E-mail Address 2 (Max. 60 characters, ex: user2@mydomain.com)

☐ Enable SMTP Server Authentication

Username

Password

Mail Test **Mail Test**

Network Deployment Mode

☒ Bridge Mode

☐ Sniffer Mode (Port 1 : Mirror Port, Port 2 : Management Port)

Web Management (Port Number)

HTTP Port (Range: 1 ~ 65535)

HTTPS Port (Range: 443 or 1025 ~ 65535)

Log Storage Time

Storage Time Days (Range: 1 ~ 999)

System Reboot

Reboot Internet Activity Recorder Appliance **Reboot**

OK **Cancel**

Figure 3-7 Select Reset Factory Setting

Configure Email Notification

- Step1.** Select **E-Mail Setting** → **Enable Email Alert Notification**.
- Step2.** **Company Name**, enter the name of the company which belong the IAR-5000.
- Step3.** **Device Name**, enter the name of IAR-5000.
- Step4.** **Sender Address**, sending the e-mail address of the sender. (Some of the ISP have request to enter in the sender address column)
- Step5.** **SMTP Server**, enter the IP address of the delivered e-mail in SMTP server.
- Step6.** **E-Mail Address 1**, enter the e-mail address in the first one position to receive the alarm message.
- Step7.** **E-Mail Address 2**, enter the e-mail address in the second position to receive the alarm message.
- Step8.** Click the lower right **OK** to set the function of message alarm. (Figure 3-8)

E-mail Setting

☒ Enable E-mail Alert Notification

Company Name (Max. 32 characters, ex: My Company)

Device Name (Max. 30 characters, ex: Internet Activity Recorder)

Sender Address (Required by some ISPs) (Max. 60 characters, ex: sender@mydomain.com)

SMTP Server (Max. 80 characters, ex: mail.mydomain.com)

E-mail Address 1 (Max. 60 characters, ex: user1@mydomain.com)

E-mail Address 2 (Max. 60 characters, ex: user2@mydomain.com)

☐ Enable SMTP Server Authentication

Username

Password

Mail Test

Figure 3-8 Enable the instant mail message alarm of IAR-5000



Select **Enable SMTP Server Authentication** and enter the username and password, then click **Mail Test** button to test E-Mail address 1 and E-Mail address 2, to see if the e-mail sending address can receive the current caution message.

Reboot

- Step1.** Select **Reboot Internet Recorder Appliance** → **Reboot** button.
- Step2.** It will show "Are you sure to reboot ?"
- Step3.** Click OK to reboot IAR-5000, or click Cancel to cancel reboot IAR-5000. (Figure 3-9)

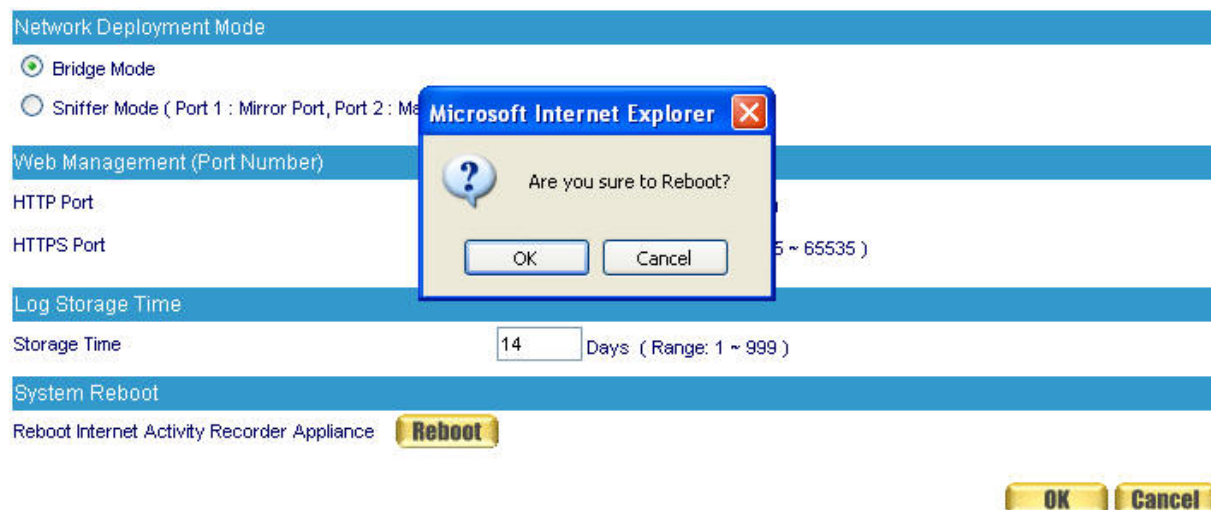


Figure 3-9 Reboot the internet recorder appliance

3.4 Date/Time

- Step1.** Select **Enable Synchronize with an Internet Time Server**. (Figure 3-10)
- Step2.** Click **Set Offset Hours from GMT** pull down menu, and choose the correct time.
- Step3.** Enter the Server IP address into **Server IP/Name**.
- Step4.** Enter the frequency of the updating time in **Update system clock every minute**.

System time : Sat May 5 23:07:04 2007

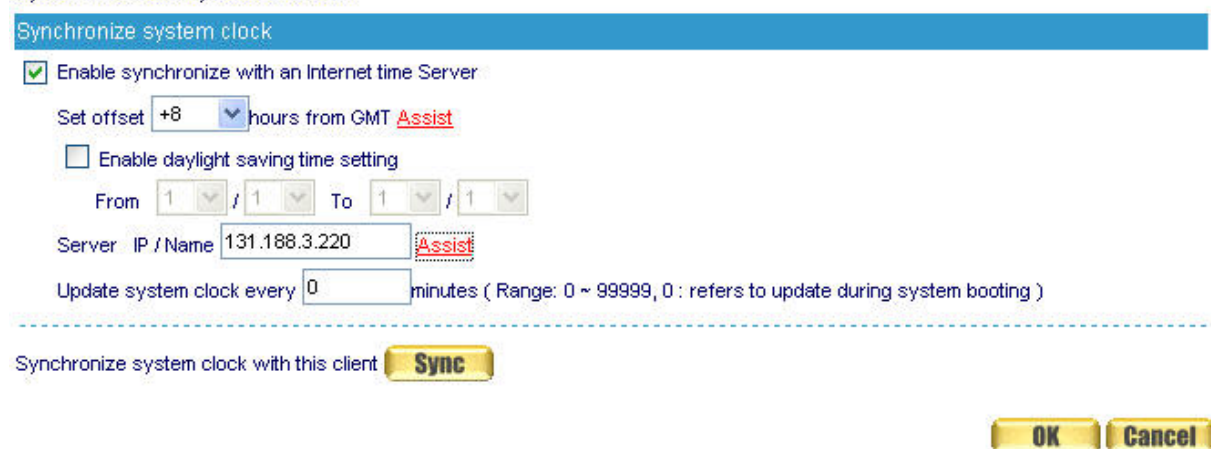


Figure 3-10 System time setting



Select **Synchronize** → **Sync** button, the system time in IAR-5000, will synchronize to the administrator's computer.



The settings of **Set offset hours from GMT** and **Server IP** can be entered with using **Assist**.

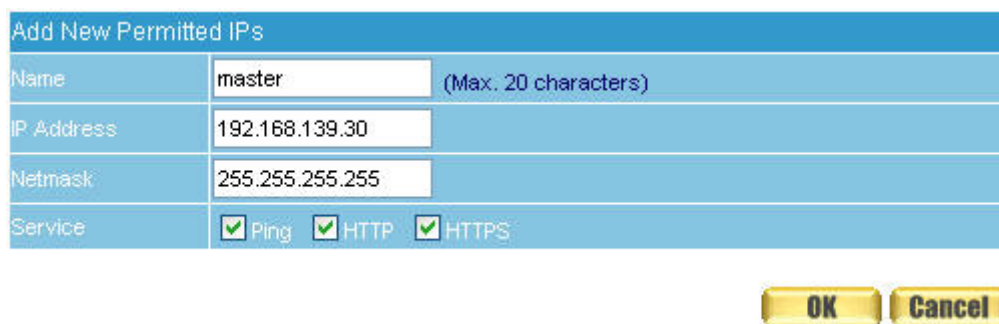


If the local area executes the daylight saving time, then **enable the daylight saving time setting**.

3.5 Permitted IP

Step1. In **System → Permitted IPS → New Entry**, add the new setting: (Figure 3-11)

- **Name** enters master.
- **IP Address** enters 192.168.139.30.
- **Netmask** enters 255.255.255.255.
- **Service** selects Ping, HTTP and HTTPS.
- Click **OK**.
- Complete Permitted IPs settings. (Figure 3-12)



Add New Permitted IPs	
Name	master (Max. 20 characters)
IP Address	192.168.139.30
Netmask	255.255.255.255
Service	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ping <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS

OK **Cancel**

Figure 3-11 The Permitted IPs setting

Name	IP Address / Netmask	Ping	HTTP	HTTPS	Configure
master	192.168.139.30 / 255.255.255.255				Modify Remove

New Entry

Figure 3-12 Complete the Permitted IPs setting



If you want the Permitted IPs to be real working, when it must be connected from the administrator to the interface of IAR-5000 WebUI, but the settings of Ping, HTTP and HTTPS all must be canceled. Before you cancel the interface address of HTTP and HTTPS, you have to set the Permitted IPs first or it will not connect to WebUI through the internet.

3.6 Logout

- Step1.** Click the **Logout** icon in the up right of Web UI, it can let the system administrator to log out from the system admin anytime, and also prevent other person change the settings of IAR-5000. (Figure 3-13)

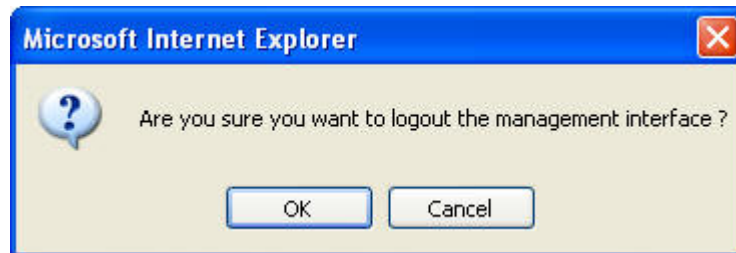


Figure 3-13 Confirm to logout

- Step2.** Click **OK**, it shows the logout information. (Figure 3-14)

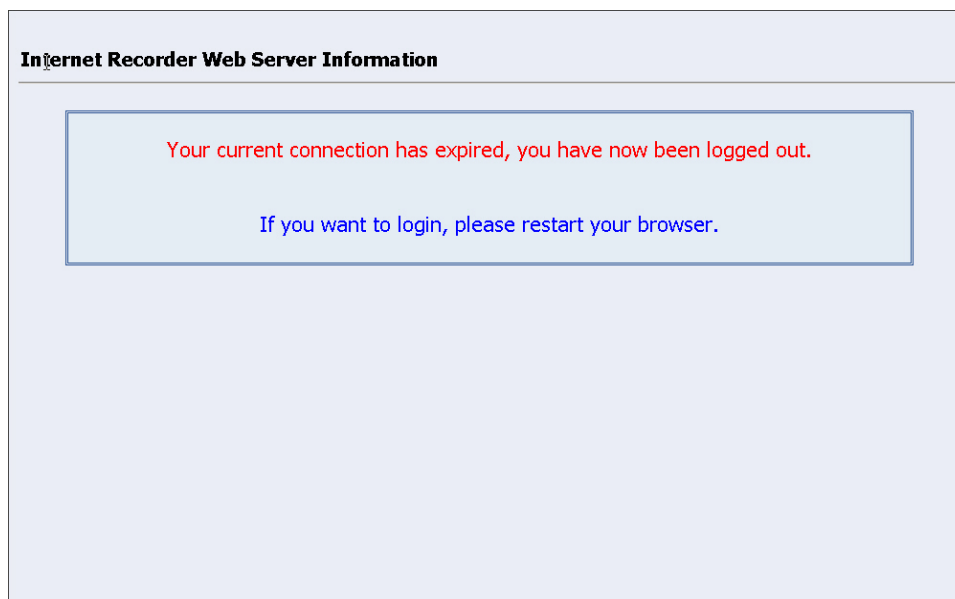


Figure 3-14 The logout WebUI

3.7 Software Update

Step1. In **System → Software Update**, the user can update the firmware step by step:

- In Version Number, we can know the current version of the software. Go on the internet to gain the newest version of the firmware and download into the storage disk in IAR-5000.
- Click Browse → Choose file, select the newest version of the software.
- Click the lower right OK, it will process the update. (Figure 3-15)



Figure 3-15 Software update



It needs 3 minutes to update the software, and will reboot after updated the system. Please do not turn it off, off line and exit the web page during the update, or it will cause the error in IAR-5000. (It is recommended using the LAN to update.)

Chapter 4 User List

This chapter is about the users can be monitored by the IAR-5000. It can automatic search and add the new users, and the system administrator can add the lists by himself.

Setting

User List Configuration :

- Administrator can export the monitor user list and some related settings to the PC or import these settings into IAR-500.

Department / Group :

- The administrator can group the users according to the network structure, so that he can manage the system more easily.

The company can be divided into several departments, and part of the user (department) settled in different subnet.

Step1. In **User List → Setting**, set the following settings :

- To set the **Department / Group** depends on the real network deployment.
- Click **OK** (Figure 4-1)

The screenshot shows the 'User List Configuration' window. It has two main sections. The top section has 'Export User List to Client PC' with a 'Download' button, and 'Import User List from Client PC' with a text input field and a 'Browse...' button. Below this is a label '(ex: user_set.csv)'. The bottom section is titled 'Department / Group (Max. 20 characters)' and contains a grid of 12 input fields, each with a number and a label: 1: Group_1, 2: Group_2, 3: Group_3, 4: Group_4, 5: Group_5, 6: Group_6, 7: Group_7, 8: Group_8, 9: Group_9, 10: Group_10, 11: Group_11, 12: Group_12. At the bottom right are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 4-1 Set the user list

Step2. In **User List → Logged**, add the new user.

- Click of 192.168.1.0 subnet and the IAR-5000 will search the new user in the subnet. (Figure 4-2)
- Wait 1~2 minutes until search complete. (Figure 4-3)
- If system administrator wants to search users in specific subnet, set the **search IP range** and click **search**.
- Select the new user to add, click **New User**. (Figure 4-4, 4-5)

The screenshot shows the 'User List Logged' window. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Subnet' (selected) and 'Department / Group'. Below the tabs are two rows of settings. The first row is 'Subnet Setting' with an 'Add' button. The second row is 'User Setting' with 'Remove' (checked), 'Ignore', and 'Change Department / Group' buttons. Below these are four rows of subnet information, each with a subnet address, selection links, and action buttons. The first row is 'Subnet: 192.168.1.0' with 'Modify Subnet' and 'Remove Subnet' buttons. The second row is 'Subnet: 172.16.0.0' with 'Select All', 'Select None', 'Search New User' (highlighted with a mouse cursor), and 'Remove Subnet' buttons. The third row is 'Subnet: 192.168.139.0' with 'Select All', 'Select None', 'Modify Subnet', and 'Remove Subnet' buttons. The fourth row is 'Subnet: 192.168.222.208' with 'Select All', 'Select None', 'Modify Subnet', and 'Remove Subnet' buttons. The top right corner shows '1 / 1'.

Figure 4-2 Click search new user button

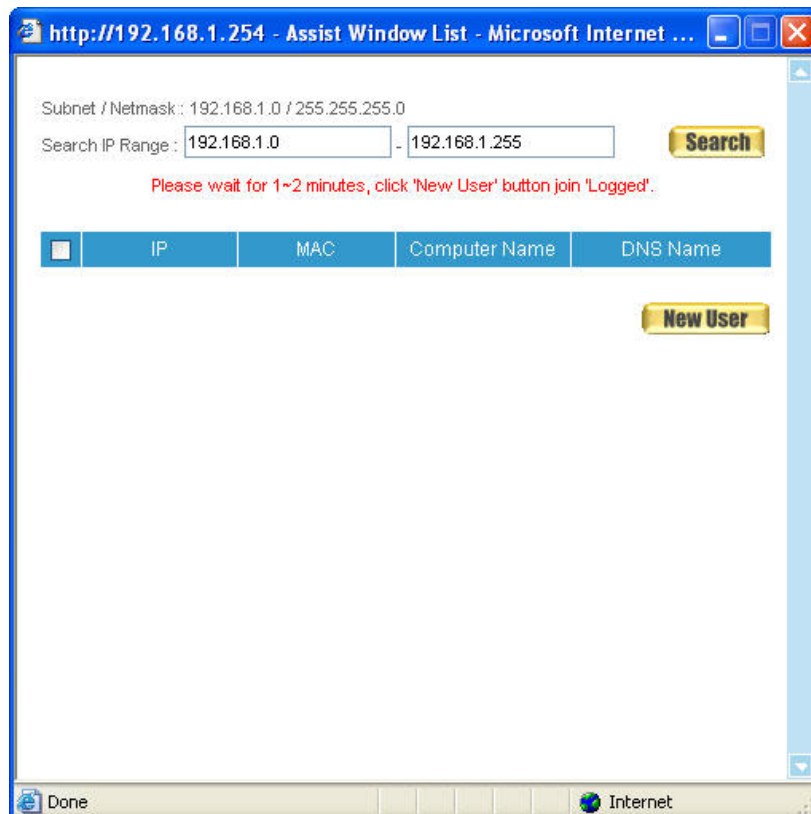


Figure 4-3 Starting to search new user

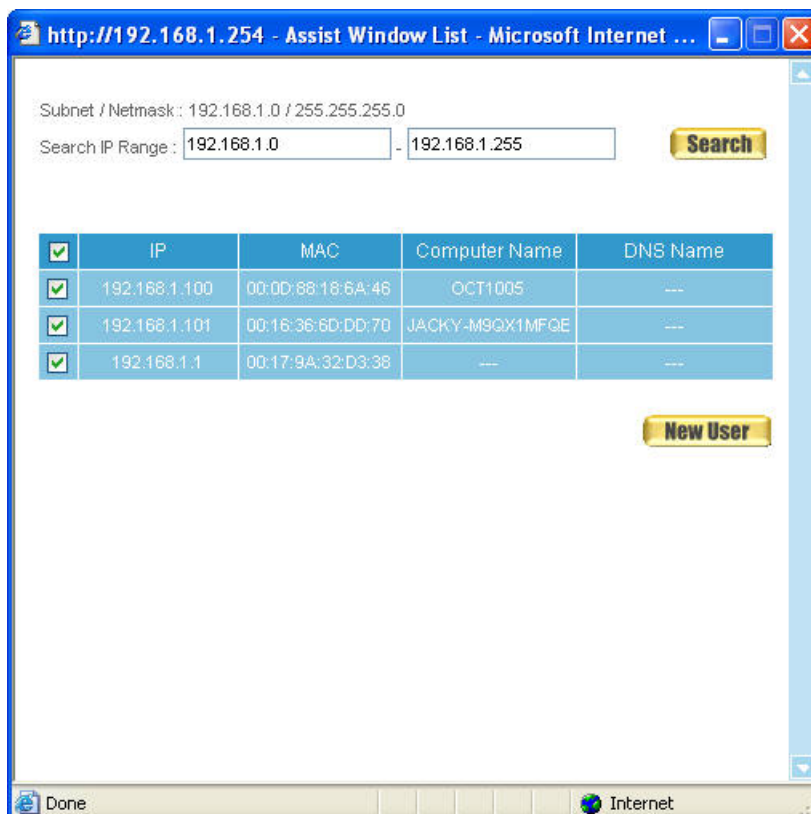


Figure 4-4 Select the new user to add

Select Subnet or Department/Group : Subnet Department / Group

Subnet Setting : **Add**

User Setting : **Remove** ☒ **Ignore** **Change Department / Group**

1 / 1

Subnet : 192.168.1.0	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
<input type="checkbox"/> 192.168.1.1	<input type="checkbox"/> Jacky	<input type="checkbox"/> JACKY-M9QX1MFQ...	<input type="checkbox"/> OCT1005		
Subnet : 172.16.0.0	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
Subnet : 192.168.139.0	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
Subnet : 192.168.222.208	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet

1 / 1

Figure 4-5 Complete to add the new user



After finished the setting of **System → Interface IP**, system will set the subnet to be the **first user group** in **logged user list**, which the interface correspond to.



The IAR-5000 can automatically add the user who has ever used the internet in **logged user list**.



In **System → Interface IP**, if the DNS server set to be the company's internal DNS server, then the IAR-5000 will also look up the user DNS name correspond to the internal DNS server when searching the user list.



When the searched PC has been set the PC or DNS name, then IAR-5000 will use them to apply to user name. The user name priorities are: **PC name → DNS name → IP or MAC** (It depends on the setting of **Record → Setting → User Name binds to IP or MAC address**).

Step3. Modify the user in user list :

- Click User Name of JACKY-M9QX1MFQE
- User Name, enter Jacky_NB.
- Department / Group, select Laboratory.
- Click **OK**. (Figure 4-6, 4-7, 4-8)
- Click **User Name** of OCT1005.
- **User Name**, enter Gateway.
- **Department / Group**, select Device_Room.
- Select **move this user to ignored user list**.
- Click **OK**, then the user will be removed to ignore user list. (Figure 4-9, 4-10, 4-11)
- Repeat the steps to complete modifying the user list. (Figure 4-12)

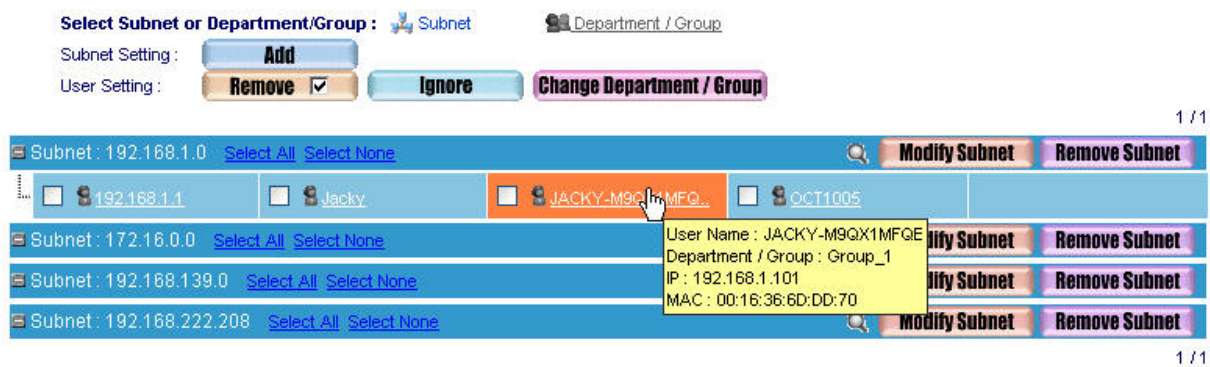


Figure 4-6 Select the user to modify

Modify User Name

User Name	Jacky_NB (Max. 17 characters)
Department / Group	Product
Computer Name	JACKY-M9QX1MFQE
DNS Name	---
IP	192.168.1.101
MAC	00:16:36:6D:DD:70

☐ Move this user to Ignored User List

[OK](#) [Cancel](#)

Figure 4-7 Enter the user information to modify

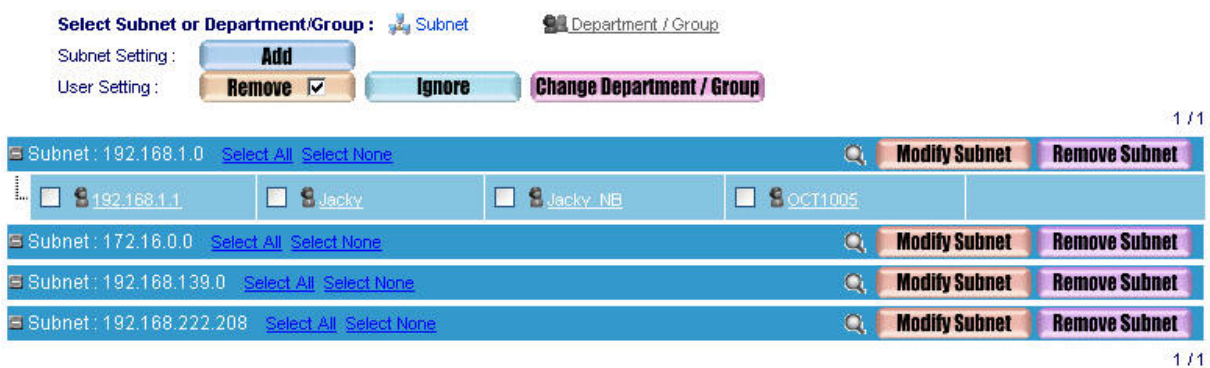


Figure 4-8 Complete to modify the user information

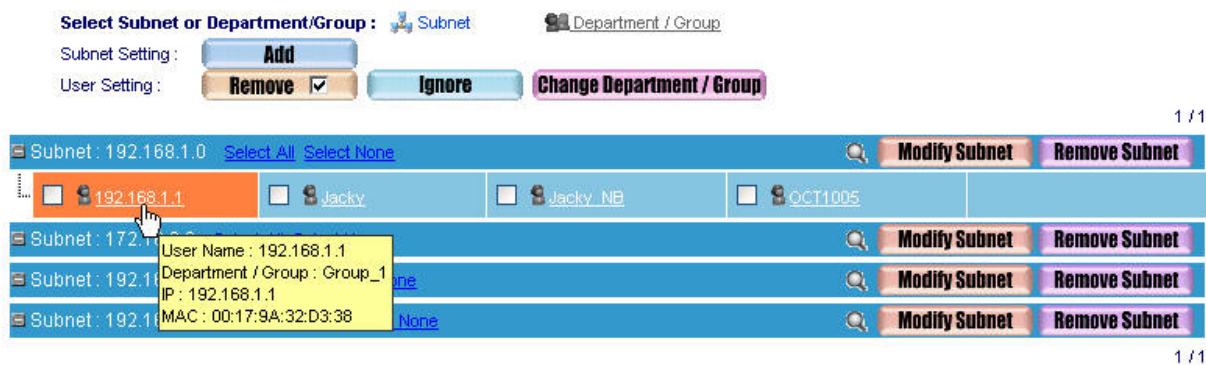


Figure 4-9 Select the user to modify

Modify User Name

User Name	<input type="text" value="Gateway"/> (Max. 17 characters)
Department / Group	Device_Room
Computer Name	---
DNS Name	---
IP	192.168.1.1
MAC	00:17:9A:32:D3:38
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Move this user to Ignored User List	

[OK](#) [Cancel](#)

Figure 4-10 Enter the user information to modify

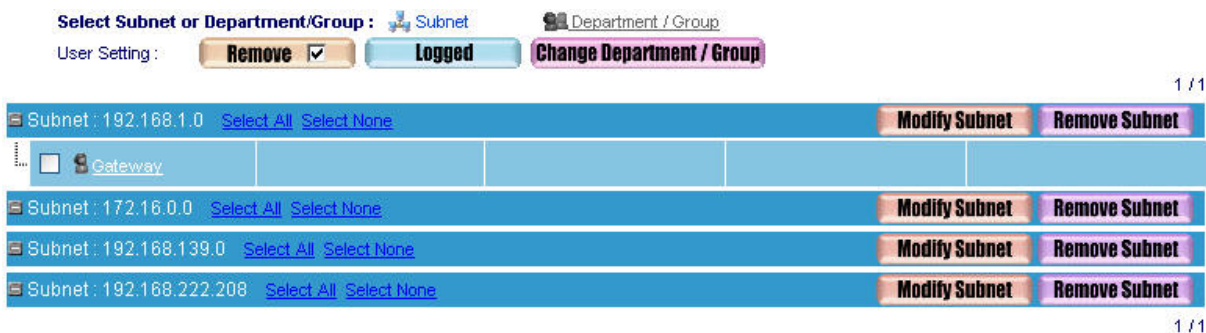


Figure 4-11 Move the user to ignored user list

Select Subnet or Department/Group : Subnet Department / Group

Subnet Setting : **Add**

User Setting : **Remove** ☒ **Ignore** **Change Department / Group**

1 / 1

Subnet : 192.168.1.0	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
<input type="checkbox"/> Jacky	<input type="checkbox"/> Jacky_NB	<input type="checkbox"/> OCT1005			
Subnet : 172.16.0.0	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
Subnet : 192.168.139.0	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet
Subnet : 192.168.222.208	Select All	Select None		Modify Subnet	Remove Subnet

1 / 1

Figure 4-12 Complete to modify the user list



In **Ignored user list**, the system administrator can also select the user to move to **logged user list**.

Step4. In **User List → Logged**, add the new subnet:

- Click **Add**.
- **Subnet**, enter 192.168.139.1.
- **Netmask**, enter 255.255.255.0.
- **Add a New user to this Department / Group**, select R.D.
- Click **OK**. (Figure 4-13)

Add User Subnet / Netmask

Subnet	192.168.139.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Add a New user to this Department / Group	RD

OK **Cancel**

Figure 4-13 Add a new subnet



The **Department / Group** that selected by system administrator, which will become the default **Department / Group** in this subnet.

Step5. Repeat **Step 2** to **Step 4** until finish to set the user list.

Change the user list by import the user list configuration (excel list)

Step1. In **User List → Setting → User List Configuration → Export User List to Client PC →** click **Download**.

Step2. When it appears **File Download**, click **Save**, choose the position to save the download file, then click **Save** again. The user list settings will be saved in IAR-5000. (Figure 4-14)

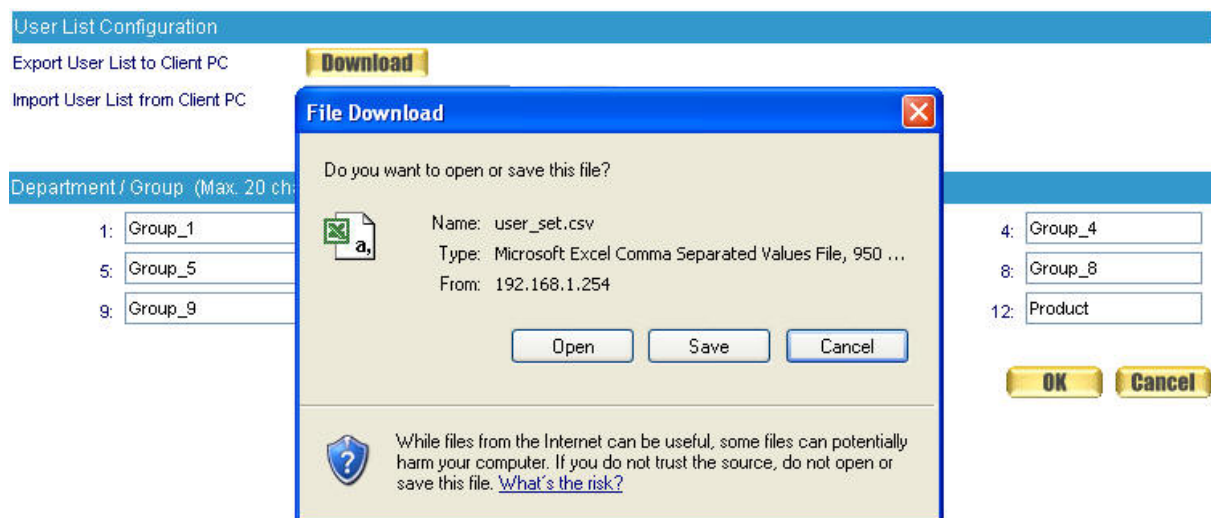


Figure 4-14 Select the position to save the download file

Step3. Use excel to open the user list configuration settings (user_set.csv), and enter the settings to modify.

The way to use the user list : (the contents of user_set.csv)

#####					
#Format:					
# ~1	Group_1				
⋮					
#####					
Department / Group :					
~1	Internal_Sales				
~2	Sales				
⋮					
User List :					
192.168.139.0	255.255.255.0	1			
192.168.139.30	Mail_Server	*	0	00:0C:76:B7:96:3B	11
192.168.139.216	Jacky	Product	3	00:12:0E:2E:CF:DA	10
172.19.0.0	255.255.0.0	9			
172.19.100.10	Hanson	Product	3	00:E0:18:25:F4:BC	9
172.19.100.11	Hans	*	3	00:02:44:8E:B7:C7	9
⋮					

How to use the User List?

The name of Department / Group

The setting of Department / Group :

The User List can set 36 Department / Group

The first subnet

The first range of the subnet

The first default subnet Group

The first subnet information

PC Name

User Name

User's IP

User's Department/Group

User's MAC

The User's first subnet information

Logged / Ignored Name List

User List

Step4. Change the information of **Department / Group**. (Figure 4-15)

- Change the **8th Department / Group** information, and the original **Customer_Service** will change into **Support**.
- Add the **12th Department /Group** information, and change **Group_12** into **R.D._2**.

2	Department / Group :		2	Department / Group :	
3	~1	Internal_Sales	3	~1	Internal_Sales
4	~2	Asian_Sales	4	~2	Asian_Sales
5	~3	European_Sales	5	~3	European_Sales
6	~4	American_Sales	6	~4	American_Sales
7	~5	Bursary	7	~5	Bursary
8	~6	Human_Resouces	8	~6	Human_Resouces
9	~7	Marketing	9	~7	Marketing
10	~8	Customer_Service	10	~8	Support
11	~9	R.D.	11	~9	R.D.
12	~10	Laboratory	12	~10	Laboratory
13	~11	Device_Room	13	~11	Device_Room
14	~12	Group_12	14	~12	R.D._2
15	~13	Group_13	15	~13	Group_13

Figure4 -15 Change the Department / Group information from excel

Step5. To add and modify the user information in the first subnet. (Figure 4-16)

- Change **192.168.1.2 (Jacky) Department / Group** information, and change the **1th Department / Group** into **9th Department / Group**.
- Insert a row under the user list in the first subnet, and enter the new user information in the row. (User IP , User Name, PC Name, Logged / Ignored User List, User MAC, User Department / Group)

User List :						User List :					
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	1				192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	1			
192.168.1.2	Jacky	WRITTER	3	00:D0:59:8C:00:00	1 *	192.168.1.2	Jacky	WRITTER	3	00:D0:59:8C:00:00	9 *
192.168.1.100	*	OCT1005	3	00:0D:88:11:11:11	1 *	192.168.1.100	*	OCT1005	3	00:0D:88:11:11:11	1 *
192.168.1.101	Jacky_NB	JACKY-M	3	00:16:36:01:00:00	12 *	192.168.1.101	Jacky_NB	JACKY-M	3	00:16:36:01:00:00	12 *
192.168.1.1	Gateway	---	1	00:17:9A:00:00:00	11 *	192.168.1.1	Gateway	---	1	00:17:9A:00:00:00	11 *
						192.168.1.10	John	PM	6	00:15:5A:00:00:00	6 *

Figure 4-16 To add or modify the user's first subnet information from the excel



In the Logged / Ignored user information, the "0" number represents **Ignored**, the "3" number represents **Logged**.



The "*" symbol represents no information in the excel tablet.

Step6. Add the third subnet and user's information. (Figure 4-17)

- Please enter the third subnet basic information under the second subnet user list .
(the range of IP, Netmask, and Default Group) .
- Please enter the basic user information under the third subnet. (User IP, User Name, PC Name, Logged / Ignored List, User MAC, User Department / Group) .

192.168.1.1	Gateway	---	1	00:17:9A:3	11
192.168.1.1	John	PM	6	00:15:5A:3	6
172.16.0.0	255.255.255.0	1			
172.16.0.1	James	*	3	00:18:66:4	7
172.16.0.2	Josh	*	3	00:011:82:	7
172.16.0.3	Marc	Product	3	00:10:72:1	7

Figure 4-17 Add the user's information in the third subnet by excel



There must be one blank row to divide the user list in two subnets.

Step7. Save File (user_set.csv)

Step8. In **User List** → **Setting**, Click **User List Configuration** → **Import User List from Client PC** → **Browse**.

Step9. In the **Choose File** window, select the modified user list setting, then Click **Open**.

Step10. Click the lower right **OK**, the user list setting files will import into IAR-5000.

Chapter 5 IM Management

IM Management included 3 main parts:

Configure (Login Notice) :

MIS engineer can customize the contents of IM login notice and IAR-5000 can also send the IM login notice to user while he / she use the IM software.

Authentication :

MIS engineer can request user to pass the IM authentication first or IAR-5000 will block the user's IM connection.

Rule :


Default Rule: Can set the default rule of MSN, Yahoo, ICQ and QQ.

Account Rule: Can set different rules for every IM account.

5.1 Configure

MIS engineer can customize the contents of IM login notice and IAR-5000 can also send the IM login notice to user while he / she use the IM software.

- Step1.** Select which IM notification to be enabled
- Step2.** In **sender column**, enter the sender name.
- Step3.** Fill in the notice content and click **OK**. (Figure 5-1)



The dialog box is titled "IM Alert Notification Setting". It contains four checked checkboxes for enabling notifications: "Enable NetBIOS Alert Notification", "Enable MSN Alert Notification (Bridge Mode Only)", "Enable ICQ Alert Notification (Bridge Mode Only)", and "Enable Yahoo Alert Notification (Bridge Mode Only)". To the right of the first checkbox is a text field labeled "Test IP of NetBIOS Alert Notification:" and a yellow "Msg. Test" button. Below these is a "Sender:" label followed by a text field containing "Internet Activity Recorder" and a note "(Max. 40 characters, ex: Administer)". Underneath is a "Content: (Max. 1024 characters)" label followed by a large text area. The text area contains the following text: "Notice:" followed by a blank line, then "All instant message will be logged by the Internet Activity Recorder and are subject to archival monitoring or disclosure to someone other than the recipient." At the bottom right are yellow "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

Figure 5-1 IM login notice setting

■ NetBIOS Alert Notification :

IAR-5000 will notice user by NetBIOS notification about he processed the IM messages or activities after login to IM software.

■ MSN Alert Notification :

IAR-5000 will notice user by msn notification about he processed MSN messages or activities after login to MSN. (**Only available in bridge mode**)

■ **ICQ Alert Notification :**

IAR-5000 will notice the user by ICQ notification about he processed ICQ messages or activities after login to ICQ. (**Only available in bridge mode**)

■ **Yahoo Alert Notification :**

IAR-5000 will notice the user by Yahoo notification about he processed Yahoo messengers or activities after login to Yahoo messenger. (**Only available in bridge mode**)

5.2 Authentication

MIS engineer can request user to pass the IM authentication first or IAR-5000 will block the user's IM connection. And the user does not need to do any authentication once he/she had passed the IM authentication.

Authentication Messages

- MIS engineer can customize the authentication messages. (Figure 5-2) And user will see the authentication messages while he/she login the authentication screen. (Figure 5-3)

User

- It's the built-in mechanism of user authentication.

RADIUS, Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service

- It's kind of remote authentication service of dial-in user.

POP3, Post Office Protocol

- It's the protocol used for receiving e-mails.

LDAP, Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

- It's a kind of directory access Protocol which combined the authentication mechanism of SMTP, POP3, FTP, HTTP and RADIUS etc.

Shared Secret

- The needed authentication password which is used for IAR-5000 and RADIUS server to process the authentication.

802.1x RADIUS

- 802.1 x RADIUS is used for IAR-5000 to do the authentication process to RADIUS server which contained the wireless network mechanism.

Search Distinguished Name

- It's the identified name of LDAP server.

LDAP Filter

- MIS engineer can assign the specific account of LDAP server.

User Distinguished Name

- It's the needed account used for IAR-5000 to process the authentication to LDAP server.

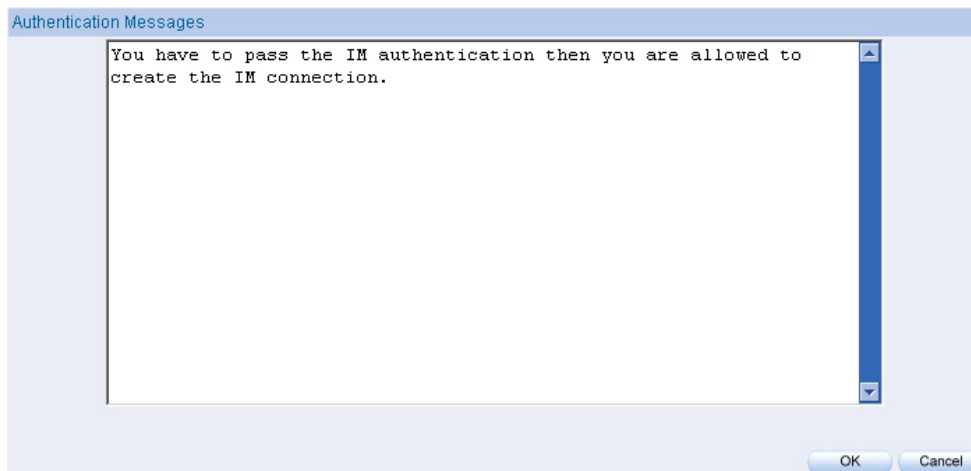


Figure 5-2 Authentication message setting

A screenshot of a Windows-style dialog box titled "Authentication". The dialog has a light blue border. Inside, there are two input fields: "Name" and "Password", each followed by the text "(Max. 128 characters)". Below these fields is a text area containing the message: "You have to pass the IM authentication then you are allowed to create the IM connection." Underneath this is a section titled "IM Protocol" in a blue header. Below this header are four sub-sections, each with an icon and a label: "MSN" (with a blue globe icon), "Yahoo" (with a yellow smiley face icon), "QQ" (with a penguin icon), and "ICQ" (with a green star icon). Each sub-section has one or more input fields: MSN has an "Account" field; Yahoo has an "Account" field; QQ has "Account", "Password", and "Confirm Password" fields; and ICQ has an "Account" field. All input fields are followed by the text "(Max. 128 characters)". At the bottom right of the dialog, there are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

Figure 5-3 User login authentication

How To Use

- The Authentication function is only available in Bridge mode. If MIS engineer use Sniffer mode to deploy IAR-5000, then appliance can not block the IM connection and MIS engineer also can not manage the internal user to use IM software. In other words, IAR-5000 can only record the user's IM conversation contents while using Sniffer mode.
- If user's IM account passed the authentication, then there is no more action of IM authentication.
- The Authentication function must apply to Rule function. For example, if MIS engineer want to make rule setting of MSN.
 - ◆ MIS engineer select **Rule → MSN → Accept; Always**. It means user can use MSN without passing authentication.
 - ◆ MIS engineer select **Rule → MSN → Authentication passed**. That means the user's MSN account need to passed authentication or it will be dropped. (Figure 5-4)



Figure 5-4 User can not login MSN

- MIS engineer can set one authentication account instead of group of IM accounts to process the IM authentication.
- IAR-5000 provides four built-in authentication mode and also support to RADIUS, POP3 and LDAP server authentication.
- How to log in authentication interface?
 - ◆ Open the browser, and then type "http://IAR-5000 interface/auth". For example,
http://192.168.1.1/auth

Internal user must pass the IM authentication then he/she is allowed to create MSN connection. (Use the built-in user authentication)


Step1. Add authentication user in **Authentication → User**. (Figure 5-5)

Authentication-User Name	Configure	
joy	Modify	Remove
john	Modify	Remove
jack	Modify	Remove
New Entry		

Figure 5-5 Set the authentication user

Step2. Select **IM Management → Rule → Default Rule → Accept : Authentication passed and MSN Message not encrypted**. (Figure 5-6). Click OK.

Default Setting of IM Rule (Bridge Mode Only)

 MSN

☐ **Accept** : MSN Message not encrypted
Drop : MSN Message encrypted

☒ **Accept** : Authentication passed and MSN Message not encrypted
Drop : Authentication failed or MSN Message encrypted

☐ **Accept** : Authentication passed
Drop : Authentication failed

☐ **Accept** : Always
☐ **Drop** : Always

Figure 5-6 Default IM rule setting

Step3. If the internal user wants to use MSN, then he/she must apply the use privilege of MSN from IM authentication management interface. The management interface is :

"http:// IAR-5000 interface/auth", default setting is http://192.168.1.1/auth :

- ◆ Enter the Name and Password.
- ◆ Enter the MSN account. (Figure 5-7)
- ◆ Click OK. (Figure 5-8)

The screenshot displays a web-based interface for IM authentication management. At the top, there is a section titled "Authentication" with a light blue header. Below this header, there are two input fields: "Name" with the value "eric" and "Password" with the value "****". Both fields have a "(Max. 128 characters)" label to their right. Below these fields, a message states: "You have to pass the IM authentication then you are allowed to create the IM connection." Below this message is another section titled "IM Protocol" with a light blue header. Under this header, there are four sections for different IM protocols: MSN, Yahoo, QQ, and ICQ. Each section has an icon and a label. The MSN section has an "Account" field with the value "ericflydog@hotmail.com" and a "(Max. 128 characters)" label. The Yahoo section has an "Account" field and a "(Max. 128 characters)" label. The QQ section has "Account", "Password", and "Confirm Password" fields, each with a "(Max. 128 characters)" label. The ICQ section has an "Account" field and a "(Max. 128 characters)" label. At the bottom right of the interface, there are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

Figure 5-7 Authentication setting

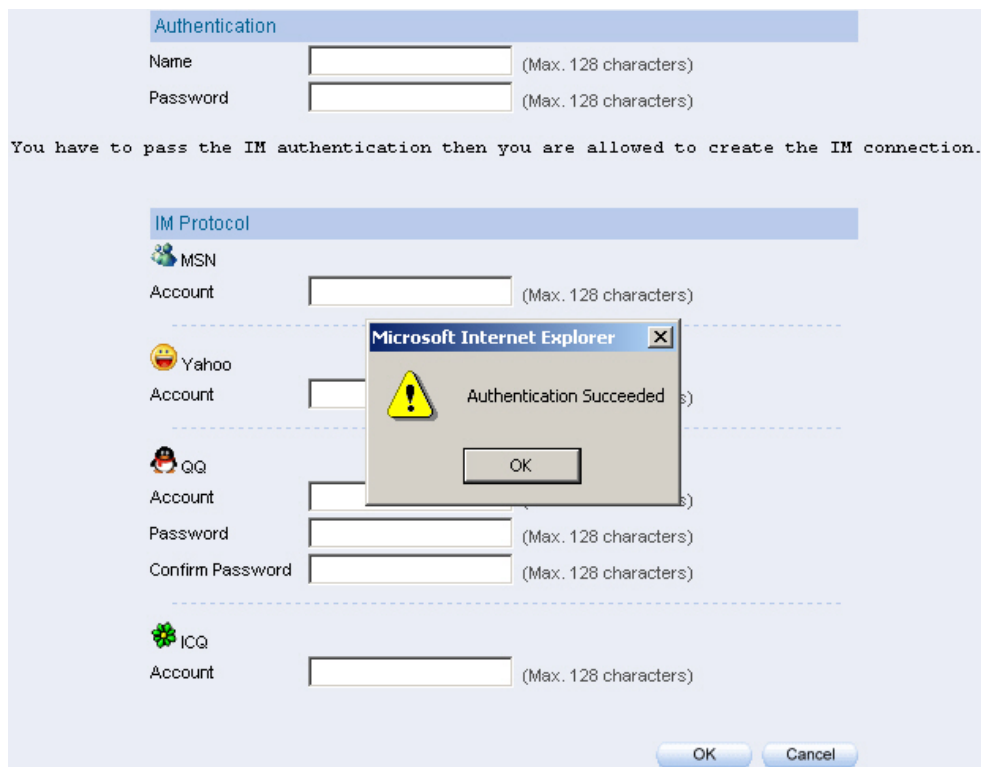


Figure 5-8 Authentication success

Step4. User can use the authenticated MSN account and there is no more authentications to process in the future.

Internal user must pass the IM authentication then he/she is allowed to create Yahoo connection. Use external RADIUS Server authentication. (Windows 2003 built-in authentication)

Deployment of Windows 2003 RADIUS Server

- Step1.** Click **Start** → **Control Panel** → **Add / Remove Programs**, select **Add / Remove Windows Components**, then it shows the **Windows Components Wizard**.
- Step2.** Select **Networking Services**, then click **Details**. (Figure 5-9)

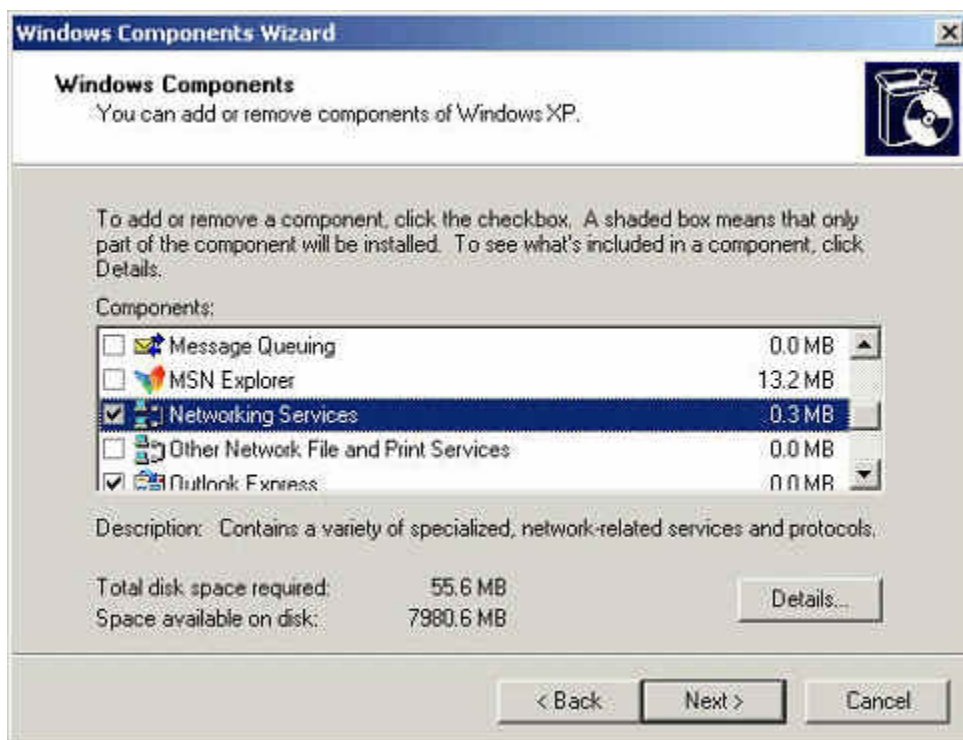


Figure 5-9 Windows components wizard

Step3. Select **Internet Authentication Service**. (Figure 5-10)

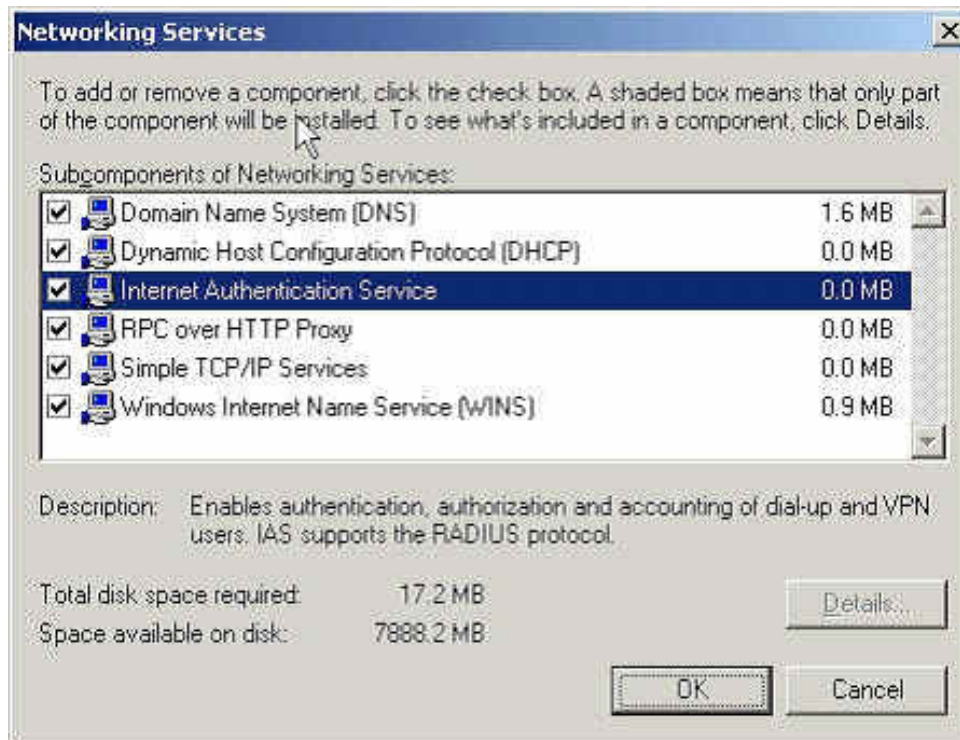


Figure 5-10 Add new network authentication service components

Step4. Click **Start** → **Control Panel** → **Administrative Tools**, select **Network Authentication Service**. (Figure 5-1)

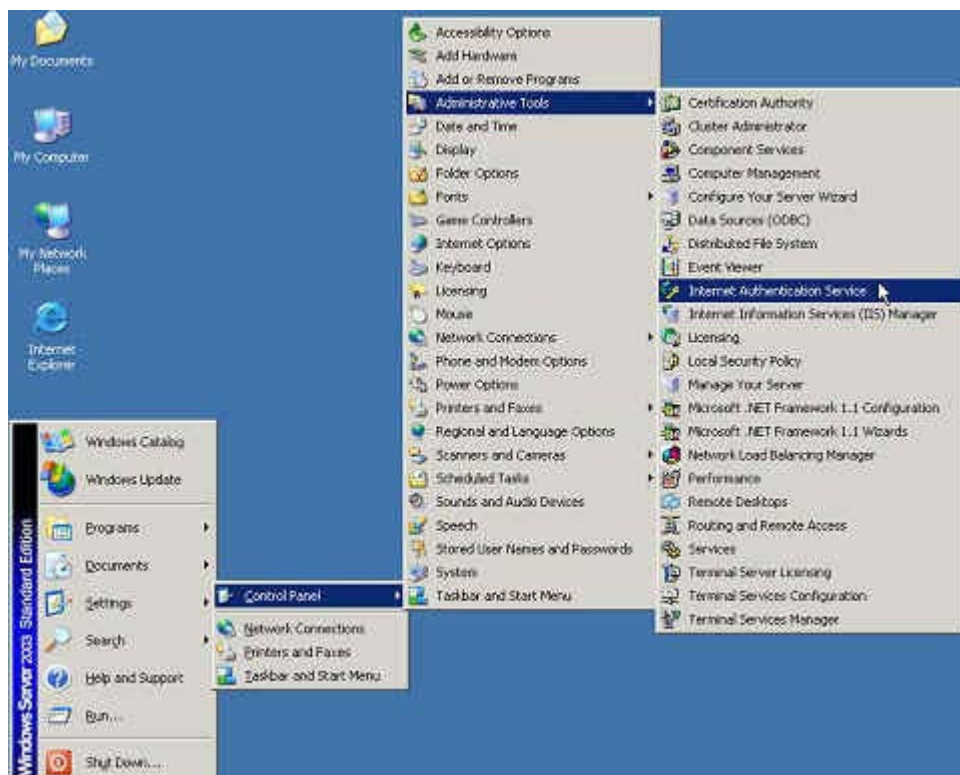


Figure 5-11 Select network authentication service

Step5. Right click **RADIUS Clients** → **New RADIUS Client**. (Figure 5-12)

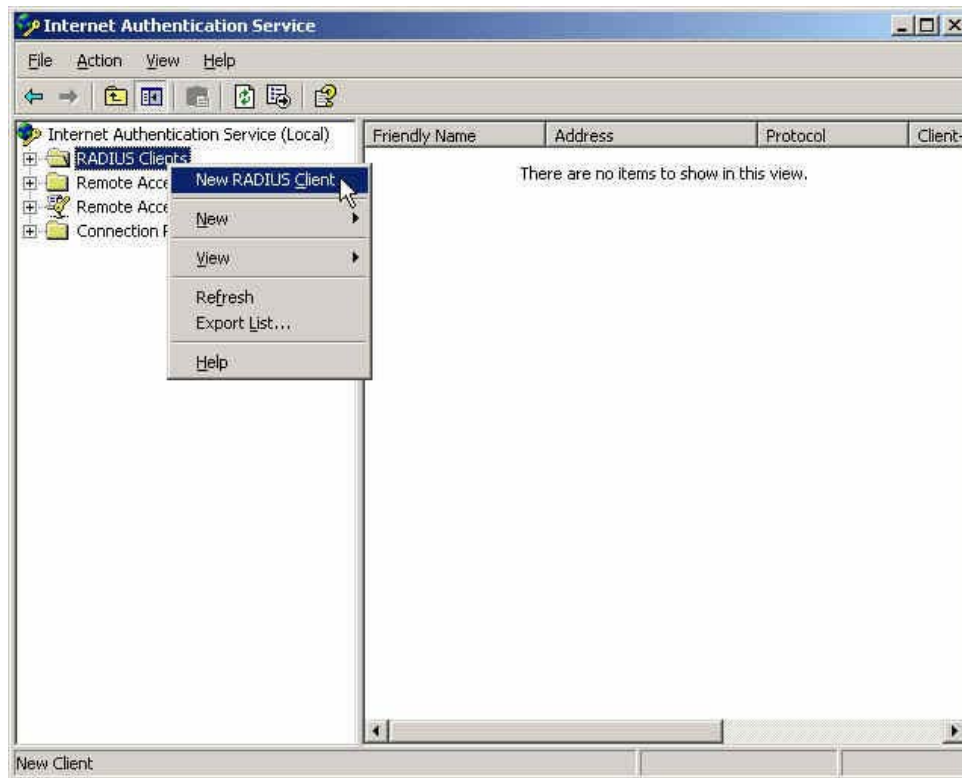



Figure 5-12 Add new RADIUS client

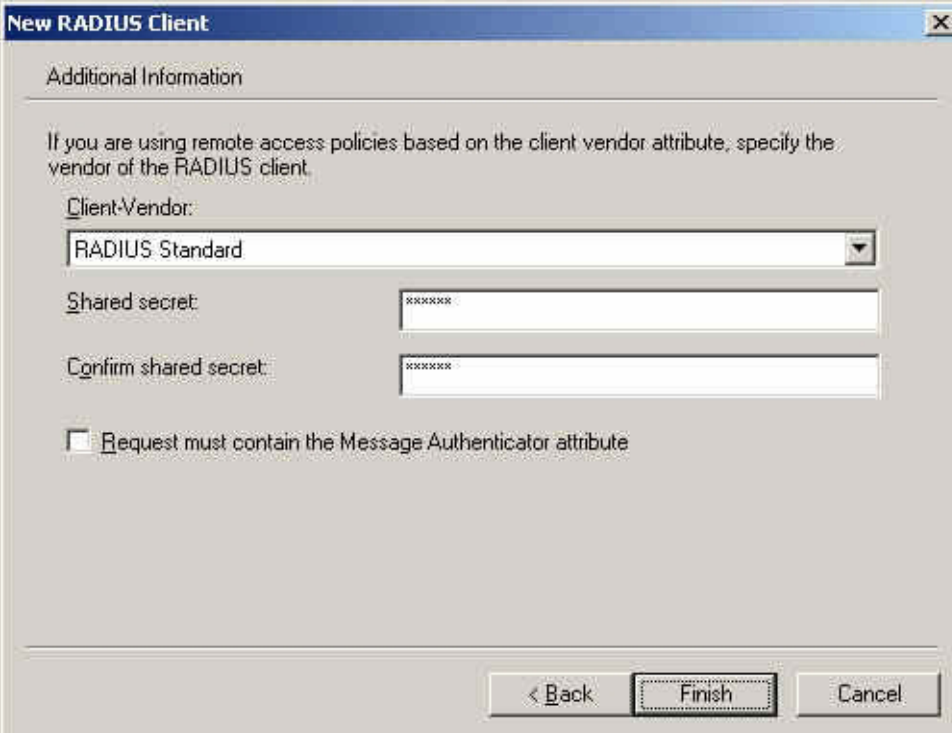
Step6. Enter the **Name and Client Address** (It is the same as IAR-5000 IP Address).
(Figure 5-13)



The image shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "New RADIUS Client". It has a blue title bar with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main area is light gray. At the top, there is a section header "Name and Address:" followed by a horizontal line. Below this, a text label says "Type a friendly name and either an IP Address or DNS name for the client." There are two text input fields. The first is labeled "Friendly name:" and contains the text "254". The second is labeled "Client address (IP or DNS):" and contains the text "172.19.1.254". To the right of the second input field is a button labeled "Verify...". At the bottom of the dialog, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >", and "Cancel". The "Next >" button is highlighted with a dashed border.

Figure 5-13 Add New RADIUS client name and IP address setting

Step7. Select **RADIUS Standard**, enter the Shared secret and Confirm Shared secret. (It must be the same setting as RADIUS in IAR-5000). (Figure 5-14)



The image shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "New RADIUS Client". It has a blue title bar with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main area is titled "Additional Information" and contains the following text: "If you are using remote access policies based on the client vendor attribute, specify the vendor of the RADIUS client." Below this text is a "Client-Vendor:" label followed by a dropdown menu currently showing "RADIUS Standard". Underneath the dropdown are two text input fields: "Shared secret:" and "Confirm shared secret:", both containing masked text (X's). At the bottom of the main area is a checkbox labeled "Request must contain the Message Authenticator attribute", which is currently unchecked. At the very bottom of the dialog are three buttons: "< Back", "Finish", and "Cancel". The "Finish" button is highlighted with a dashed border.

Figure 5-14 Add new RADIUS client-vendor and shared secret

Step8. Right click on **Remote Access Policies**→ **New Remote Access Policy** (Figure 5-15)

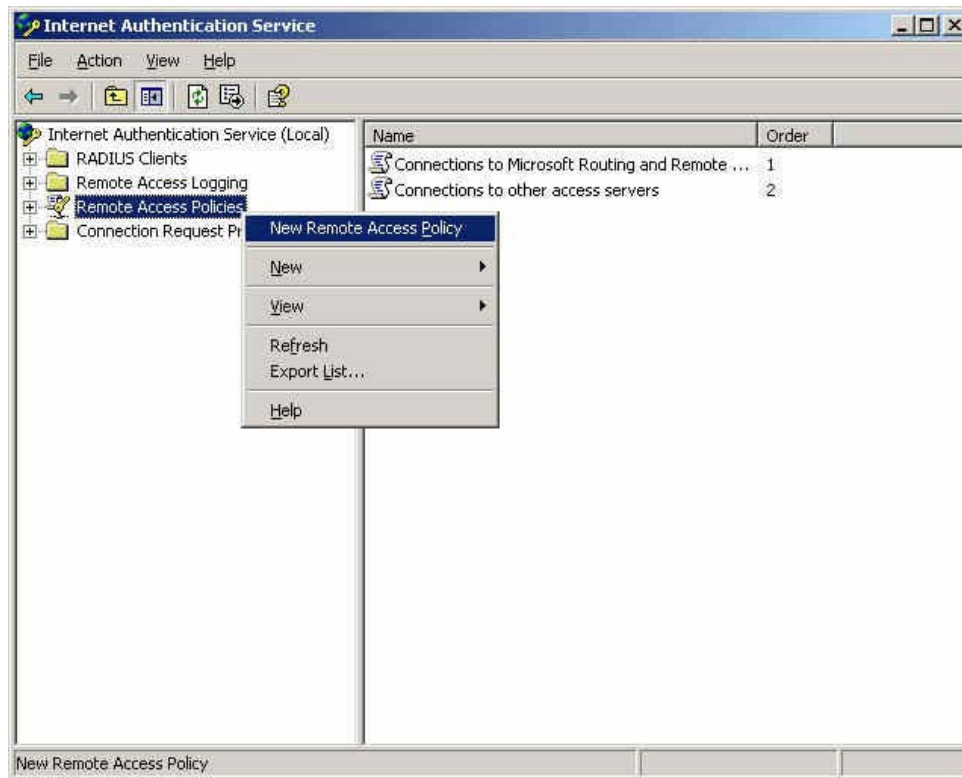
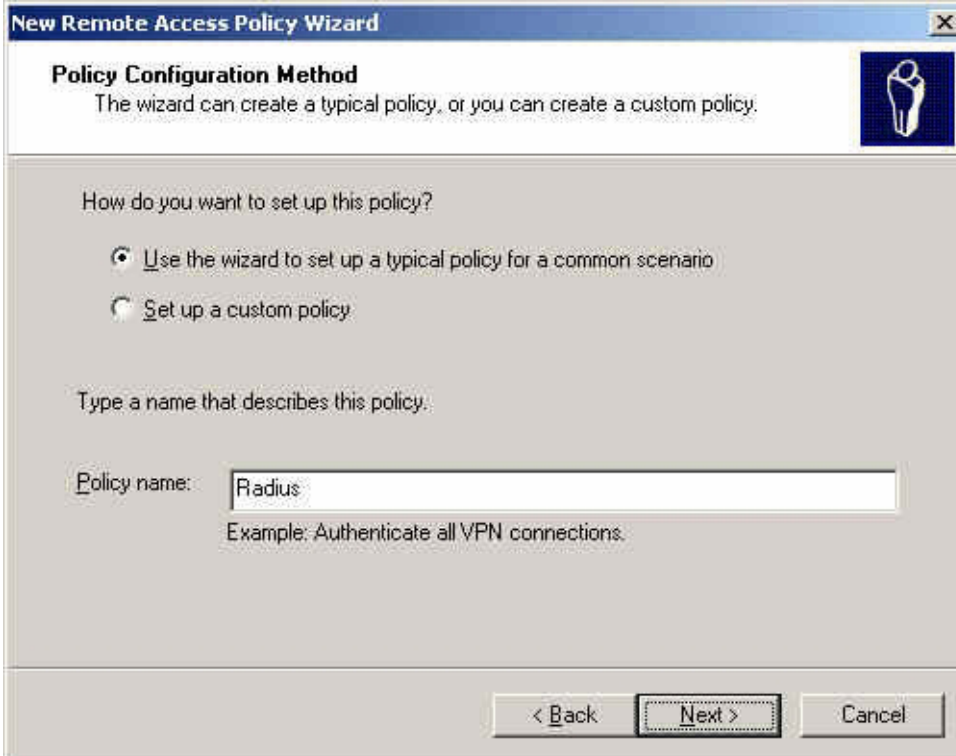


Figure 5-15 Add new remote access policies

Step9. Select **Use the wizard to set up a typical policy for a common scenario**, and enter the **Policy name**. (Figure 5-16)



The image shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "New Remote Access Policy Wizard". It has a blue header bar with the title and a close button. Below the header, there's a section titled "Policy Configuration Method" with a small icon of a person. The text says "The wizard can create a typical policy, or you can create a custom policy." Below this, there's a question "How do you want to set up this policy?" with two radio button options: "Use the wizard to set up a typical policy for a common scenario" (which is selected) and "Set up a custom policy". Below the options, there's a text prompt "Type a name that describes this policy." followed by a text input field labeled "Policy name:" containing the word "Radius". Below the input field, there's an example text "Example: Authenticate all VPN connections." At the bottom of the dialog, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), and "Cancel".

New Remote Access Policy Wizard

Policy Configuration Method
The wizard can create a typical policy, or you can create a custom policy.

How do you want to set up this policy?

☒ Use the wizard to set up a typical policy for a common scenario

☐ Set up a custom policy

Type a name that describes this policy.

Policy name:

Example: Authenticate all VPN connections.

< Back Next > Cancel

Figure 5-16 Add new remote access policies and policy name

Step10. Select **Ethernet**. (Figure 5-17)

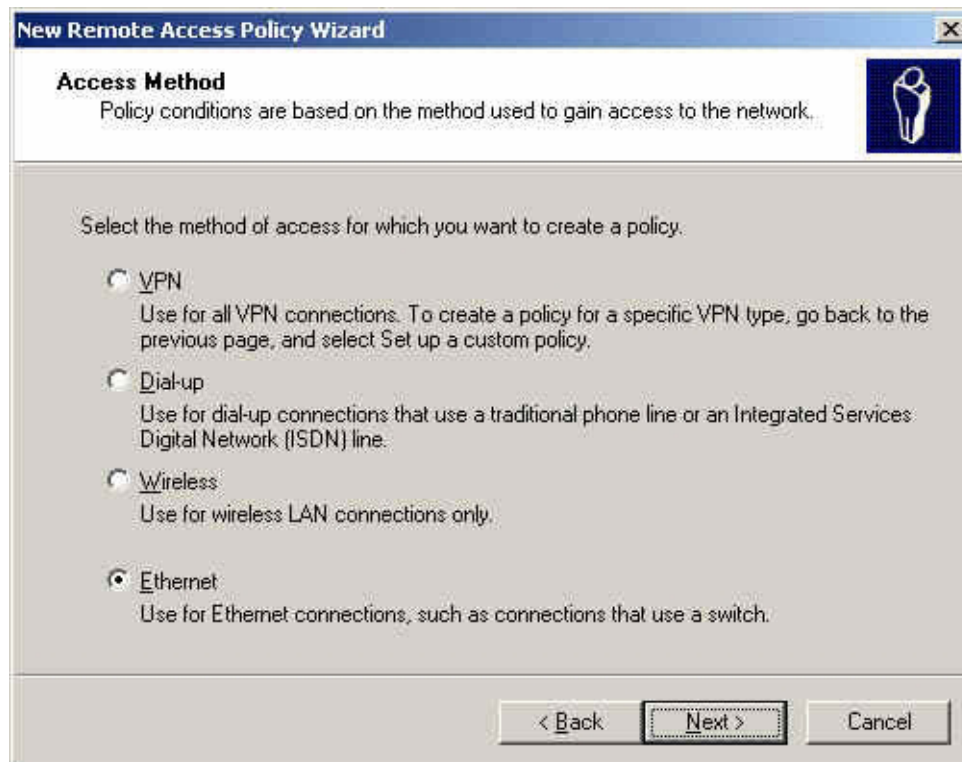


Figure 5-17 The way to add new remote access policy

Step11. Select **User**. (Figure 5-18)



Figure 5-18 Add new remote access policy user and group

Step12. Select **MD5-Challenge**. (Figure 5-19)

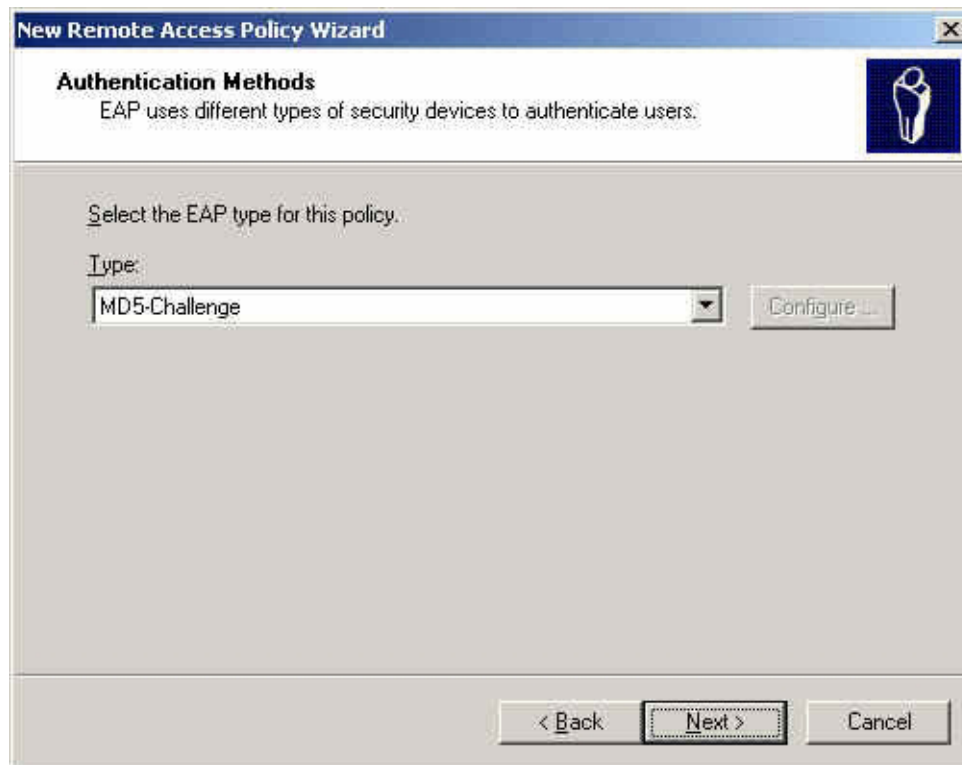


Figure 5-19 The authentication of add new remote access policy

Step13. Right click on the **Radius** → **Properties** (Figure 5-20)

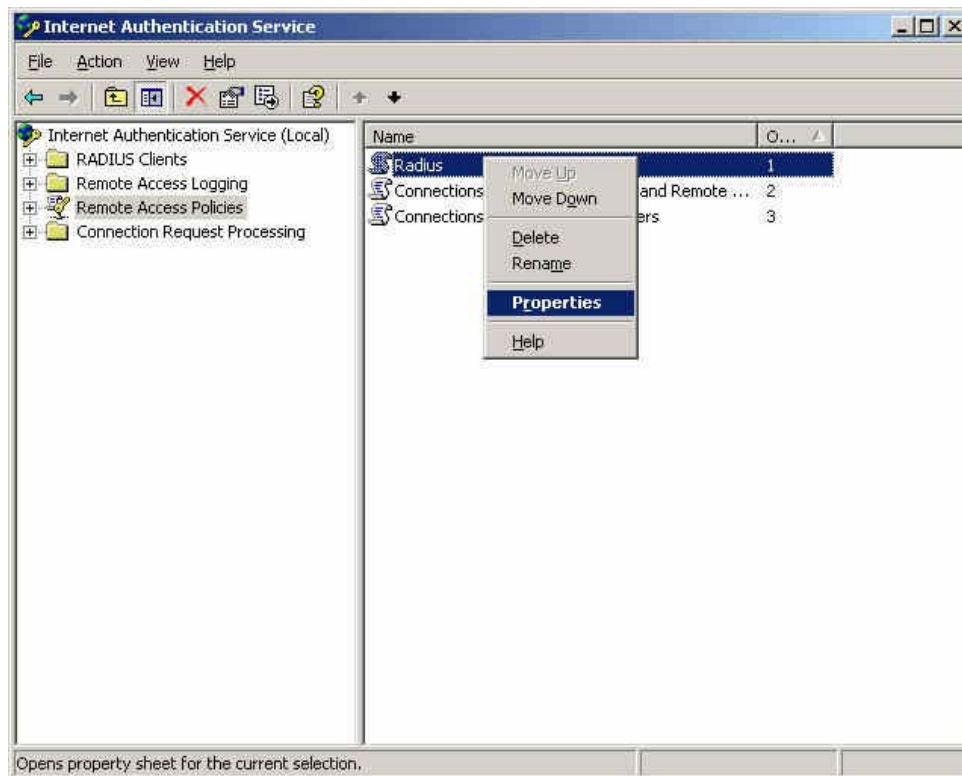


Figure 5-20 The network authentication service setting

Step14. Select **Grant remote access permission**, and **Remove** the original setting, then click **Add**. (Figure 5-21)

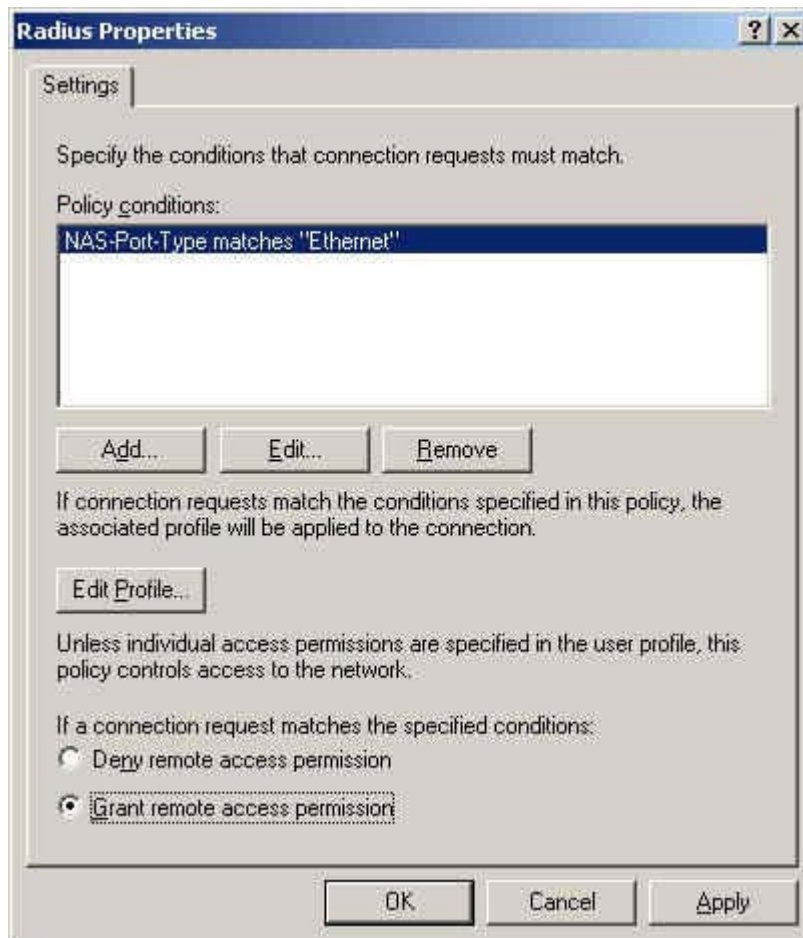


Figure 5-21 The RADIUS properties settings

Step15. Add Service-Type. (Figure 5-22)

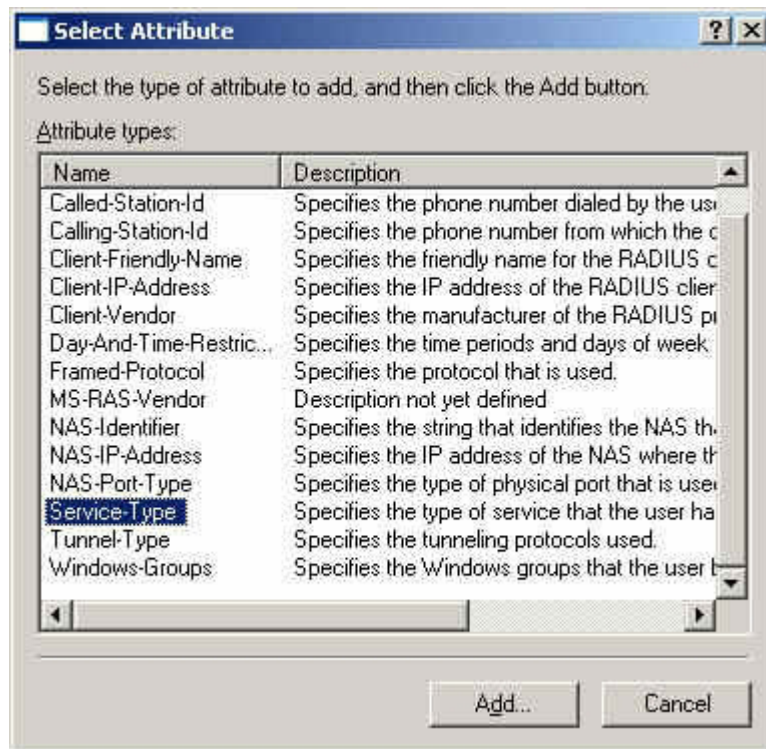


Figure 5-22 Add new RADIUS properties attribute

Step16. Add Authenticate Only from the left side. (Figure 5-23)

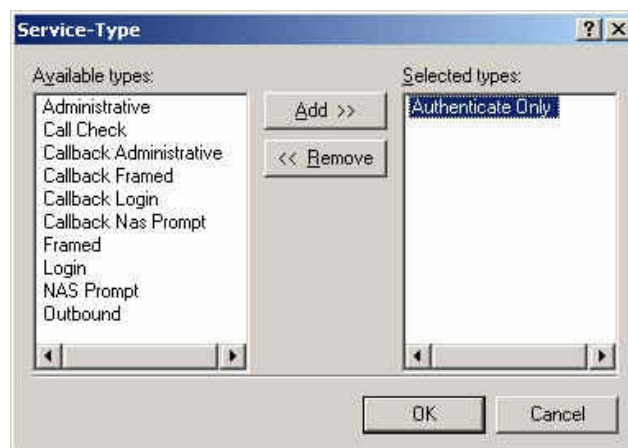


Figure 5-23 Add RADIUS properties service-type

Step17. Click **Edit Profile**, select **Authentication**, and check **Unencrypted authentication (PAP, SPAP)**. (Figure 5-24)

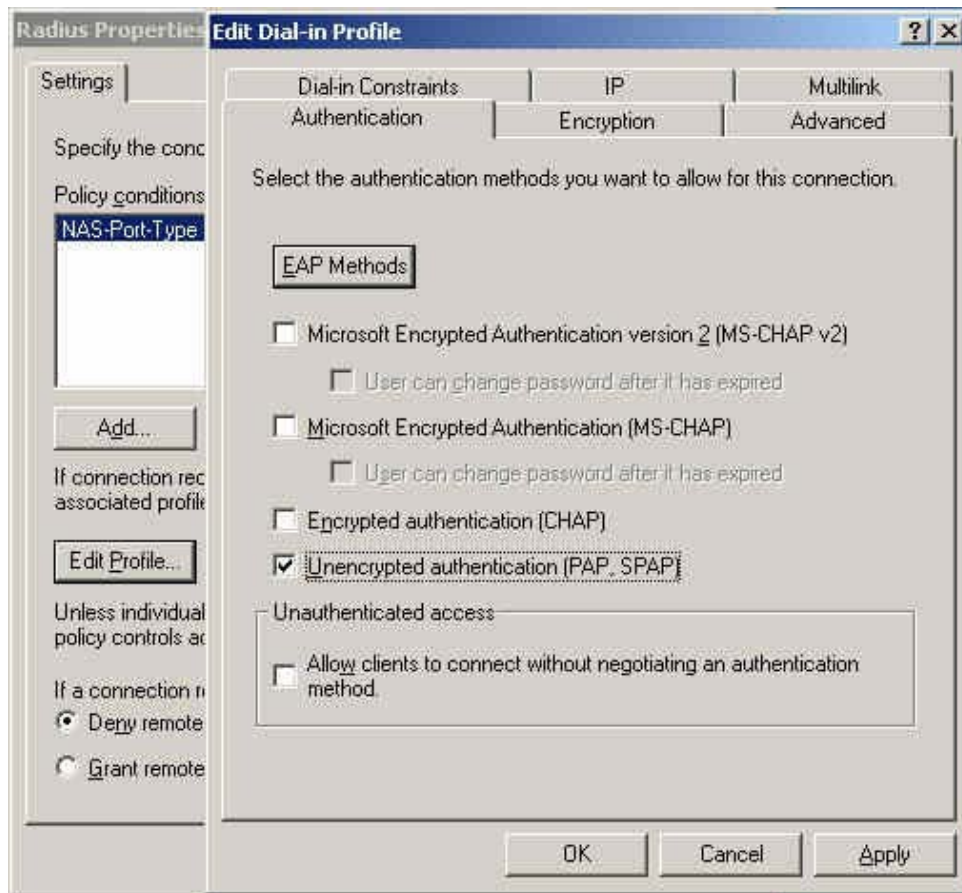


Figure 5-24 Edit RADIUS service-type dial-in property

Step18. Add Auth User, click Start → Setting → Control Panel → Administrative Tools, select Computer Management. (Figure 5-25)

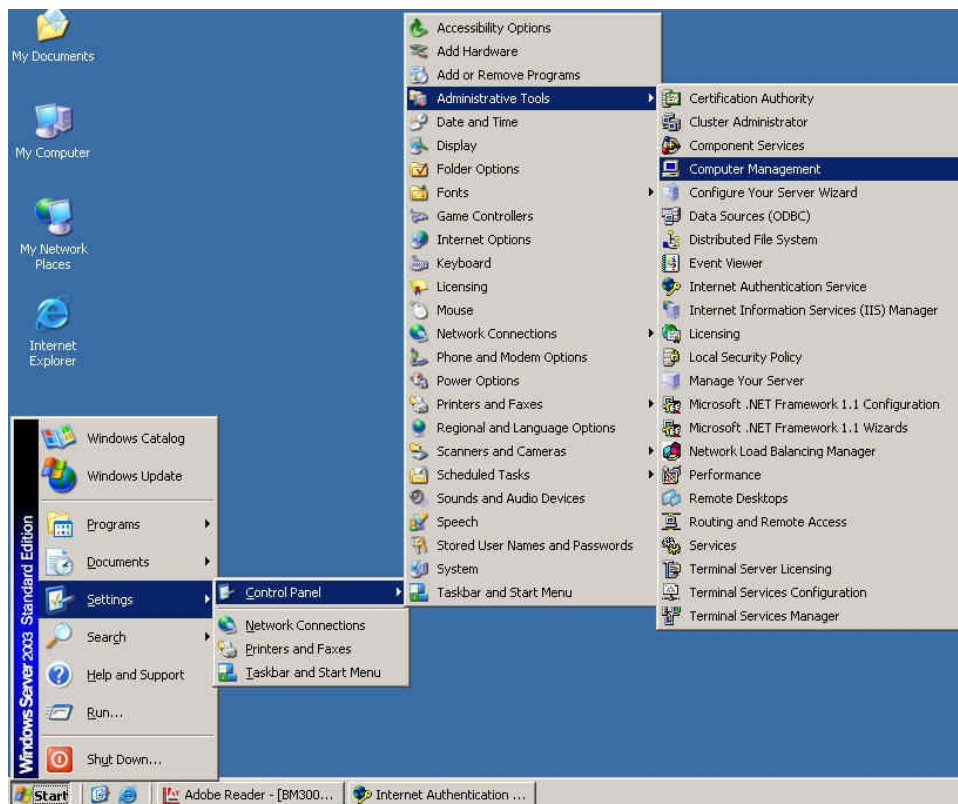


Figure 5-25 Enter computer management

Step19. Right click on **Users**, select **New User**. (Figure 5-26)

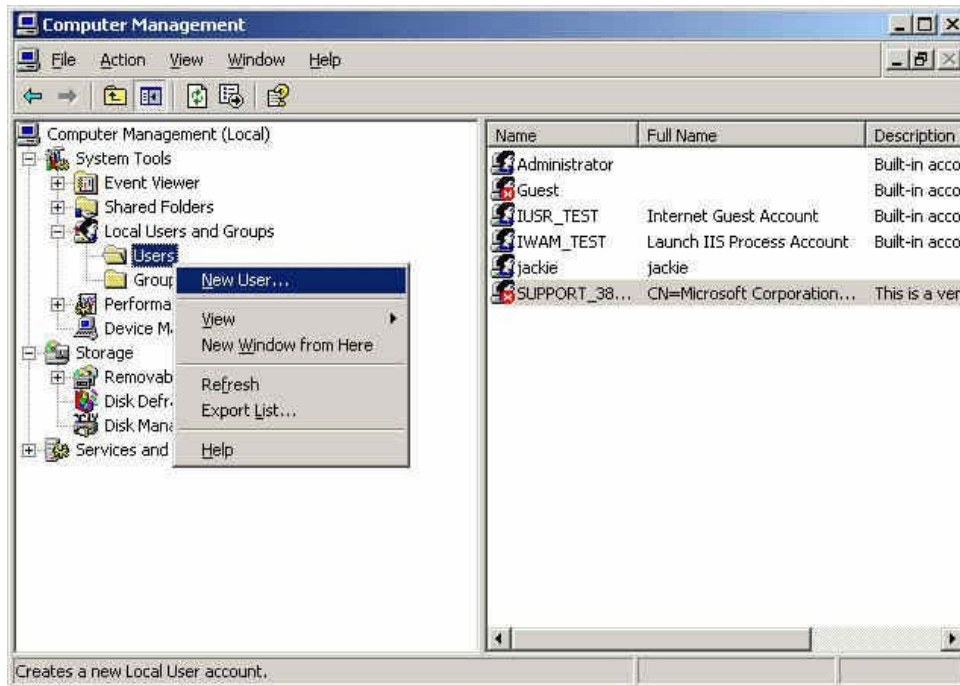


Figure 5-26 Add new user

Step20. Complete the Windows 2003 RADIUS Server settings.

Step21. In **Authentication** → **RADIUS** function, enter **IP**, **Port** and **Shared Secret**. (The setting must be the same as RADIUS server). (Figure 5-327)

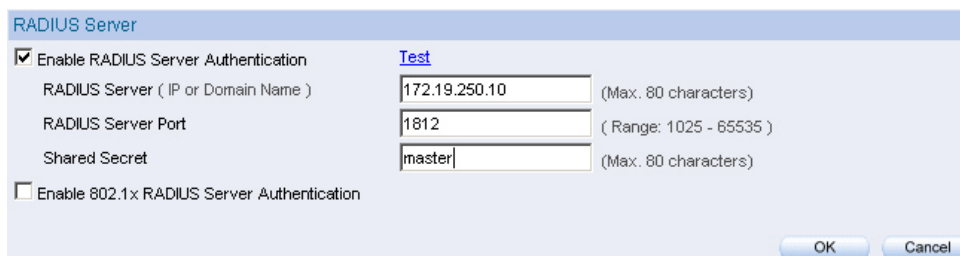


Figure 5-27 The RADIUS server setting



Click **Test**, it can detect if the IAR-5000 and RADIUS server can real working.

Step22. Select **IM Management → Rule → Default Rule → Yahoo → Accept : Authentication passed.** (Figure 5-28)



Figure 5-28 Default IM rule

Step23. If the internal user wants to use MSN, then he/she must apply the user privilege of MSN from IM authentication management interface. The management interface is <http://IAR-5000 interface/auth>. Default setting is <http://192.168.1.1/auth>.

- ◆ Enter the Name and Password.
- ◆ Enter the Yahoo account. (Figure 5-29)

A screenshot of a web-based configuration interface. The top section is titled 'Authentication' and contains fields for 'Name' (with value 'eric') and 'Password' (with value '****'), both with '(Max. 128 characters)' labels. Below this is a message: 'You have to pass the IM authentication then you are allowed to create the IM connection.' The bottom section is titled 'IM Protocol' and contains settings for four protocols: MSN (Account field), Yahoo (Account field with value 'mcgaver_2002'), QQ (Account, Password, and Confirm Password fields), and ICQ (Account field). All fields have '(Max. 128 characters)' labels. At the bottom right are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 5-29 Authentication setting

- ◆ Click **OK**. (Figure 5-30)

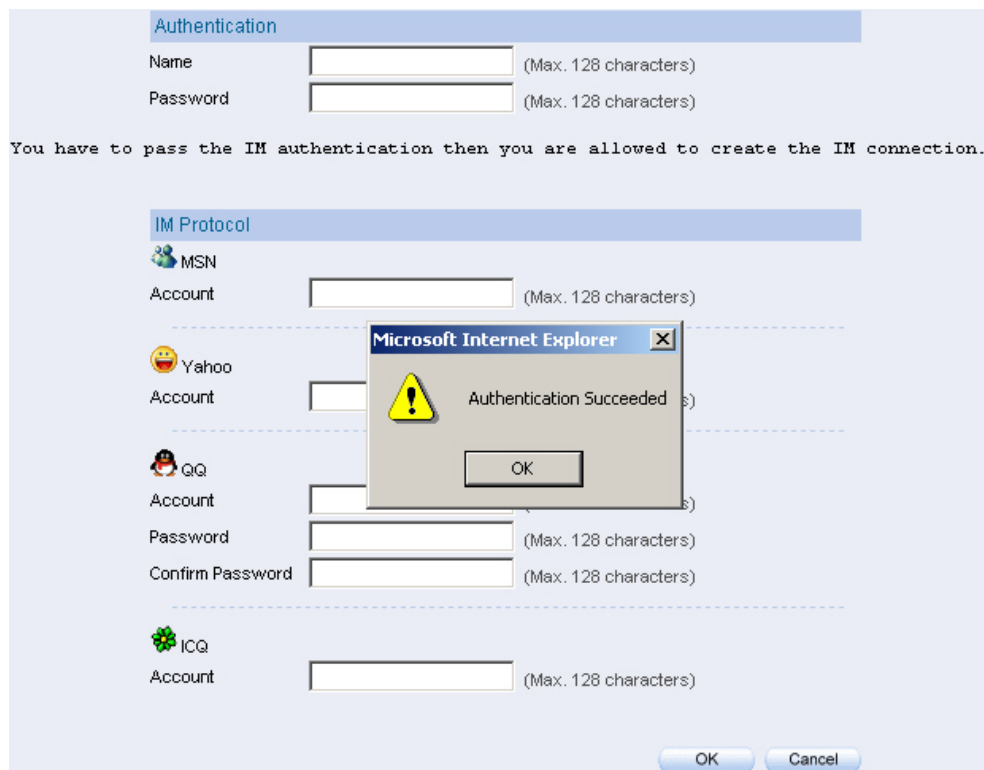


Figure 5-30 Authenticated successful

- ◆ User can use the authenticated Yahoo account and there is no more authentication to process.

Internal user must pass the IM authentication then he / she is allowed to create QQ connection. (Use external POP3 Server authentication)

Step1. Select **Accept : Authentication passed and QQ Password valid** in **IM Management** → **Rule** → **Default Rule** → **QQ**. (Figure 5-31)

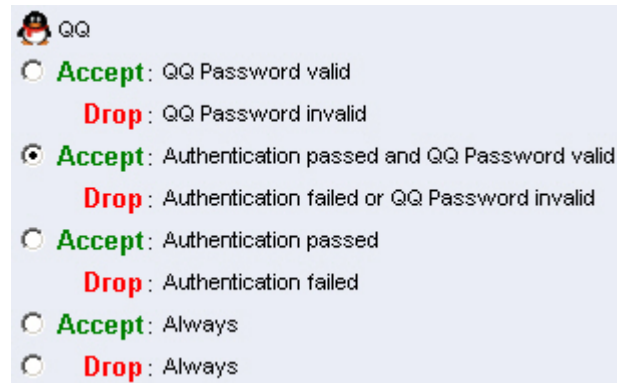


Figure 5-31 Set the QQ default rule

Step2. Enter the POP3 setting in **Authentication** → **POP3** : (Figure 5-32)



Figure 5-32 POP3 setting



Click **Test**, to see if IAR-5000 can connect to POP3 Server properly.

Step3. If the internal user wants to use QQ account, then he/she must apply the use privilege of MSN from IM authentication management interface. The management interface is <http://IAR-5000 interface/auth>. Default setting is <http://192.168.1.1/auth>.

- ◆ Enter the POP3 Server account name and password. (It is the mail account and password that used for receiving e-mails.)
- ◆ Enter QQ account (Figure 5-33)

The screenshot displays the 'Authentication' section of the IM authentication management interface. It includes fields for 'Name' (containing 'eric') and 'Password' (containing '****'), both with a '(Max. 128 characters)' limit. Below these fields is a message: 'You have to pass the IM authentication then you are allowed to create the IM connection.' The 'IM Protocol' section is active, showing options for MSN, Yahoo, QQ, and ICQ. The QQ option is selected, and its configuration fields are visible: 'Account' (empty), 'Password' (containing '*****'), and 'Confirm Password' (containing '*****'), all with a '(Max. 128 characters)' limit. The MSN and Yahoo options show only an 'Account' field. The ICQ option also shows only an 'Account' field. At the bottom right, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 5-33 Enter the QQ account and password

- ◆ Click **OK**. (Figure 5-34)

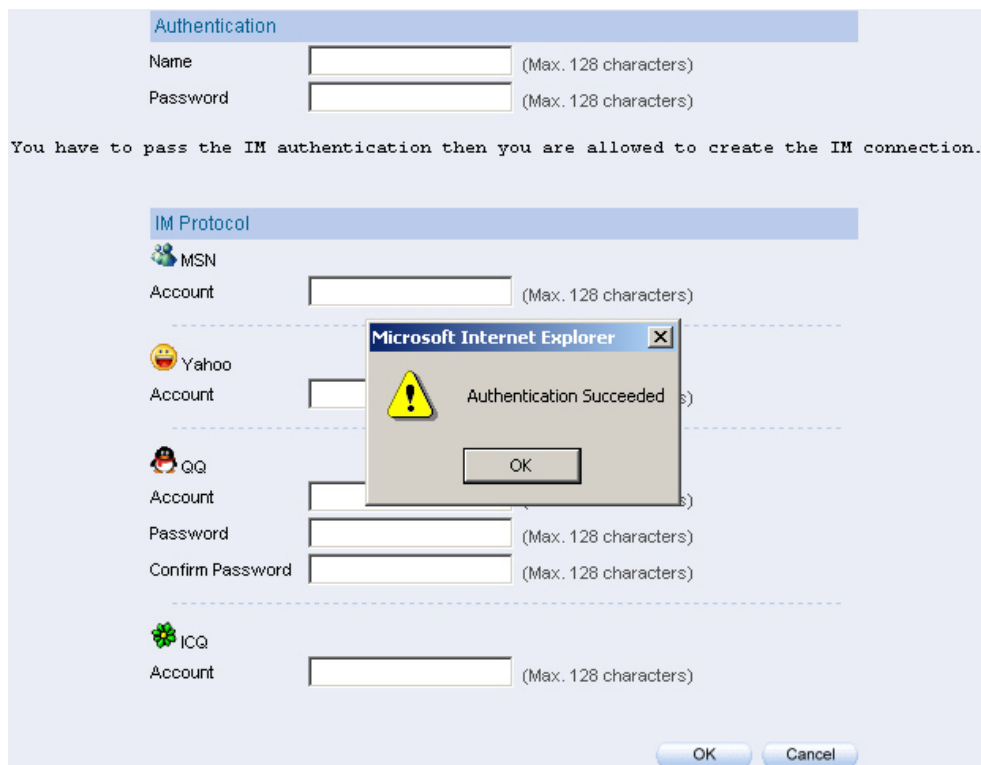


Figure 5-34 QQ account authenticated succeed

- Step4.** User can use the authenticated QQ account and there is no more authentication to process in the future.

Internal user must pass the IM authentication then he/she is allowed to create ICQ connection. Use external LDAP Server authentication. (Windows 2003 Server built-in authentication)

Windows 2003 LDAP Server Deployment

Step1. Click **Start → Program → Administrative Tools → Manage MIS engineer Server**.

Step2. In **Manage MIS engineer Server** window, click **Add or remove a role → Configure MIS engineer Server Wizard**. (Figure 5-35)

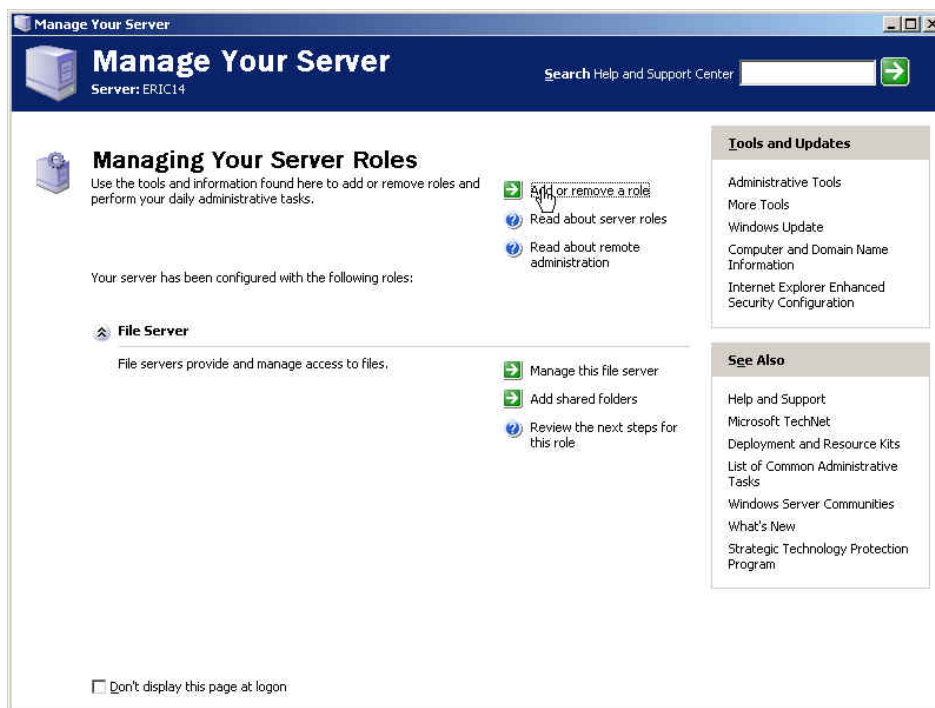


Figure 5-35 Click add or remove a role

Step3. In **Preliminary Steps** window, click **Next**. (Figure 5-36)

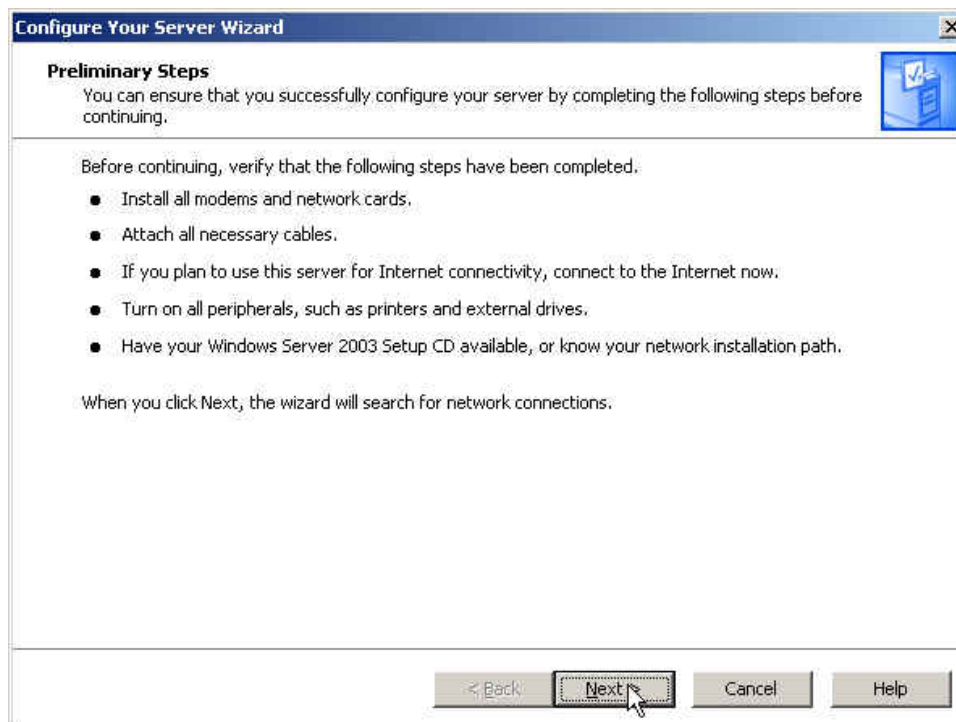


Figure 5-36 The Preliminary steps Web UI

Step4. In **Server Role** window, select **Active Directory** and click **Next**. (Figure 5-37)

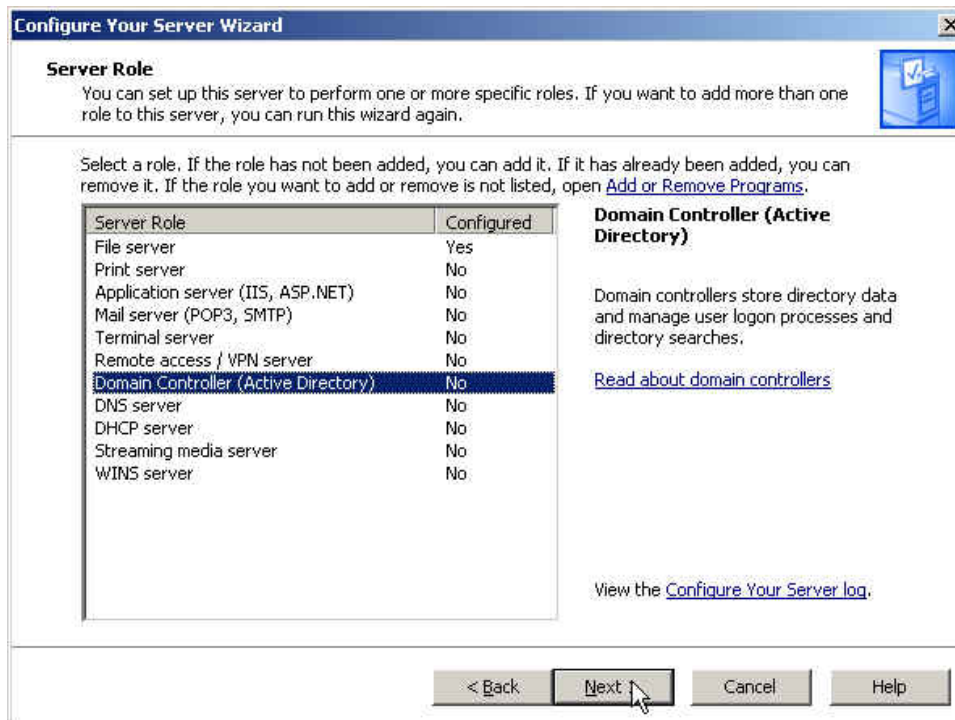


Figure 5-37 The server role window

Step5. In **Summary of Selections** window, click **Next**. (Figure 5-38)

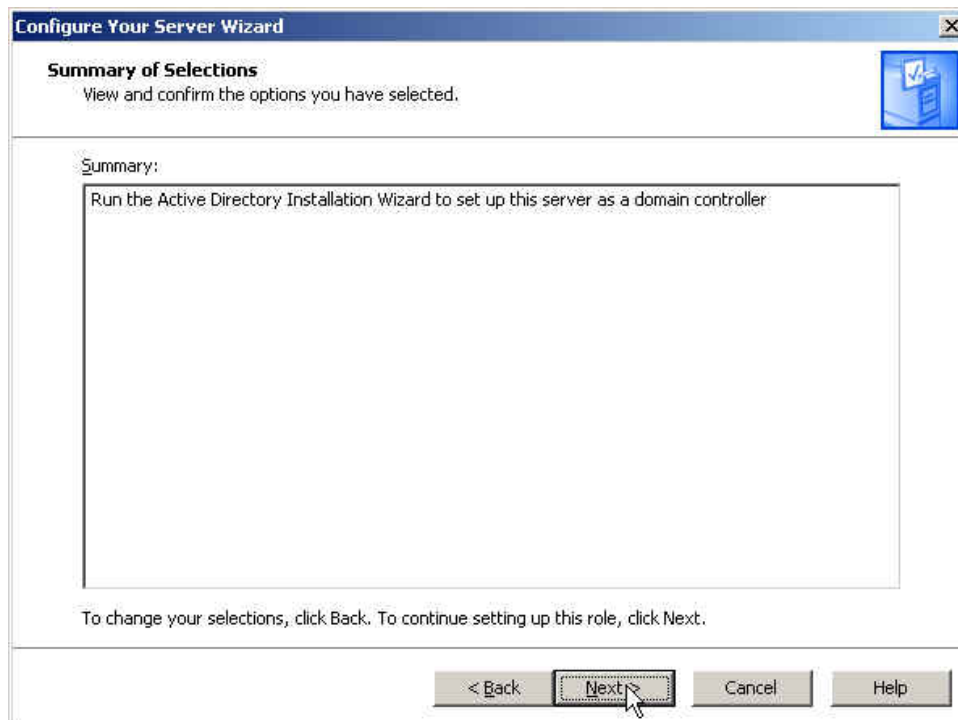


Figure 5-38 The summary of selections window

Step6. In **Active Directory Installation Wizard** window, click **Next**. (Figure 5-39)



Figure 5-39 Active directory installation wizard

Step7. In **Operating System Compatibility** window, click **Next**. (Figure 5-40)

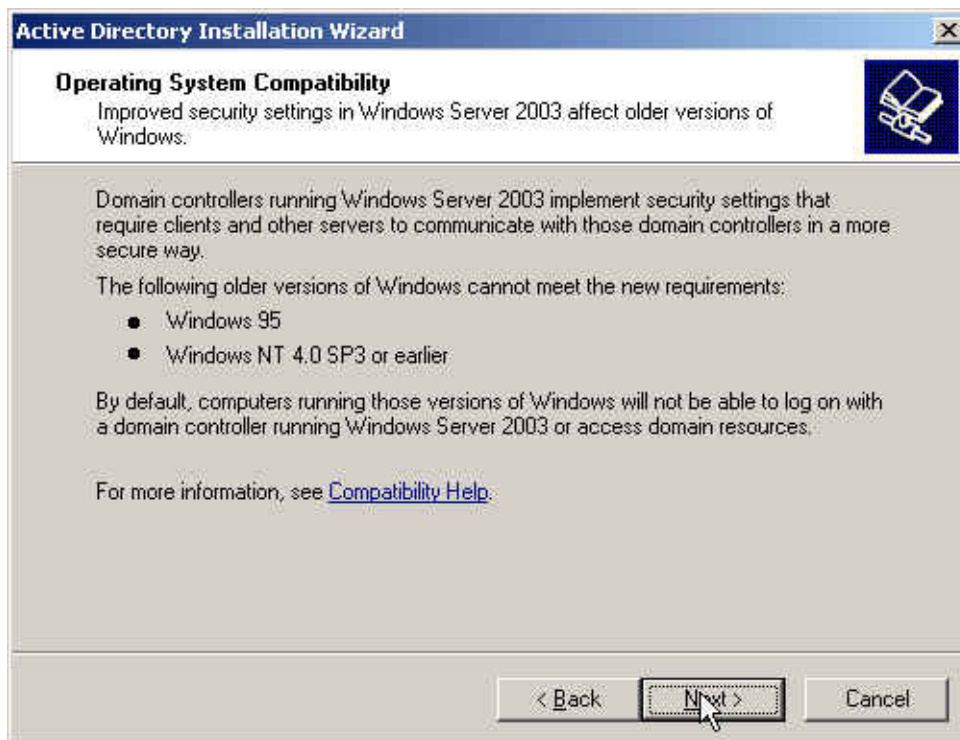


Figure 5-40 The operating system compatibility window

Step8. In **Domain Controller Type** window, select **Domain controller for a new domain**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-41)

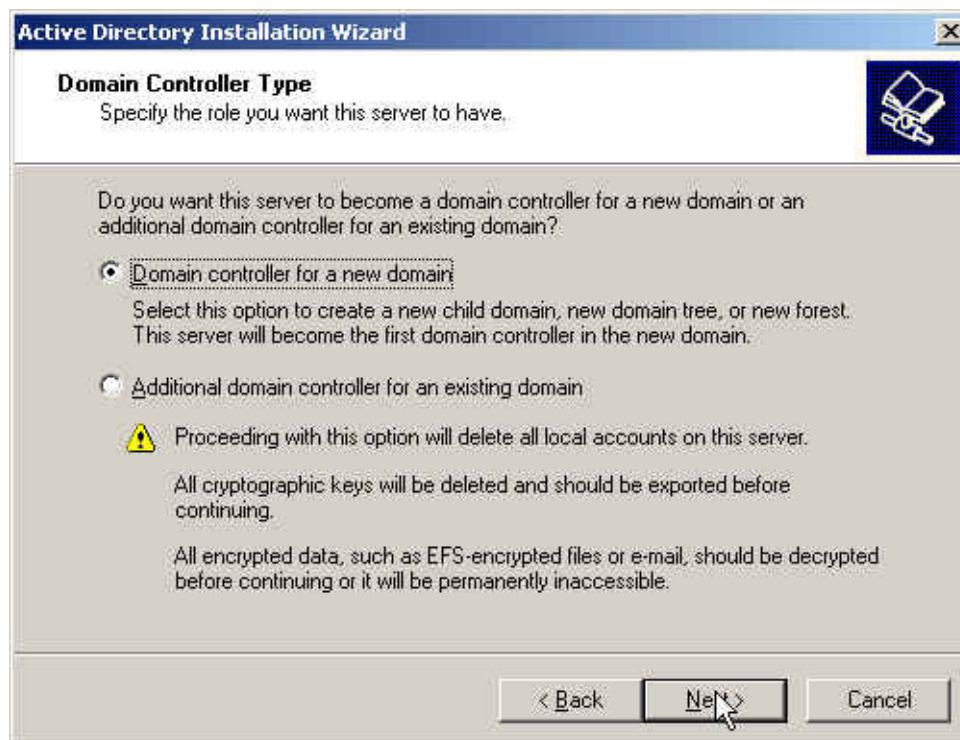


Figure 5-41 The domain controller type window

Step9. In **Create New Domain** window, select **Domain in a new forest**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-42)

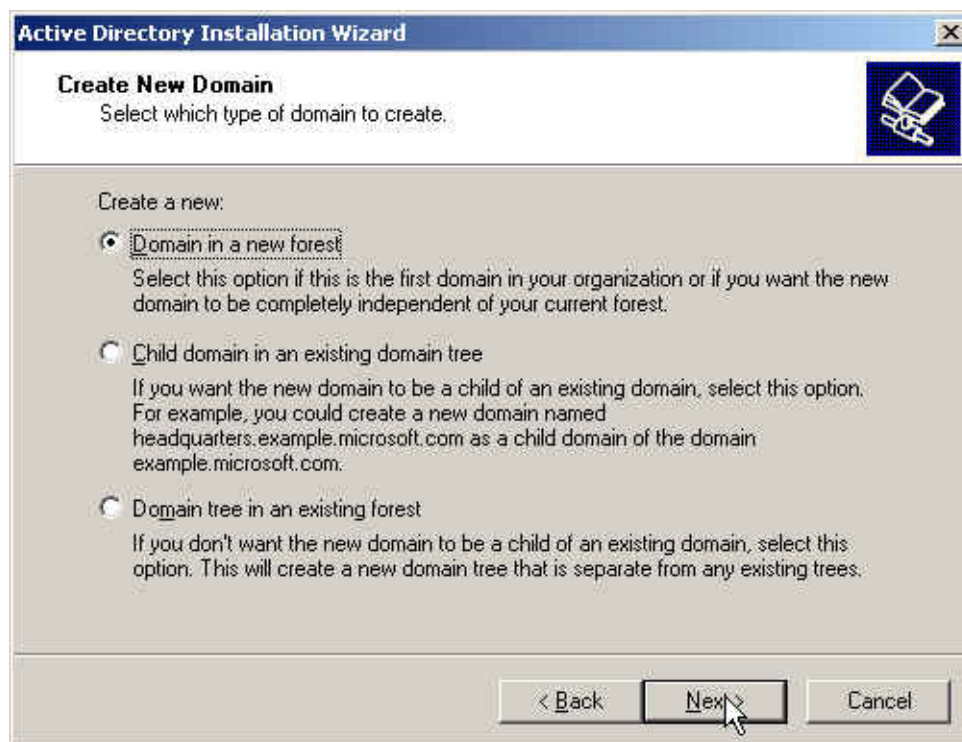
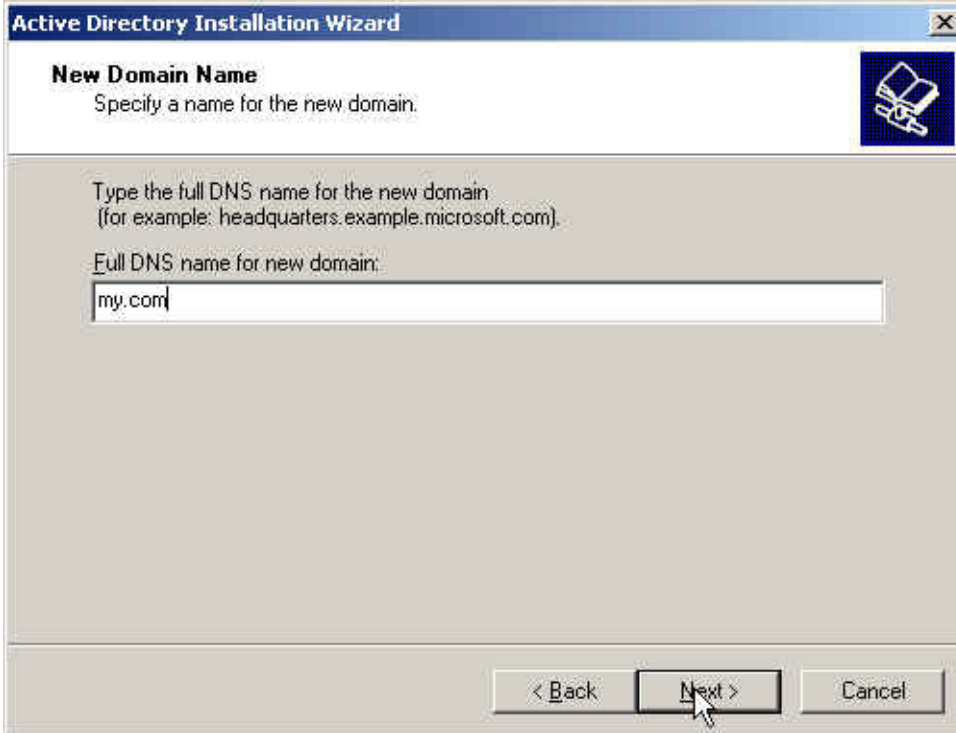


Figure 5-42 Create new domain window

Step10. In **New Domain Name** window, enter the **Full DNS name for new domain**, click **Next**.
(Figure 5-43)



The image shows a screenshot of the 'Active Directory Installation Wizard' window, specifically the 'New Domain Name' step. The window has a blue title bar with the text 'Active Directory Installation Wizard' and a close button. Below the title bar, the text 'New Domain Name' is displayed in bold, followed by the instruction 'Specify a name for the new domain.' To the right of this text is a small icon of a document with a pencil. The main area of the window contains the text 'Type the full DNS name for the new domain (for example: headquarters.example.microsoft.com).' and 'Full DNS name for new domain:'. Below this text is a text input field containing the text 'my.com'. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Next >' button.

Figure 5-43 The new domain name window

Step11. In **NetBIOS Domain Name** window, enter the **Domain NetBIOS name**, click **Next**.
(Figure 5-44)

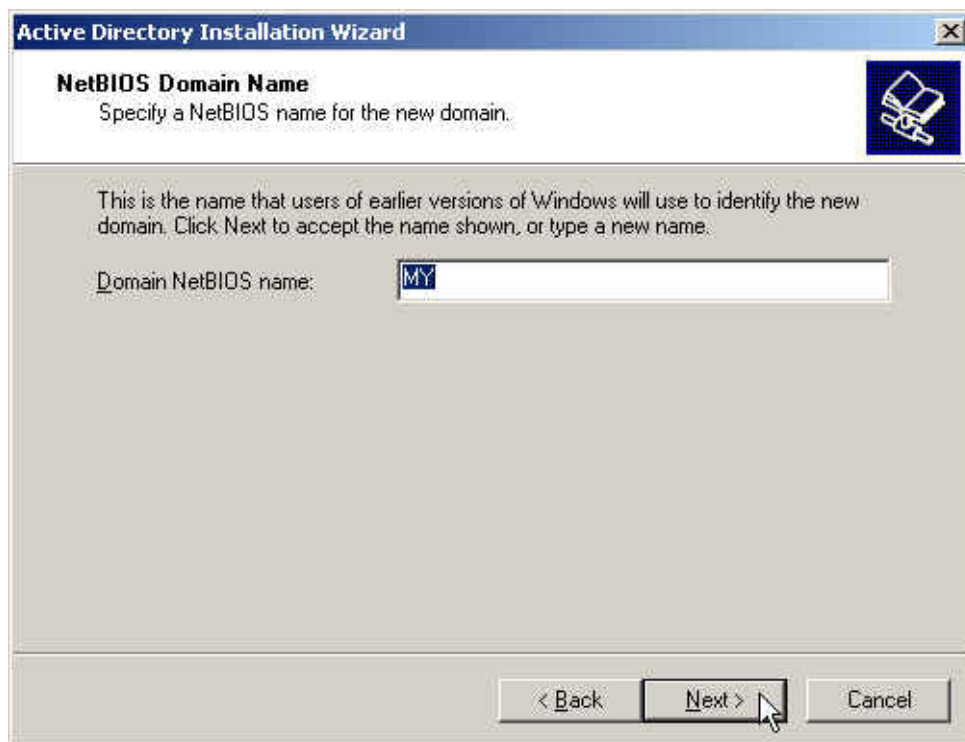


Figure 5-44 The NetBIOS domain name window

Step12. In **Database and Log Folders** window, enter the routes of **Database folder** and **Log folder**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-45)

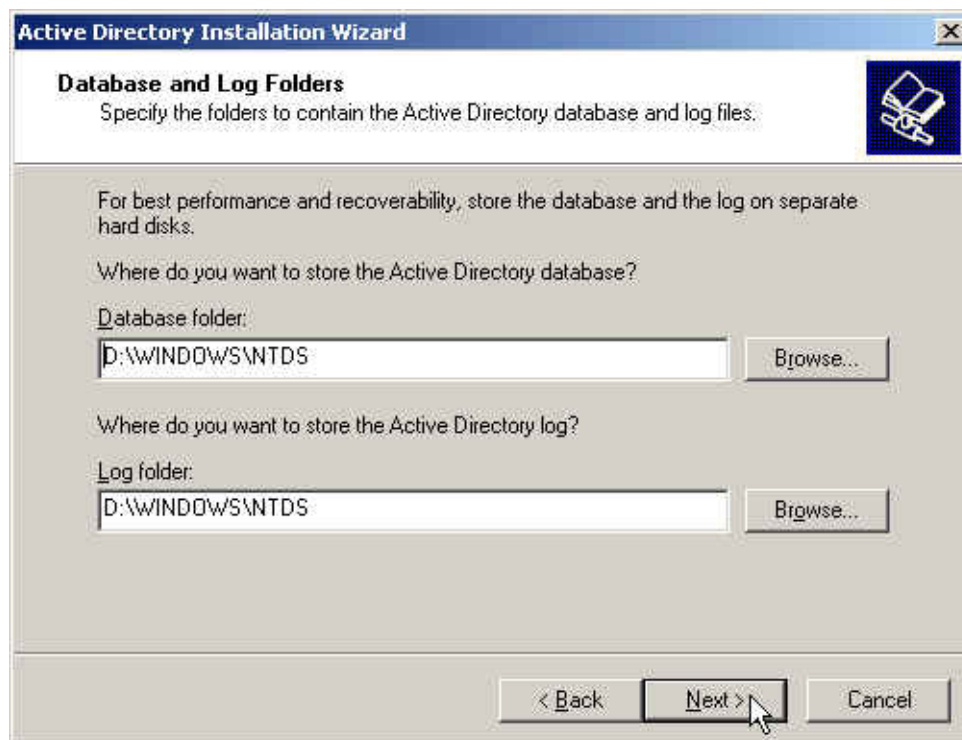


Figure 5-45 The database and log folder window

Step13. In **Shared System Volume** window, enter the **Folder location**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-46)

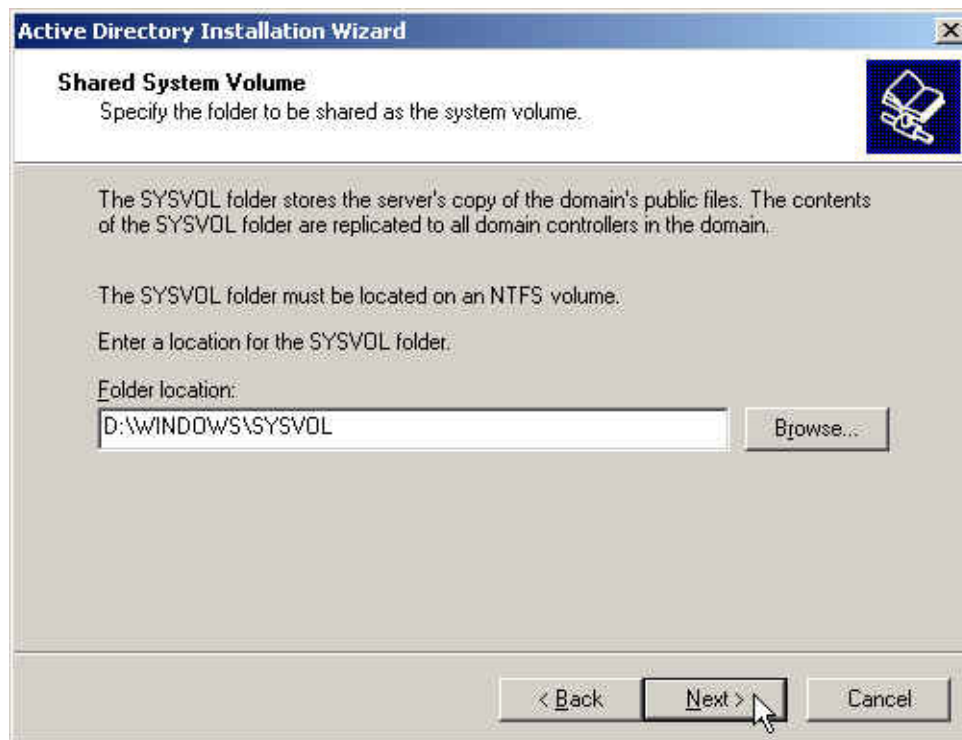


Figure 5-46 The shared system volume window

Step14. In **DNS Registration Diagnostics** window, select **I will correct the problem later by configuring DNS manually (Advanced)**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-47)

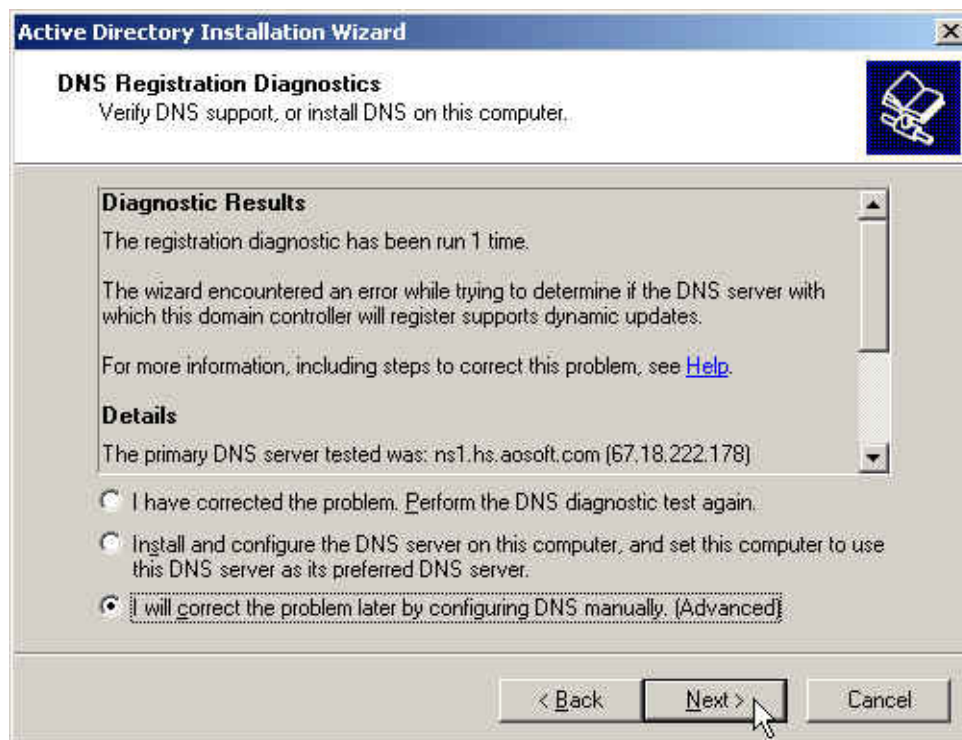


Figure 5-47 The DNS registration diagnostics window

Step15. In **Permissions** window, select **Permissions compatible only with Windows 2000 or Windows Server 2003 operating systems**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-48)

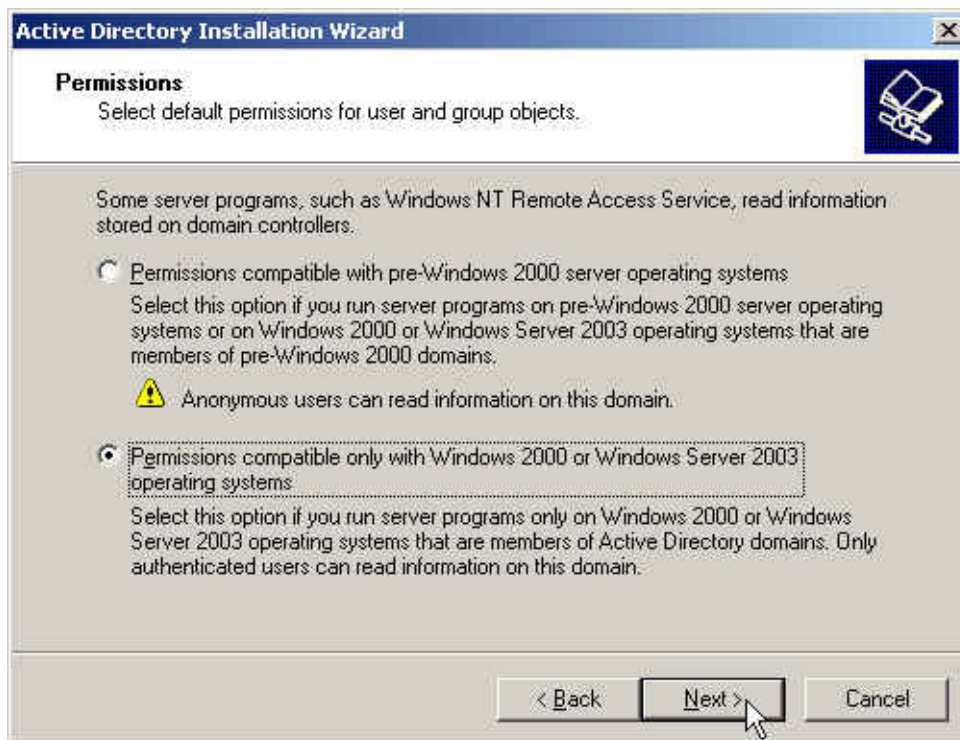
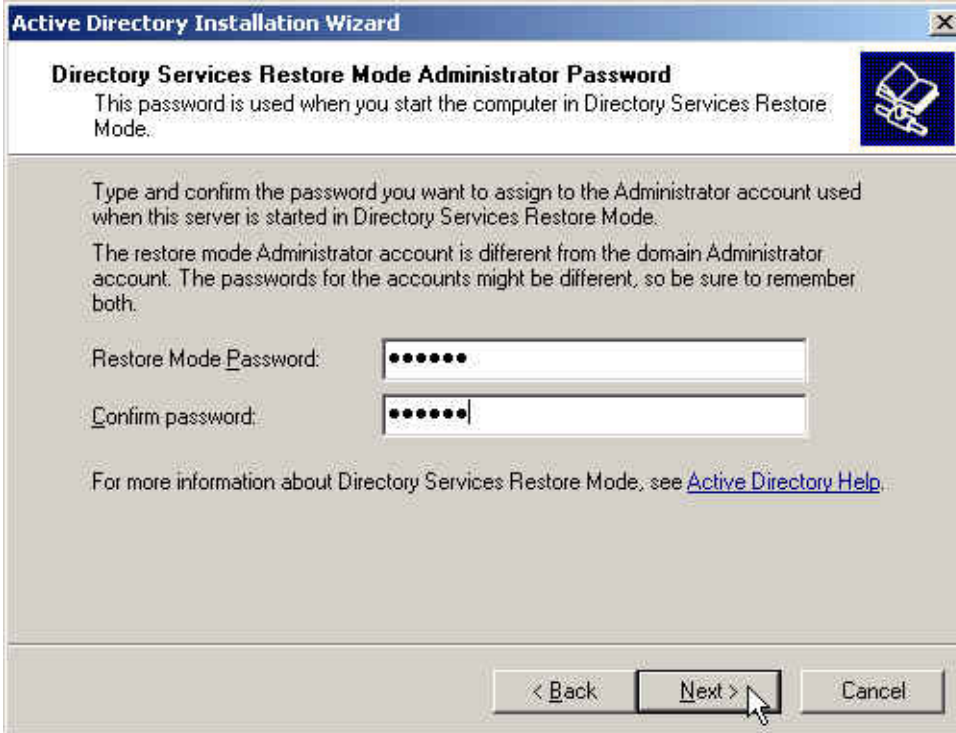


Figure 5-48 The permissions window

Step16. In **Directory Services Restore Mode Administrator Password** window, enter the **Restore Mode Password** and **Confirm password**, click **Next**. (Figure 5-49)



The screenshot shows a Windows XP-style window titled "Active Directory Installation Wizard". The main heading is "Directory Services Restore Mode Administrator Password". Below the heading, a text box explains: "This password is used when you start the computer in Directory Services Restore Mode." To the right of this text is a small icon of a document with a key. Below the explanation, there are two paragraphs of text: "Type and confirm the password you want to assign to the Administrator account used when this server is started in Directory Services Restore Mode." and "The restore mode Administrator account is different from the domain Administrator account. The passwords for the accounts might be different, so be sure to remember both." Below the text are two password input fields. The first is labeled "Restore Mode Password:" and the second is labeled "Confirm password:". Both fields contain six dots, indicating masked input. Below the fields is a link: "For more information about Directory Services Restore Mode, see [Active Directory Help](#)." At the bottom of the window are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >", and "Cancel". A mouse cursor is pointing at the "Next >" button.

Figure 5-49 The directory services restore mode administrator password window

Step17. In **Summary** window, click **Next**. (Figure 5-50)

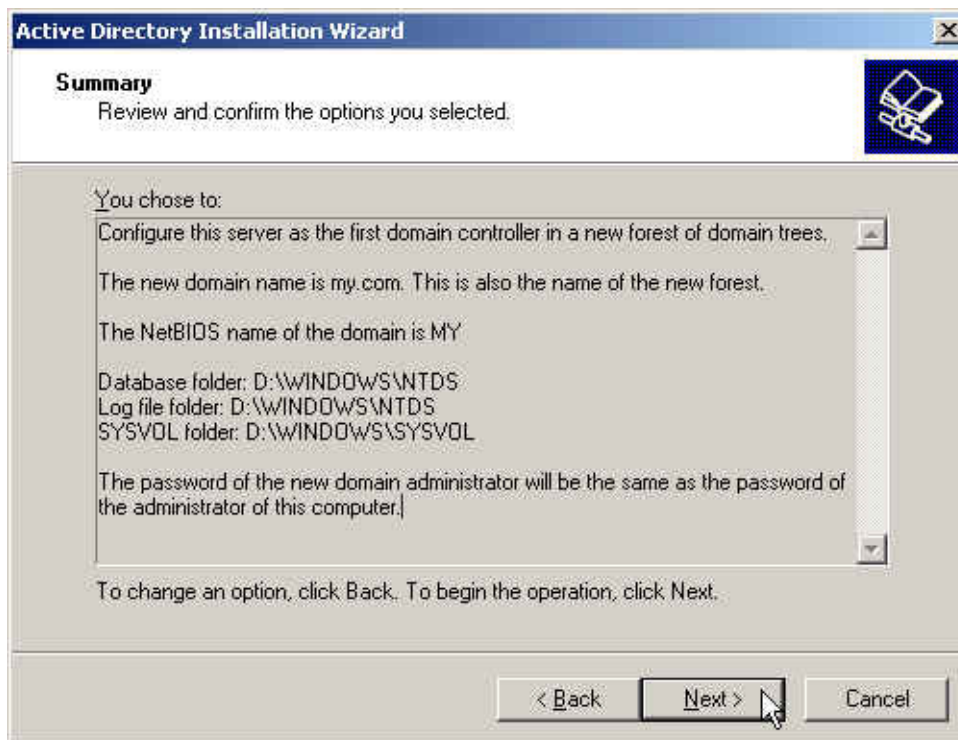


Figure 5-50 The summary window

Step18. Complete the Active Directory installation wizard. (Figure 5-51)



Figure 5-51 Complete the active directory installation wizard

Step19. Click **Start → Programs → Administrative Tools → Active Directory Users and Computers**. (Figure 5-52)

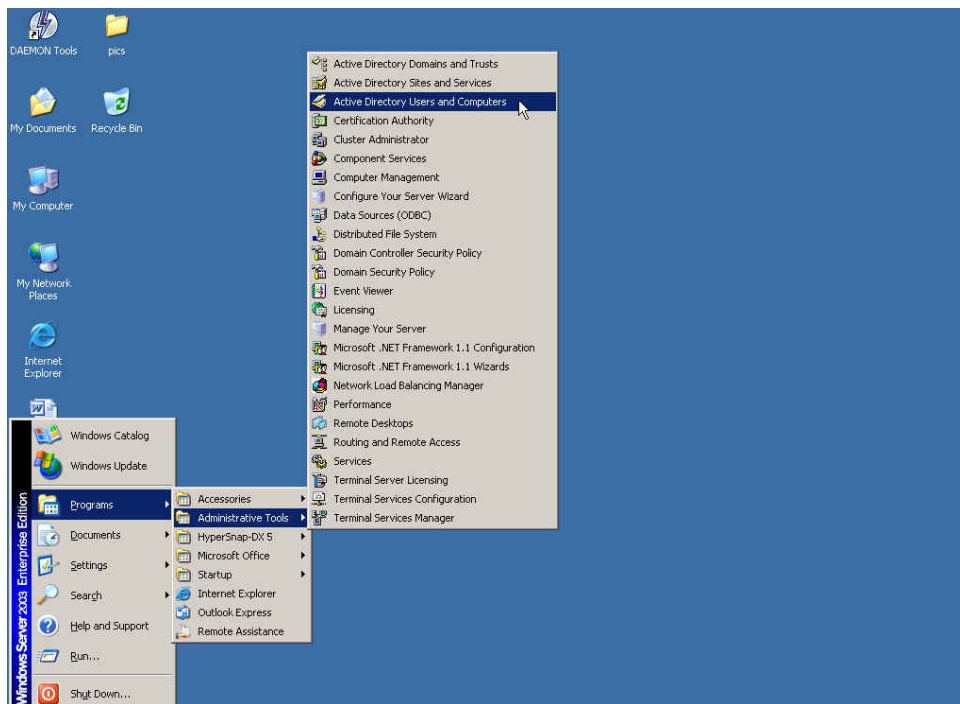


Figure 5-52 Enable active directory users and computers

Step20. In **Active Directory Users and Computers** window, right click on the **Users**, select **New → User**. (Figure 5-53)

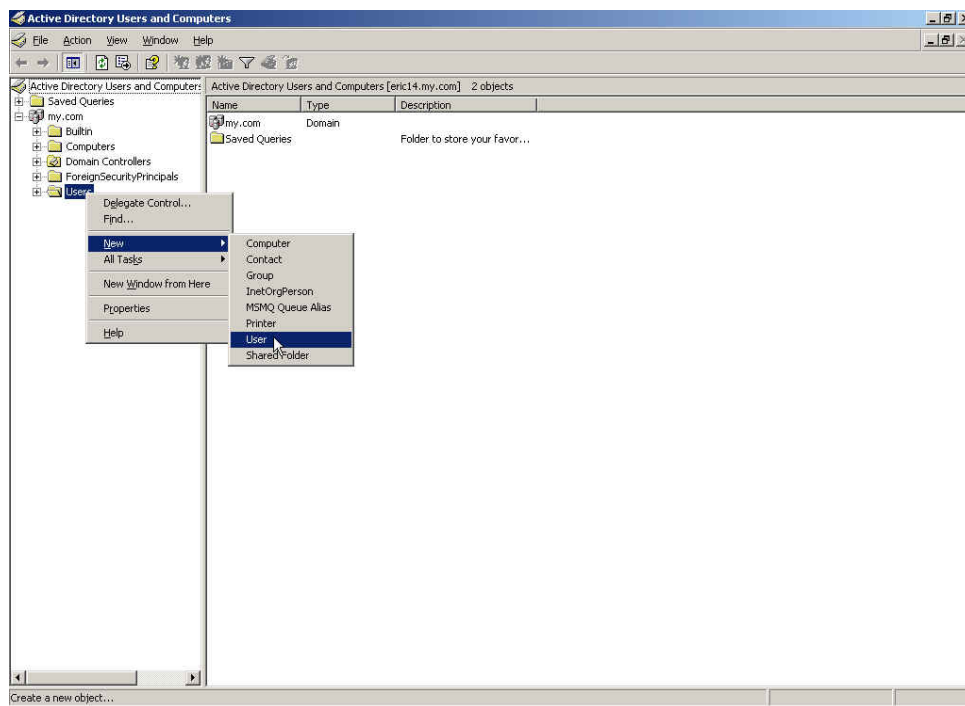
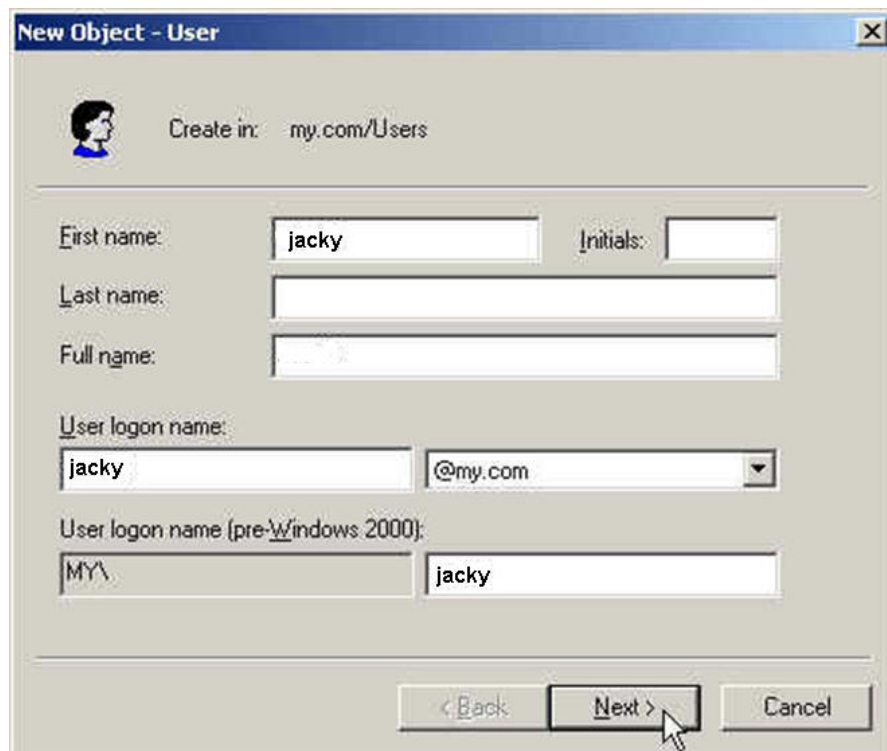


Figure 5-53 Add new active directory user

Step21. In **New Object–User** window, enter the settings, click **Next**. (Figure 5-54)



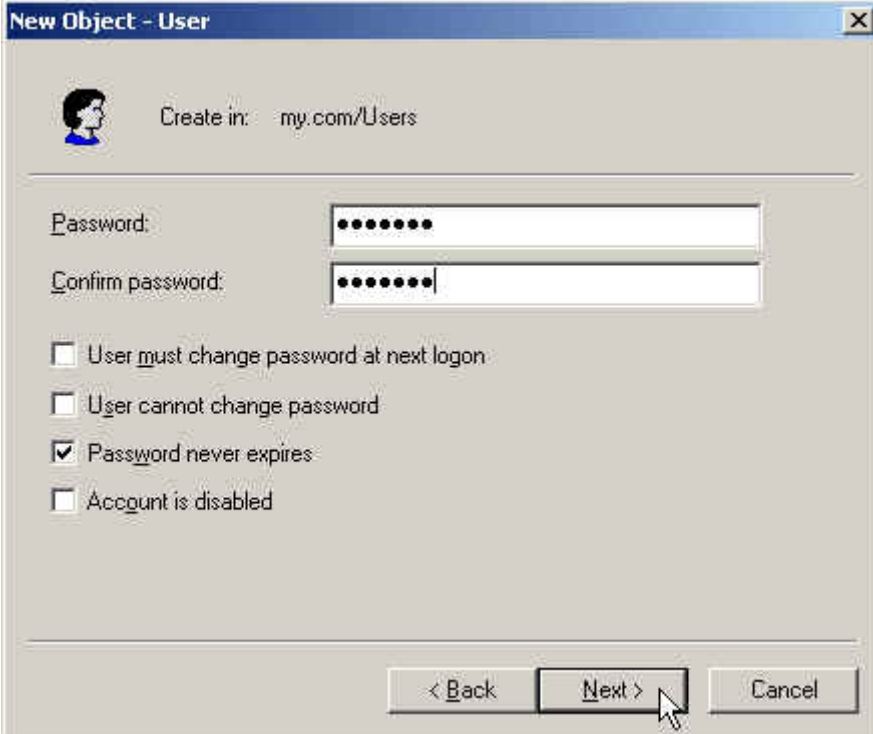
The screenshot shows a window titled "New Object - User" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title bar, there is a user icon and the text "Create in: my.com/Users". The main area contains several input fields and a dropdown menu:

- First name:** A text box containing "jacky".
- Initials:** An empty text box.
- Last name:** An empty text box.
- Full name:** An empty text box.
- User logon name:** A text box containing "jacky" and a dropdown menu showing "@my.com".
- User logon name (pre-Windows 2000):** Two text boxes, the first containing "MY\" and the second containing "jacky".

At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >", and "Cancel". A mouse cursor is pointing at the "Next >" button.

Figure 5-54 The new object – user setting window 1

Step22. In **New Object –User** window, enter the password, click **Next**. (Figure 5-55)



The screenshot shows a window titled "New Object - User" with a close button in the top right corner. Below the title bar is a user icon and the text "Create in: my.com/Users". The main area contains two password input fields: "Password:" and "Confirm password:", both filled with dots. Below these fields are four checkboxes: "User must change password at next logon" (unchecked), "User cannot change password" (unchecked), "Password never expires" (checked), and "Account is disabled" (unchecked). At the bottom right are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >", and "Cancel". A mouse cursor is pointing at the "Next >" button.

Figure 5-55 The new object – user setting window 2

Step23. Complete to add the user. (Figure 5-56)



Figure 5-56 Complete to add the user

Step24. Select **IM Management** → **Default Rule** → **ICQ** → **Accept : Authentication passed**. (Figure 5-57)

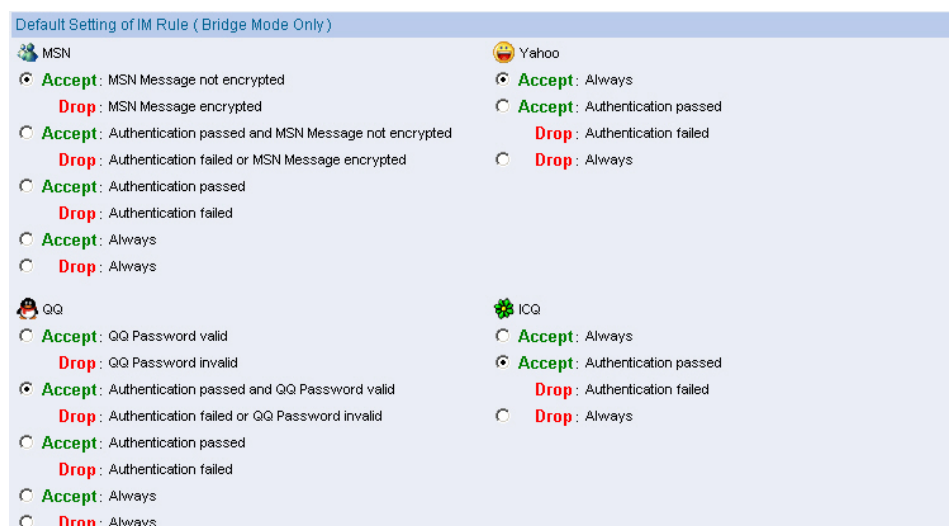
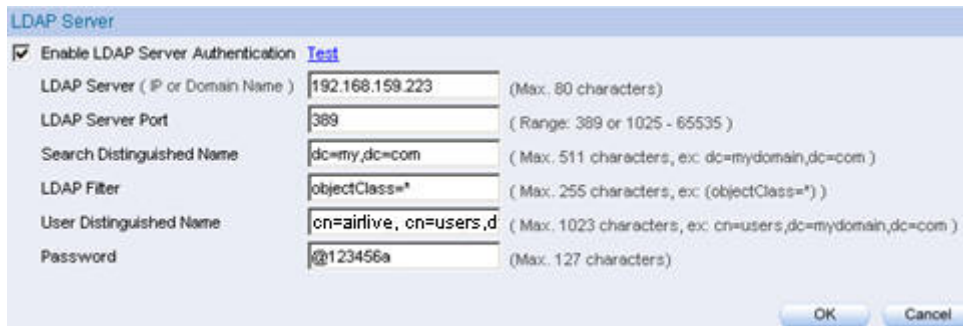


Figure 5-57 The default rule setting of IM

Step25. In **Authentication** → **LDAP**, enter the following setting : (Figure 5-58)



The image shows a dialog box titled "LDAP Server". It contains several configuration fields:

- ☒ **Enable LDAP Server Authentication** [Test](#)
- LDAP Server (IP or Domain Name)**: 192.168.159.223 (Max. 80 characters)
- LDAP Server Port**: 389 (Range: 389 or 1025 - 65535)
- Search Distinguished Name**: dc=my,dc=com (Max. 511 characters, ex: dc=mydomain,dc=com)
- LDAP Filter**: objectClass=* (Max. 255 characters, ex: (objectClass=*))
- User Distinguished Name**: cn=airlive, cn=users,d (Max. 1023 characters, ex: cn=users,dc=mydomain,dc=com)
- Password**: @123456a (Max. 127 characters)

At the bottom right, there are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

Figure 5-58 The LDAP Server setting



Click **Test**, it can detect if the IAR-5000 and LDAP server is real working.

Step26. Internal user type <http://IAR-5000> interfac/auth in address cloumn of browser. For example, <http://192.168.1.1/auth>. :

- ◆ Enter the authentication name and password.
- ◆ Enter ICQ account.
- ◆ Click **OK**. (Figure 5-59)

Authentication

Name (Max. 128 characters)

Password (Max. 128 characters)

You have to pass the IM authentication then you are allowed to create the IM connection.

IM Protocol

MSN
Account (Max. 128 characters)

Yahoo
Account (Max. 128 characters)

QQ
Account (Max. 128 characters)
Password (Max. 128 characters)
Confirm Password (Max. 128 characters)

ICQ
Account (Max. 128 characters)

OK Cancel

Figure 5-59 ICQ authentication setting

Step27. User can create the ICQ connection after authenticated. (Figure 5-60)

The screenshot shows a software window for setting up Internet Messenger (IM) connections. At the top, under the 'Authentication' tab, there are input fields for 'Name' and 'Password', both with a '(Max. 128 characters)' label. Below these fields, a message states: 'You have to pass the IM authentication then you are allowed to create the IM connection.'

The 'IM Protocol' section is divided into four categories, each with its own icon and input fields:

- MSN:** Includes an 'Account' input field. A yellow warning icon is visible next to the field.
- Yahoo:** Includes an 'Account' input field.
- QQ:** Includes 'Account', 'Password', and 'Confirm Password' input fields, each with a '(Max. 128 characters)' label.
- ICQ:** Includes an 'Account' input field with a '(Max. 128 characters)' label.

A modal dialog box titled 'Microsoft Internet Explorer' is overlaid on the MSN and Yahoo sections. It contains a yellow warning icon, the text 'Authentication Succeeded', and an 'OK' button.

At the bottom right of the main window, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 5-60 Authenticated succeed

5.3 Rule

Default Rule

MIS engineer can make the default IM rule for MSN, Yahoo, ICQ and QQ. When IAR-5000 detects new IM account and it will put the new account in Default Rule. On the other hand, MIS engineer can separately set the IM rule for every IM account in Account Rule, and the IM account will not affected by Default Rule.

Default Rule (For MSN, Yahoo, ICQ, QQ, Skype and Web Mail.)

■ **Accept** : Always

Everyone can freely use the IM account.

■ **Accept** : Authentication passed / **Drop** : Authentication failed

User must to pass the authentication first then he/she can use the IM account.

■ **Drop** : Always

No one can use the IM account.

MSN Special Default Rule

IAR-5000 can not record the encrypted MSN contents. MIS engineer can choose to block the MSN encrypted contents.

Types of MSN Rule :

■ **Accept** : MSN Message not encrypted / **Drop** : MSN Message encrypted

- ◆ Anyone can freely use MSN by normal way to send message.
- ◆ IAR-5000 will block MSN while user send message by encrypt MSN message.

Accept : Authentication passed and MSN Message not encrypted /

Drop: Authentication failed or MSN Message encrypted

- ◆ User can use MSN only if the MSN account passed authentication and MSN message not encrypted.
- ◆ IAR-5000 will block the MSN if MSN not passed authentication or even though MSN passed authentication but its contents encrypted.

QQ Special Default Rule

QQ send messages by encryption function. If IAR-5000 has user's QQ account and password then it can decrypt and record the QQ messages. There are two ways that user can type his/her QQ account and password.

1. If MIS engineer request user to use QQ by authentication, then user must type needed information in IM authentication management interface. The management interface is <http://IAR-5000interface/auth>. The default setting is <http://192.168.1.1/auth>.
2. If MIS engineer request user to use QQ without authentication, then user must type their QQ account and password in Add New QQ Account management interface. The Add New QQ Account management interface is <http://IAR-5000 interface/qq>. For example, the default setting is <http://192.168.1.1/qq>.

Types of QQ Rule

■ **Accept** : QQ Password valid / **Drop** : QQ invalid

User must type the correct QQ account and password in Add New QQ Account interface then he/she can use the QQ account. If it's not correct then IAR-5000 will block the QQ account.

■ **Accept**: Authentication passed and QQ Password valid / **Drop**: Authentication failed or QQ Password invalid.

- ◆ User must type the correct QQ account and password and authentication user name and password in IM authentication management interface.
- ◆ IAR-5000 will block the QQ if user's QQ account did not pass the authentication and user type incorrect QQ account and password.



If user select IM Management → Rule → Default Rule → QQ → Accept: Always or Accept: Authentication passed then IAR-5000 only record when user use the QQ but can not record the QQ messages.

Apply the use privilege of QQ messenger from IAR-5000

The system administrator can find there is one user who does not has the use privilege of QQ messenger from the record in IAR-5000.

Step1.

- ◆ In **Record** → **Service** → **IM**, there is one QQ record can not be recorded normally.
(Figure 5-61)

2006-08-08 (3 records)					1 / 1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dialogue Duration	User Name	Participants		
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 09:02:34 -- 09:03:00 (0.26 min.)	ERIC13	- Unknow Participant	-	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 09:02:37 -- 09:03:00 (0.23 min.)	AirLive-01	- Unknow Participant	-	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 01:48:15 -- 09:00:42 (432.27 min.)	JACKIE-PC	- Unknow Participant	-	14
					1 / 1
					Clear <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clear All

Figure 5-61 Found the QQ account which can't be recorded

- ◆ Click the QQ record, it can not correctly shows the QQ message contents.
(Figure 5-62)

Type	User Name	Dialogue Duration	
	ERIC13	09:02:34 -- 09:05:10 (2.36 min.)	372136019 Unknow Participant
Date/Time	Content		
08/08 09:02:34	372136019 : The content has already encrypted.		
08/08 09:02:34	372136019 : The content has already encrypted.		
08/08 09:03:00	Unknow Participant : The content has already encrypted.		
08/08 09:03:00	Unknow Participant : The content has already encrypted.		

Figure 5-62 IAR-5000 can not record QQ message

- ◆ In **IM Management** → **Rule** → **Account Rule**, it shows the uncertificated QQ account.
(Figure 5-63)

State	QQ Account	Configure
	372136019	Remove

Figure 5-63 Found the uncertificated QQ account

Step2. Request the user to apply to modify his QQ password from IAR-5000 :

- ◆ Enter the address of `http://192.168.1.1/qq_accounts` in browser (enter the string of “**/qq_accounts**”at the end of IAR-5000 interface IP address), then it shows the interface of **Add New QQ Account** (Figure 5-64)



Figure 5-64 Enter Add New QQ Account interface

- ◆ User must enter the QQ ID and password, then click **Test**, to see if all of them are correct. (Figure 5-65)

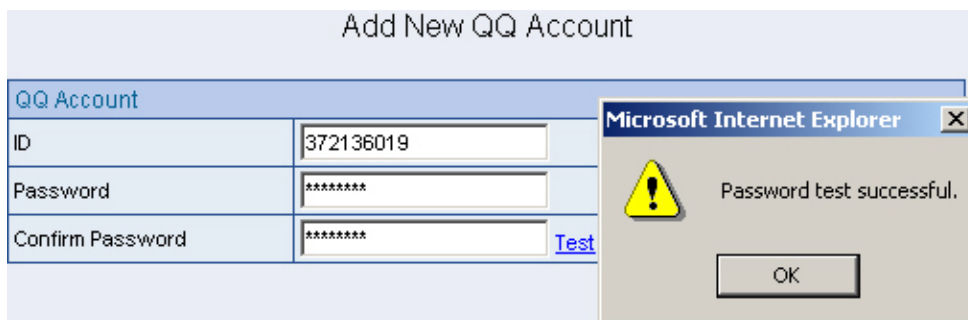


Figure 5-65 Test QQ account

- ◆ Click OK to complete the application of QQ account. (Figure 5-66)

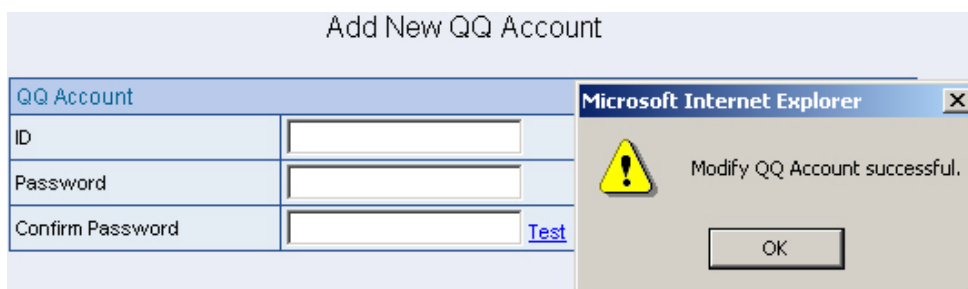


Figure 5-66 Add new QQ account successfully

Step3. In **IM Management → QQ Account**, the administrator can see all the QQ account list.
(Administrator can not get user's QQ password.) (Figure 5-67)

State	QQ Account	Configure
	372136019	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>

Figure 5-67 Password authenticated succeed

Step4. IAR-5000 can record the QQ contents successfully. (Figure 5-68, 5-69)

2006-08-08 (5 records) 1 / 1

Dialogue Duration	User Name	Participants	
08/08 09:02:37 -- 09:53:42 (51.5 min.)	AirLive-02	- Unknow Participant	20
08/08 09:52:45 -- 09:53:42 (0.57 min.)	ERIC13	- 318781555	4
08/08 09:47:17 -- 09:47:28 (0.11 min.)	Ray	- richardwu22@msn.com	2
08/08 09:02:34 -- 09:05:10 (2.36 min.)	ERIC13	- Unknow Participant	6
08/08 01:48:15 -- 09:00:42 (432.27 min.)	JACKIE-PC	- Unknow Participant	14

Uncertificated records 1 / 1

Figure 5-68 Can record the QQ contents

Type	User Name	Dialogue Duration		
	ERIC13	09:52:45 -- 09:53:42 (0.57 min.)	372136019	318781555
Date/Time	Content			
08/08 09:52:45	eric : log in successfully!			
08/08 09:53:05	318781555 : ya i know i know			
08/08 09:53:06	318781555 : ya i know i know			
08/08 09:53:42	eric : i can's see you			

Figure 5-69 Record the QQ contents successfully

User had changed QQ password then applied the modify privilege of QQ password from IAR-5000.

Step1. The user's QQ password is not correct. (Figure 5-70)


State	QQ Account	Configure
	372136019	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>

Figure 5-70 The QQ password is wrong

Step2. Request user to apply to modify his/her QQ password from IAR-5000.

- ◆ Enter the address of http://192.168.1.1/qq_accounts in browser (enter the string of “/qq_accounts” at the end of IAR-5000 interface IP address), then it shows the interface of **Add New QQ Account**. (Figure 5-71)

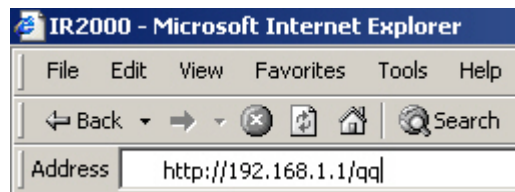


Figure 5-71 Enter Add New QQ Account interface

- ◆ User must enter the QQ ID, original password, new password and confirm password. (Figure 5-72)

Modify QQ Account (Please fill Old Password form)	
QQ Account	
ID	<input type="text" value="372136019"/>
Old Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/> Test
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

Figure 5-72 Enter the old password, password and confirm password

- ◆ Click **OK** to complete to modified the QQ password. (Figure 5-73)

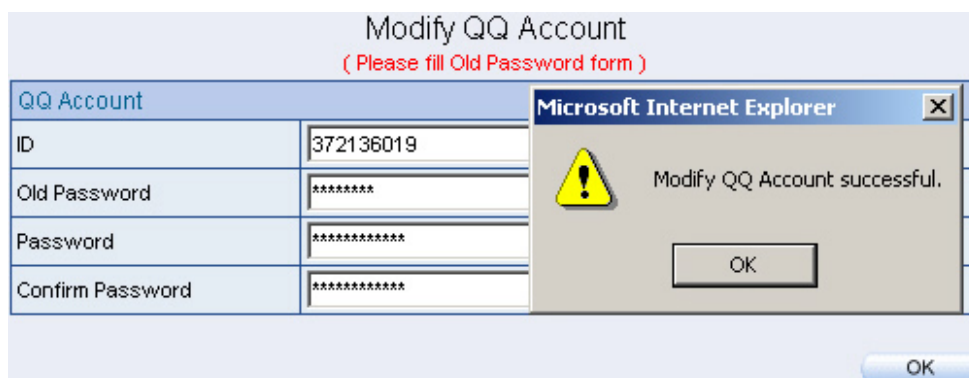


Figure 5-73 Complete to modify the QQ password

- Step3.** When the user re-login QQ, the IAR-5000 will auto complete the QQ account authentication.
- Step4.** In **IM Management → QQ Account**, the system administrator can see the user's QQ account has certificated. (Administrator can not get the QQ password.) (Figure 5-74)

State	QQ Account	Configure
	372136019	

Figure 5-74 QQ account authenticated succeed

- Step5.** IAR-5000 can record the QQ message contents. (Figure 5-75, 5-76)

Wrong password records					Correct password records		2006-08-08 (10 records)		1 / 1
	Dialogue Duration	User Name		Participants					
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 09:02:37 -- 11:25:49 (143.12 min.)	AirLive-02	-	Unknow Participant					34
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 09:52:45 -- 11:25:49 (93.4 min.)	ERIC13	-	318781555					7
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 10:20:52 -- 11:22:07 (61.15 min.)	172.19.100.45		chenhuiw@citiz.net					60
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 10:40:34 -- 11:18:34 (38.0 min.)	JACK54	-	fangji80412@hotmail.com, quan_he@21cn.com...					59
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 01:48:15 -- 11:17:28 (569.13 min.)	JACKIE-PC	-	Unknow Participant					18
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 09:02:34 -- 11:11:26 (128.52 min.)	ERIC13	-	Unknow Participant					18

Figure 5-75 Record the QQ message contents successfully

Type	User Name	Dialogue Duration		
	ERIC13	09:52:45 -- 09:53:42 (0.57 min.)	372136019	318781555
Date/Time		Content		
08/08 09:52:45	eric :	log in successfully!		
08/08 09:53:05	318781555 :	ya i know i know		
08/08 09:53:06	318781555 :	ya i know i know		
08/08 09:53:42	eric :	i can's see you		

Figure 5-76 Record the QQ message contents successfully

To modify the IM account information by importing the User Account List Configuration (Excel list)

Step1. Download the User Account List Configuration file.

- ◆ Click **Download** near **Export Account Rule to Client PC** in **IM Management** → **Rule** → **Default Rule**. (Figure 5-77)

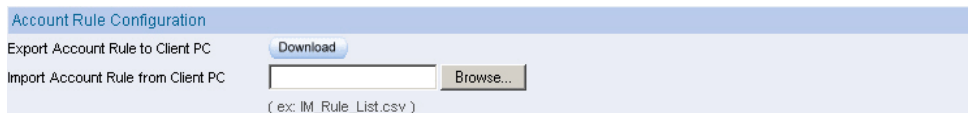


Figure 5-77 Download the user account list configuration

- ◆ In **File Download** dialogue box, click **Save**. Then assign the saved location and click **Save** again. (Figure 5-78)

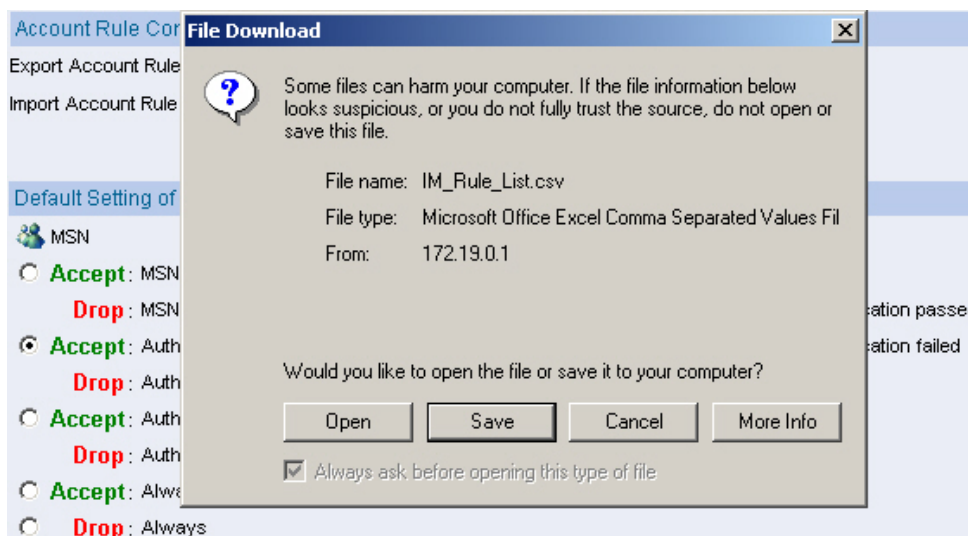


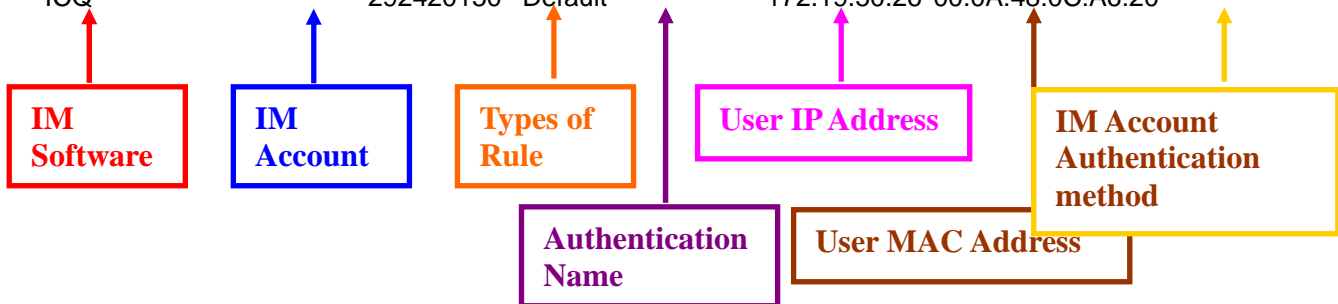
Figure 5-78 Select the location to save the rule list

Step2. Open the user account list by Excel. (IM_Rule_List.csv)

```
#####
#Format:
#
#           Account           Rule   AuthName   IP           MAC           AuthType
#
#
#####
```

means the description

MSN	airlive_test01@hotmail.com	Default	sales	172.19.50.24	00:0C:29:8A:BB:46	USER
MSN	airlive_test02@hotmail.com	Default	account	172.19.70.201	00:0A:48:0C:A6:20	-
MSN	airlive_test03@hotmail.com	Accept	account	172.19.50.26	00:0A:48:0C:A6:20	-
MSN	airlive_test04@hotmail.com	Drop	support	172.19.70.204	00:05:5D:95:5B:C6	-
Yahoo	airlive_test01	Default	support	172.19.70.202	00:0A:48:0C:A6:20	USER
Yahoo	airlive_test04	Default	support	172.19.70.204	00:05:5D:95:5B:C6	POP3
QQ	539236964	Default	-	172.19.70.203	00:05:5D:95:5B:C6	-
QQ	539330473	Default	sales	172.19.50.25	00:0B:DC:29:8A:CC	-
QQ	539337471	Default	sales	172.19.70.203	00:05:5D:95:5B:C6	-
ICQ	292420150	Default	-	172.19.50.26	00:0A:48:0C:A6:20	-



Step3. Assume that MIS engineer want to modify one MSN account :

◆ To modify the rule type and change **Default** to **Accept** :

MSN	airlive_test01@hotmail.com	Default	sales	172.19.50.24	00:0C:29:8A:BB:46	USER
MSN	airlive_test01@hotmail.com	Accept	sales	172.19.50.24	00:0C:29:8A:BB:46	USER

◆ To modify the IP and MAC address :

MSN	airlive_test01@hotmail.com	Accept	sales	172.19.50.24	00:0C:29:8A:BB:46	USER
MSN	airlive_test01@hotmail.com	Accept	sales	172.19.52.30	00:0C:29:8A:BC:9A	USER

◆ If MIS engineer want to add one IM account, just add one row and type the related information.

Yahoo	airlive_test03	Default	-	172.19.70.204	00:05:5D:95:5B:C6	
-------	----------------	---------	---	---------------	-------------------	--

◆ Complete the modification and save the file.

Step4. Click **Browse** near **Import Account Rule form Client PC** in **IM Management → Rule → Default Rule**. Import the file and click **OK**. (Figure 5-79)

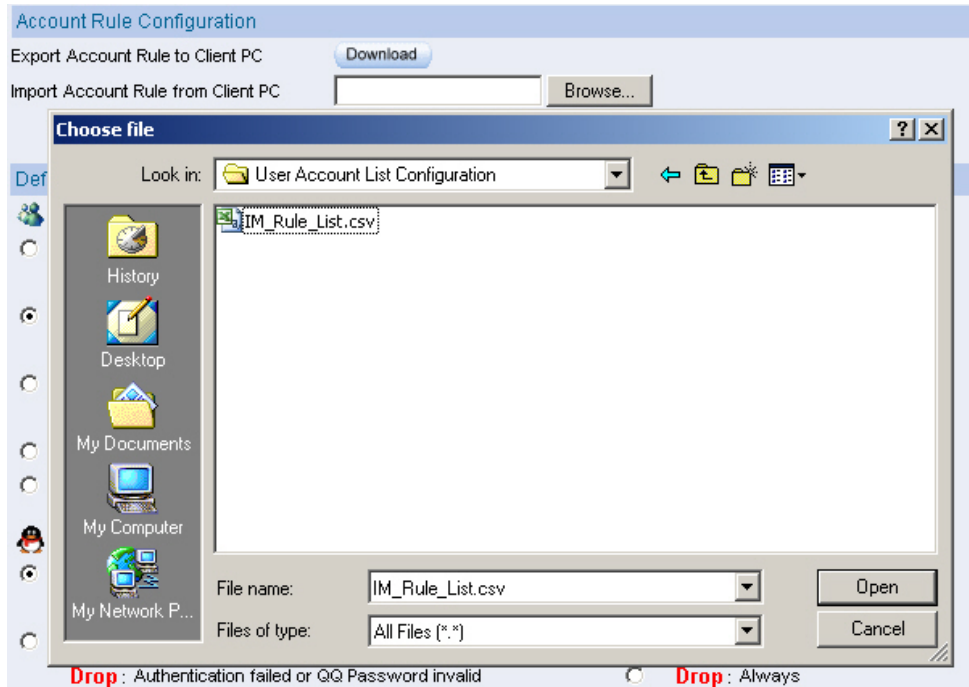


Figure 5-79 Select the location to save the file

Step5. Now the IM account information in IAR-5000 is the modified document edited by MIS engineer.



The CSV files can only modify the already existed IM account content or add new IM account, **but can not remove the IM account**. In other words, if MIS engineer remove one of the IM accounts in csv file and upload it, then the removed IM account still existed.



MIS engineer does not need to modify the authentication method in csv file. It is because if MIS engineer has enabled the IM authentication mechanism, then user must set the related IM account information to pass the IM authentication. And the IM authentication method is determined by authentication IM account and password. So that means it is useless for MIS engineer to set any authentication method of USER, POP3 or LDAP in the csv file. For example, there is an IM account not passed the authentication, even though MIS engineer set the authentication method of USER in csv file, but user can still enter the related POP3 information and pass the IM authentication in IM Management Interface.

Account Rule

Types of Account Rule :

■ Default Account :





When IAR-5000 detects new IM accounts, it will define them to **Default Rule** and these accounts are **Default Account**. On the other hand, MIS engineer can **separately** set the IM account to be **Accept Account** or **Drop Account**.

■ Accept Account

MIS engineer can assign the IM account to be **accepted account** so that user can use the accepted account to log in IM software without affecting by Default Rule.

■ Drop Account

MIS engineer can assign the IM account to be **Drop Account** so that user can not use the Drop Account to log in IM software. Drop Account will not affected by Default Rule.

Icon	Name	Description
	Authentication Passed	Every IM account has a portrait and that means the IM account is not certificated. But if system added an icon of certification near the portrait and that means the IM account is certificated.
	Password Correct	It means the applied QQ account and password were passed the authentication and IAR-5000 can record the contents of this authenticated QQ account.
	Password Uncertificated	User has not applied the QQ account from IAR-5000 or even though he has already add the QQ account but not certificated yet. IAR-5000 can not record the contents of uncertificated QQ account.
	Password Incorrect	The user's QQ account and password can not pass the authentication. IAR-5000 can not record the contents of the QQ account.



IAR-5000 can inspect if the stored QQ account and password are correct once user login QQ account.

To Modify the IM Account Rule :

Step1. Select IM account to be moved to other position. Click **OK**. (For example, select one MSN account and click **To Accept** , to move the MSN account to **Accept Account**.)
(Figure 5-80, 5-81)

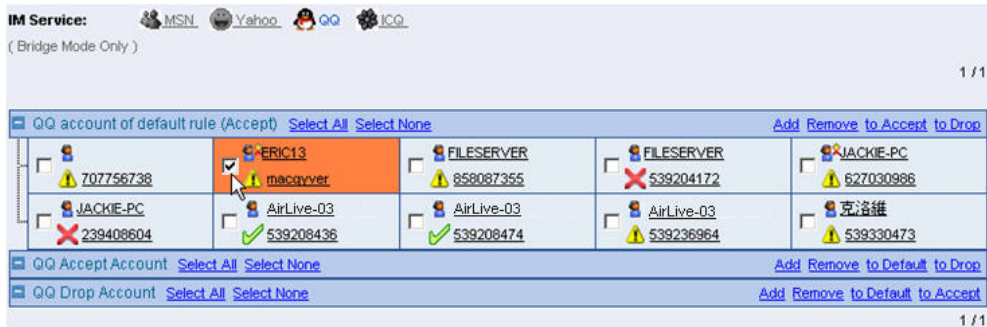


Figure 5-80 Select IM account

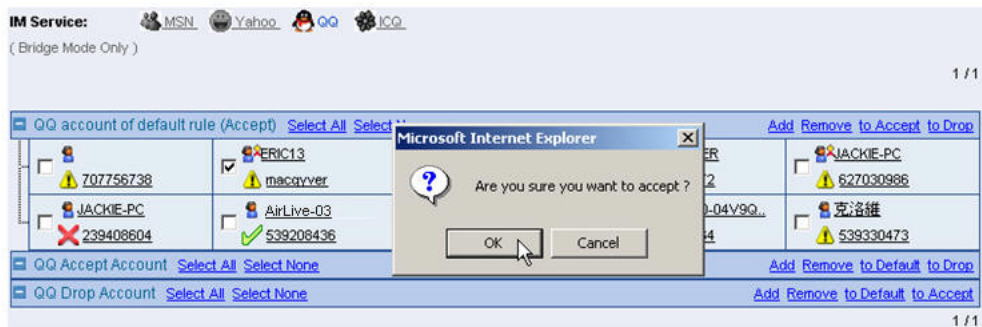


Figure 5-81 Confirm to move the account to accept account

Step2. Complete to move the IM account to accept account. (Figure 5-82)

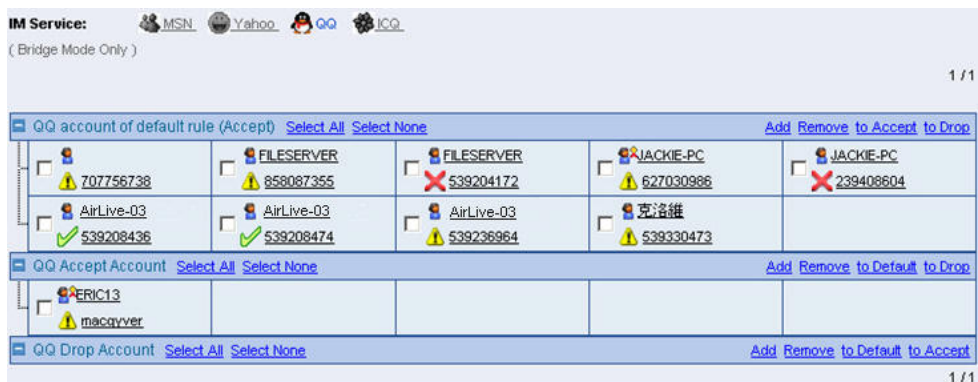


Figure 5-82 The account has been removed to accept account

Remove IM Account :

- Select the IM account and click **Remove**.

Add IM Account :

Step1. Select which IM service to add in IM Service function. For example, **MSN**. Click **Add** at the right column in **MSN Account of Default Rule**. (Figure 5-83)



Figure 5-83 Add MSN account of default rule

Step2. Enter the related information in the column of **Add Account Policy**. (Figure 5-84)

Add Account Policy	
IM Protocol	MSN
Account	hello@hotmail.com (Max. 128 characters)
Policy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Default <input type="checkbox"/> Accept <input type="checkbox"/> Drop
<div>OK Cancel</div>	

Figure 5-84 Enter the related information

Step3. Complete to add a MSN account to default rule. (Figure 5-85)



Figure 5-85 Complete to add the MSN account of default rule

Chapter 6 P2P Management

Default Rule

MIS engineer can make the default P2P rule, and he can also separately set the P2P rule for every P2P account in **User Rule**, and the P2P account will not affected by **Default Rule**.

Default Rule (Figure 6-1)

■ **Accept** : Always

Everyone can freely use the IM account.

■ **Drop** : Always

No one can use the IM account.



Figure 6-1 P2P Management Default Rule



IAR-5000 can manage the access right of P2P software type, including eDonkey, Bit Torrent, WinMX, Foxy, KuGoo, ApplieJuice, AudioGalaxy, DirectConnect, iMesh, MUTE, Thunder5

User Rule (Figure 6-2)

Types of User Rule :

■ Default Account :

When IAR-5000 detects new P2P accounts, it will define them to **Default Rule** and these accounts are **Default Account**. On the other hand, MIS engineer can **separately** set the P2P account to be **Accept Account** or **Drop Account**.

■ Accept Account

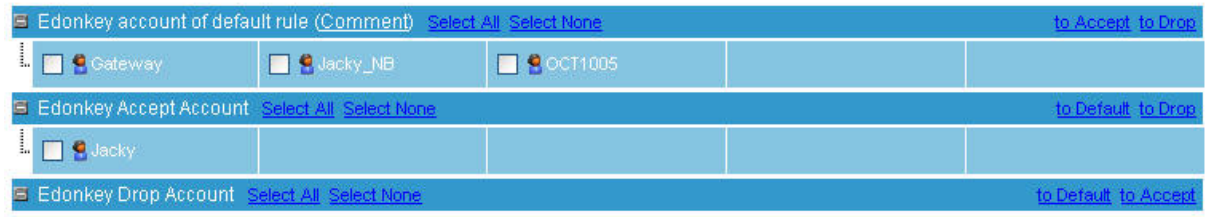
MIS engineer can assign the P2P account to be **accepted account** so that user can use the accepted account to log in P2P software without affecting by Default Rule.

■ Drop Account

MIS engineer can assign the P2P account to be **Drop Account** so that user can not use the Drop Account to log in P2P software. Drop Account will not affected by Default Rule.



1 / 1



1 / 1

Figure 6-2 P2P Management User Rule




P2P management only can provide or deny P2P Account the access right, but it can not create or remove P2P account in P2P Management.

Chapter 7 Record

IAR-5000 can record the user's internet activities, and administrator easy to manage all of the information by clearly group / department division. And assure the data transmission security and monitor the employee's internet activities. In other words, IAR-5000 can prevent the employee to use the network resources to access private activity via internet.

7.1 Setting

Service Definitions

- The IAR-5000 can auto online update every service definitions without disconnecting, if the internet service provider changed transmission mode.
- IAR-5000 can auto online update the service definitions every one hour. Or click  , the IAR-5000 can instant update the service definitions.

User name binds to IP / MAC address

- The log can be record depends on the user's IP address, when it comes from the same IP address, will be decide to be the same user. The function is especially focus on the Corporation which uses the static IP.
- The log can be record depends on the user's MAC address, when it comes from the same MAC address, will be decide to be the same user. Normally, the user's IP is the dynamic IP address (The Company use the DHCP).



When internal user want to link to the internet by IAR-5000 in front of the router, the MAC address of packets will be replaced in rounter's MAC address, then sent to IAR-5000. It's better to use the user name binds to IP address.

LAN to LAN record setting

- The IAR-5000 can record the transfer data records in LAN. (The data transfer process must pass through IAR-5000). It is suitable for the employee link to internet through company's internal proxy server.

The maximum entries to be displayed on the page

- In **Record** option, user can assign how much data to display in the page.

Default Character Encoding

- When the administrator does not specify which character encodes to use, then IAR-5000 will use default character encode to display the records.

HTTP cache setting

- System administrator can choose to enable the http cache setting, as IAR-5000 process the http recording.

Enable HTTP cache : IAR-5000 can record the browsed web pages by saving the whole web page contents, but it also wastes more disk space.

Disable HTTP cache : IAR-5000 can record the browsed web pages by saving the address links. The system administrator only can see the modified web pages if they've been modified. It only wastes less disk space to save these records.

7.2 User

IAR-5000 can record the user's internet activities, and administrator easy to manage all of the information by clearly group / department division. And assure the data transmission security and monitor the employee's internet activities. In other words, IAR-5000 can prevent the employee to use the network resources to access private activity via internet.

Monitor the internet record of the specific User

Step1. In **Record** → **User** → **Logged**, can select the division of user. (Click subnet or department / group) .(Figure 7-1, 7-2)

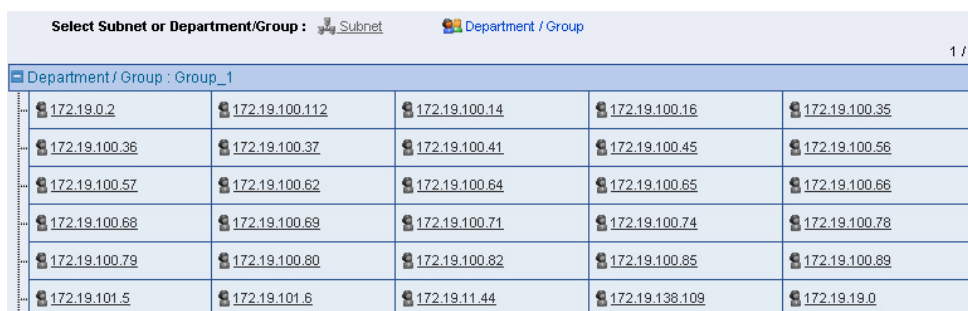




Select Subnet or Department/Group :  Subnet  Department / Group 1 / 1

Subnet : 172.19.0.0

 172.19.0.2	 172.19.1.254	 172.19.100.112	 172.19.100.14	 172.19.100.16
 172.19.100.35	 172.19.100.36	 172.19.100.37	 172.19.100.41	 172.19.100.45
 172.19.100.56	 172.19.100.57	 172.19.100.62	 172.19.100.64	 172.19.100.65
 172.19.100.66	 172.19.100.68	 172.19.100.69	 172.19.100.71	 172.19.100.74
 172.19.100.78	 172.19.100.79	 172.19.100.80	 172.19.100.82	 172.19.100.85

Figure 7-1 Select subnet classification



Select Subnet or Department/Group :  Subnet  Department / Group 1 / 1

Department / Group : Group_1


























 172.19.0.2	 172.19.100.112	 172.19.100.14	 172.19.100.16	 172.19.100.35
 172.19.100.36	 172.19.100.37	 172.19.100.41	 172.19.100.45	 172.19.100.56
 172.19.100.57	 172.19.100.62	 172.19.100.64	 172.19.100.65	 172.19.100.66
 172.19.100.68	 172.19.100.69	 172.19.100.71	 172.19.100.74	 172.19.100.78
 172.19.100.79	 172.19.100.80	 172.19.100.82	 172.19.100.85	 172.19.100.89
 172.19.101.5	 172.19.101.6	 172.19.11.44	 172.19.138.109	 172.19.19.0

Figure 7-2 Select department / group classification

Step2. Click the user to see (For example, use the **subnet 192.168.1.0, User of Jacky**), it shows the service record. (Figure 7-3)

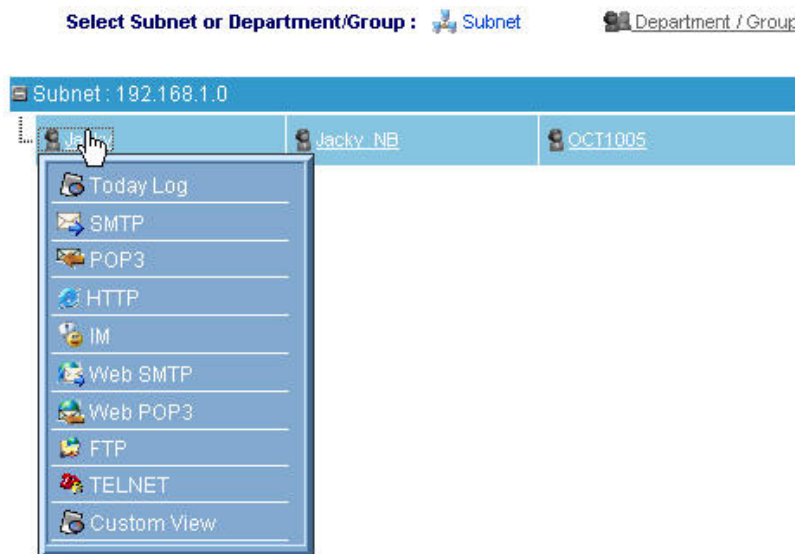


Figure 7-3 The service types of specific user

Step3. Click **Today Log**, to know what kind of internet activities has done by the employees.

Step4. Click the **event**, to know the content of the internet activities done by the user. (For example, HTTP)

Step5. Click **SMTP**, to know what kind of e-mail has sent by the user in SMTP service.

Step6. Click the record, it will show e-mail contents, and forward the mail to the specific mail box. And you can choose to open or save the attached file. (Figure 7-4)



Figure 7-4 The e-mail contents sent by the user

Step7. Click **POP3**, to know what kind of e-mail has received by the user in POP3 service.

Step8. Click the record, it shows the e-mail contents, and users can also forward this e-mail to the specific e-mail box. The user can also choose to open or save the attachment.
(Figure 7-5)



Figure 7-5 The e-mail contents received by the user

Step9. Click **HTTP**, to know which web page did the user browsed.

Step10. Click the record, it shows the web page.

Step11. Click **IM**, to know who has made the conversation with the user. The number at right side represents the frequency of the conversation. (Figure 7-6)

2006-08-08 (1 records)				1 / 1
Rayearth (IM)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dialogue Duration	Participants		
<input type="checkbox"/>	08/08 09:47:17 -- 10:08:38 (21.21 min.)	-	richardwu22@msn.com	15
				1 / 1
				<input checked="" type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>

Figure 7-6 The user's MSN service record

Step12. Click the number of **15** at the right side, then it shows the conversation contents.

Step13. Click **Web SMTP**, to know what kind of E-Mail has the user sent in Web SMTP.

- Step14.** Click the recorded subject, then it shows the e-mail contents, and it can be opened or saved.
- Step15.** Click **Web POP3**, to know what kind of e-mail has the user received in Web POP3.
- Step16.** Click the **Subject**, it shows the e-mail contents.



If the mail included the attached file, but user only read the mail content from Web POP3 records without downloading the attached file. Then IAR-5000 will only notice the user about the mail has attached file and also its file name.

- Step17.** Click **FTP**, to know what kind of files has the user upload or download.
- Step18.** Click the record, it shows **File Download** window, and choose to open or save.
- (Figure 7-7)

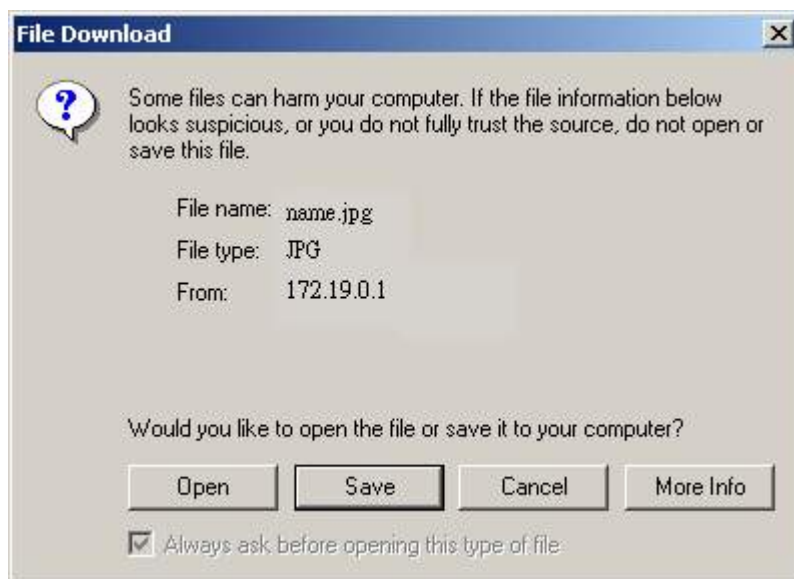


Figure 7-7 Download the file from FTP

- Step19.** Click **TELNET**, to know which site has the user login. (Figure 7-8)

2006-07-28 (1 records)			
Rayearth (TELNET)			
1 / 1			
	Date / Time	Host Name	Detail
<input type="checkbox"/>	07/28 09:45 -- 07/28 09:45 (0.4 分)	bbs.kkcity.com.tw	
1 / 1			
Clear <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clear All			

Figure 7-8 The user's record in Telnet service

Step20. Click **view the content**, then it shows the contents. (Figure 7-9)

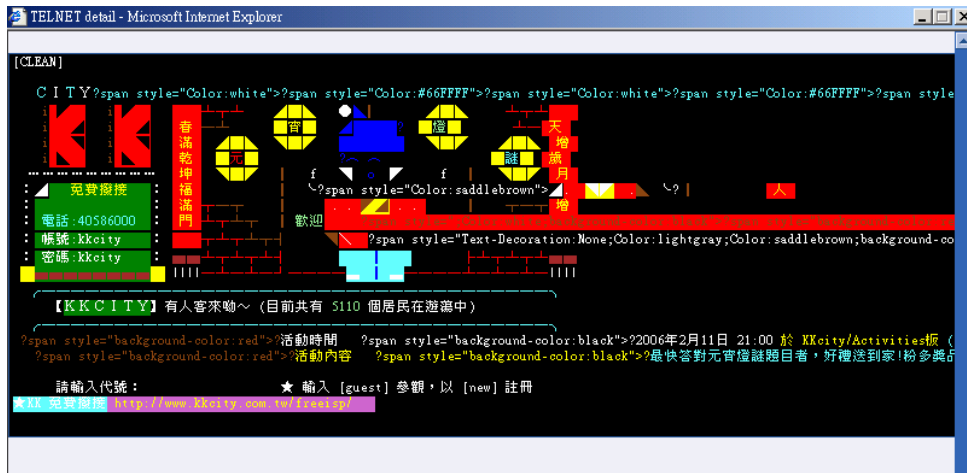


Figure 7-9 It shows the contents when user's Log in

7.3 Service

IAR-5000 includes eight services, it can let the MIS easy to manage all the information, insecure the security of data transmission, and monitor the employees who use the network resources to access personal activities.

- (1) **SMTP** : Record the e-mail sent by the user mail server.
- (2) **POP3** : Record the e-mail received by the user through mail server.
- (3) **HTTP** : Record the web page browsed by the user.
- (4) **IM** : Record the communication record of IM (For example, MSN, Yahoo Messenger, I CQ) .
- (5) **Web SMTP** : Record the e-mail sent by the user through the internet mail box. (For example, Yahoo, Gmail, Hotmail) .
- (6) **Web POP3** : Record the user's browsed e-mail in internet mail box.(For example, Yahoo, Gmail, Hotmail)
- (7) **FTP** : Record the user's files sent by FTP tool.
- (8) **TELNET** : Record the user's browsed records of Telnet and BBS.

Search

- According to the characteristic and keywords of mail recipient, sender, subject, name and specific date in the mail attachment, we can offer POP3, SMTP, WebPOP3, Web SMTP services, to search the mail record saved in IAR-5000. The function icon is 「 🔍 」.

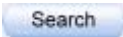


- ◆ In the SMTP, for example :
 1. **Sender** enter the key words about e-mail account
 2. Select **attach**.
 3. Click  (Figure 7-10)

Figure 7-10 Search the specific record in SMTP

- According to the file name, PC name, user name, file size, specific date, some key words and characters, the administrator can use the FTP service to search the files in IAR-5000.
 - ◆ We will make some settings in FTP search function.
 1. **User Name** Enter js26.
 2. **Size** Choose over 1KB.
 3. Click 

Forward :

- The system administrator can choose some records to forward to the specific mail box, according to the search results in POP3 and SMTP. In other words, the records backup function will be more flexible.
- ◆ We will add some settings in this function menu.
 1. Select the record to forward.
 2. Click forward icon 「」.
 3. It shows the forward dialogue box, enter the sender e-mail address, Click **OK**.

SMTP Record

- Step1.** Click **Record → Service → SMTP**, it shows SMTP window.
- Step2.** Click **Subject** to view the e-mail contents.
- Step3.** It shows the mail contents sent by the user.



It can show the mail contents, forward function, and the MIS engineer can choose to view or save the attachment.

POP3 Record

- Step1.** Click **Record → Service → POP3**.
- Step2.** Click **Subject**, to view the mail contents.
- Step3.** It shows the mail contents sent by the user.



It shows the mail contents, and then forwards it. On the other hands, the attachment also can be viewed or saved.

HTTP Record

- Step1.** Click **Record** → **Service** → **HTTP**.
- Step2.** Click **Web Site** to view.
- Step3.** It shows the web site record. (Figure 7-11)

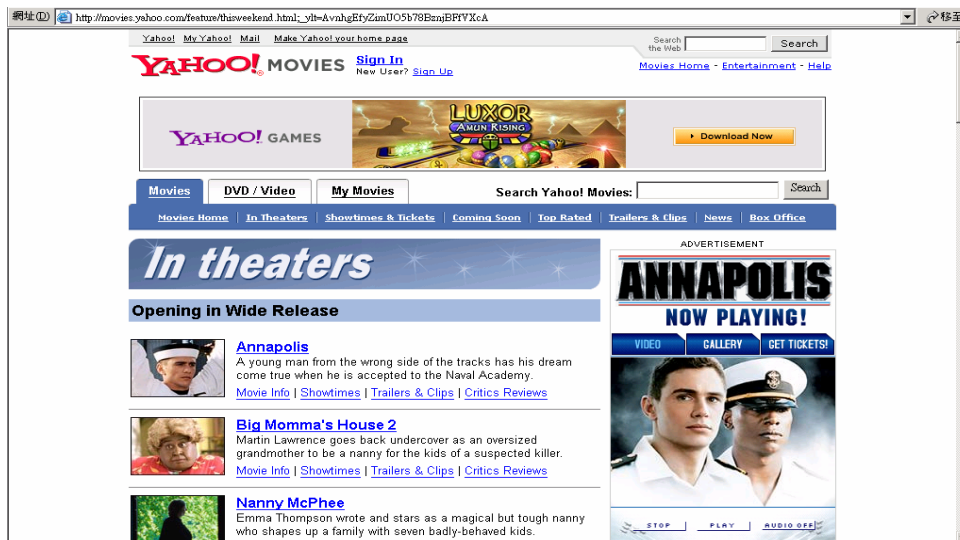
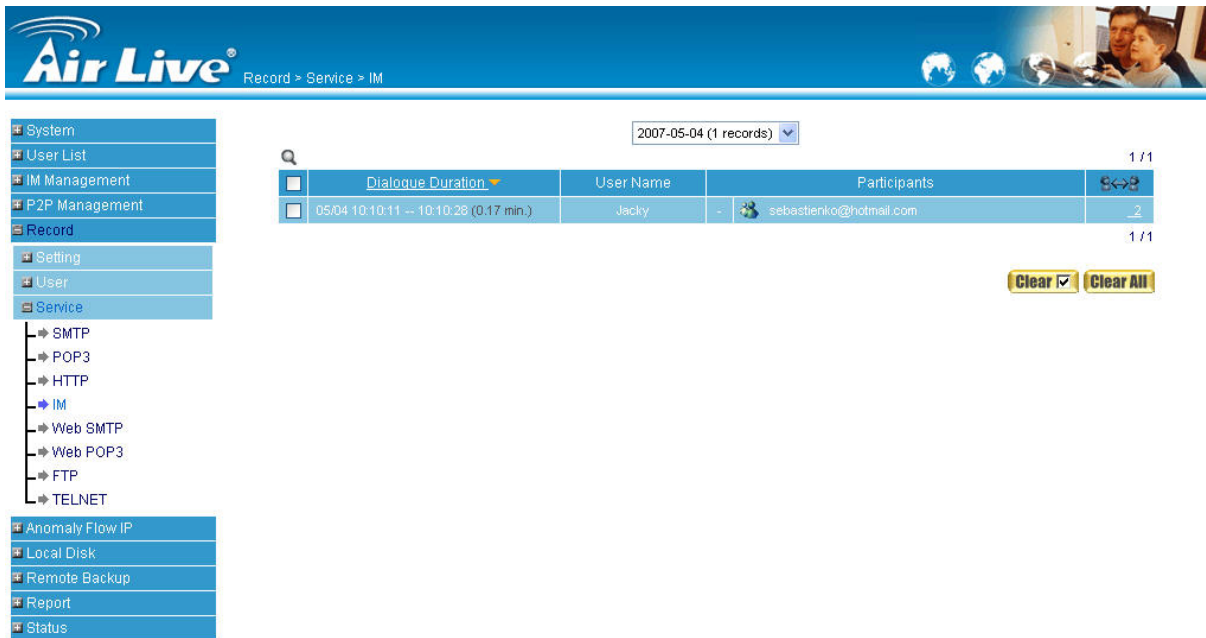


Figure 7-11 The user's web site record

IM Record

Step1. Click **Record** → **Service** → **IM**. (Figure 7-12)



The screenshot shows the Air Live web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Air Live logo and the breadcrumb "Record > Service > IM". On the left, a sidebar menu lists various system functions, with "IM" highlighted under the "Service" category. The main content area displays a table of IM records for the date 2007-05-04. The table has columns for "Dialogue Duration", "User Name", "Participants", and a status icon. A single record is shown for the duration "05/04 10:10:11 -- 10:10:28 (0.17 min.)" involving "Jacky" and "sebastienko@hotmail.com". Below the table are "Clear" and "Clear All" buttons.

	Dialogue Duration ▼	User Name	Participants	
<input type="checkbox"/>	05/04 10:10:11 -- 10:10:28 (0.17 min.)	Jacky	- sebastienko@hotmail.com	1 / 1

Figure 7-12 IM

Step2. Click the **IM** record to view. (Figure 7-13)



This screenshot is a zoomed-in view of the IM record table from the previous figure. It shows the same table structure and the single record for "Jacky" and "sebastienko@hotmail.com". The "Clear" and "Clear All" buttons are visible at the bottom right.

	Dialogue Duration ▼	User Name	Participants	
<input type="checkbox"/>	05/04 10:10:11 -- 10:10:28 (0.17 min.)	Jacky	- sebastienko@hotmail.com	1 / 1

Figure 7-13 Click the IM record

Step3. It shows the communication contents. (Figure 7-14)

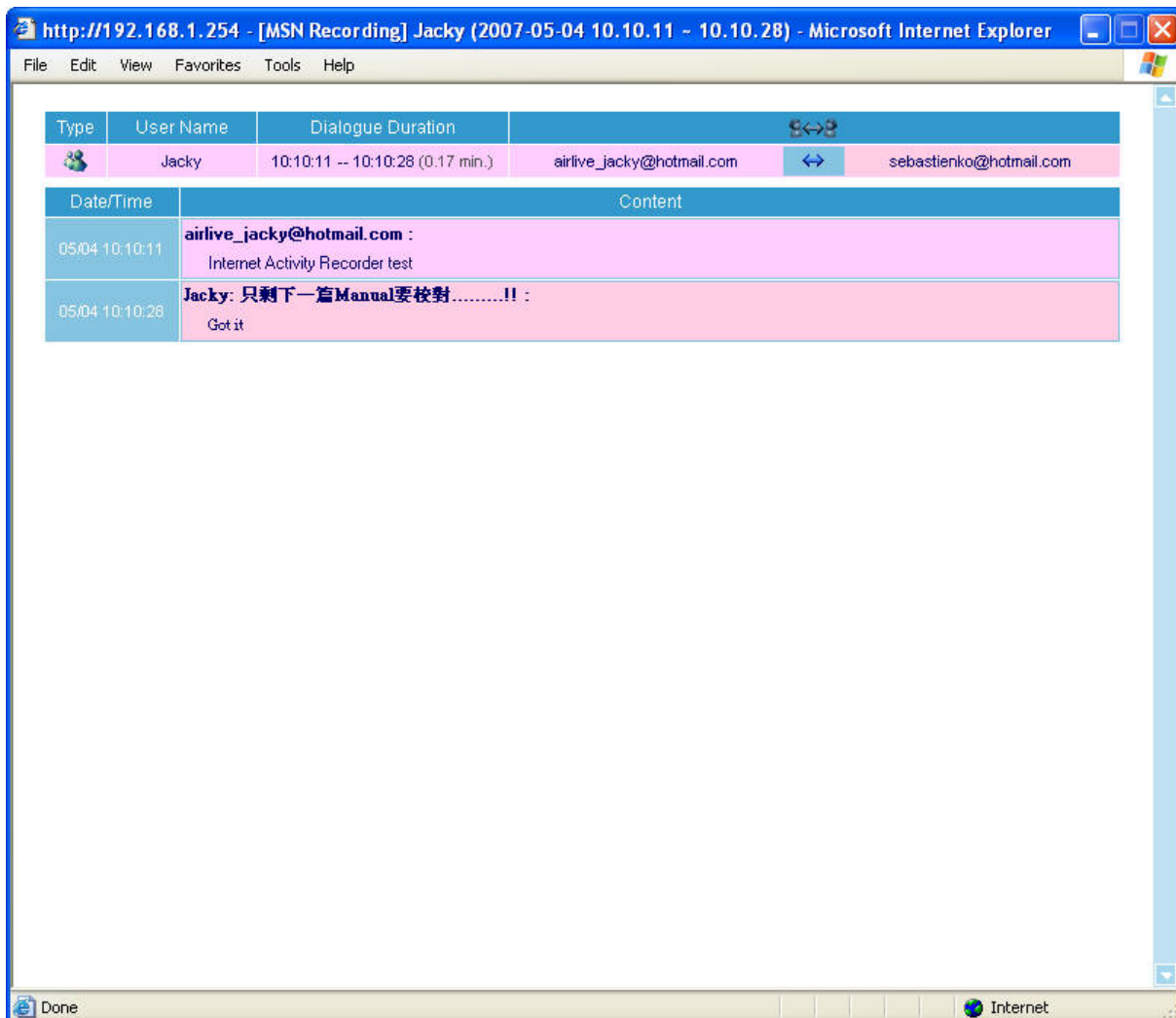


Figure 7-14 The communication contents

Web SMTP Record

Step1. Click **Record** → **Service** → **Web SMTP**. (Figure 7-15)

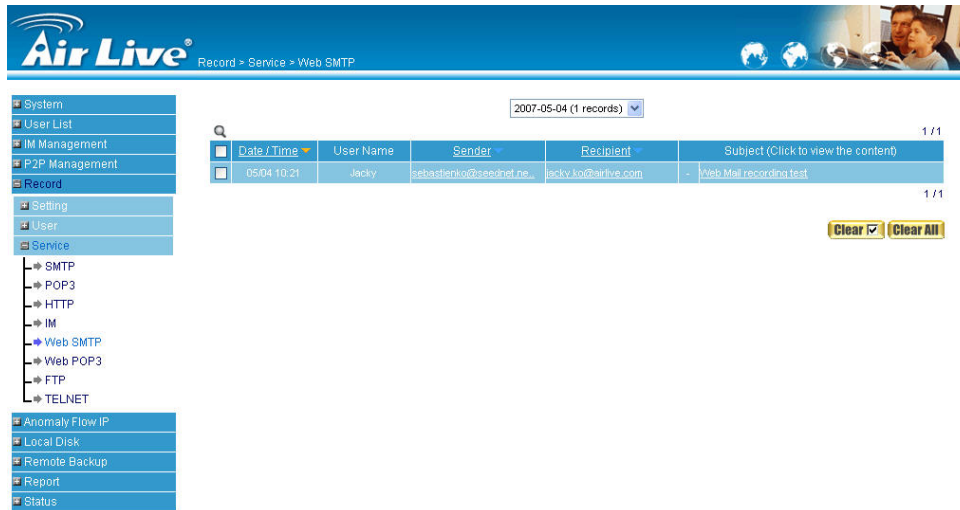


Figure 7-15 Web SMTP

Step2. Click **Subject** to view the e-mail content. (Figure 7-16)



Figure 7-16 Click the subject in Web SMTP

Step3. It shows the Web mail content sent by the user. (Figure 1-37)

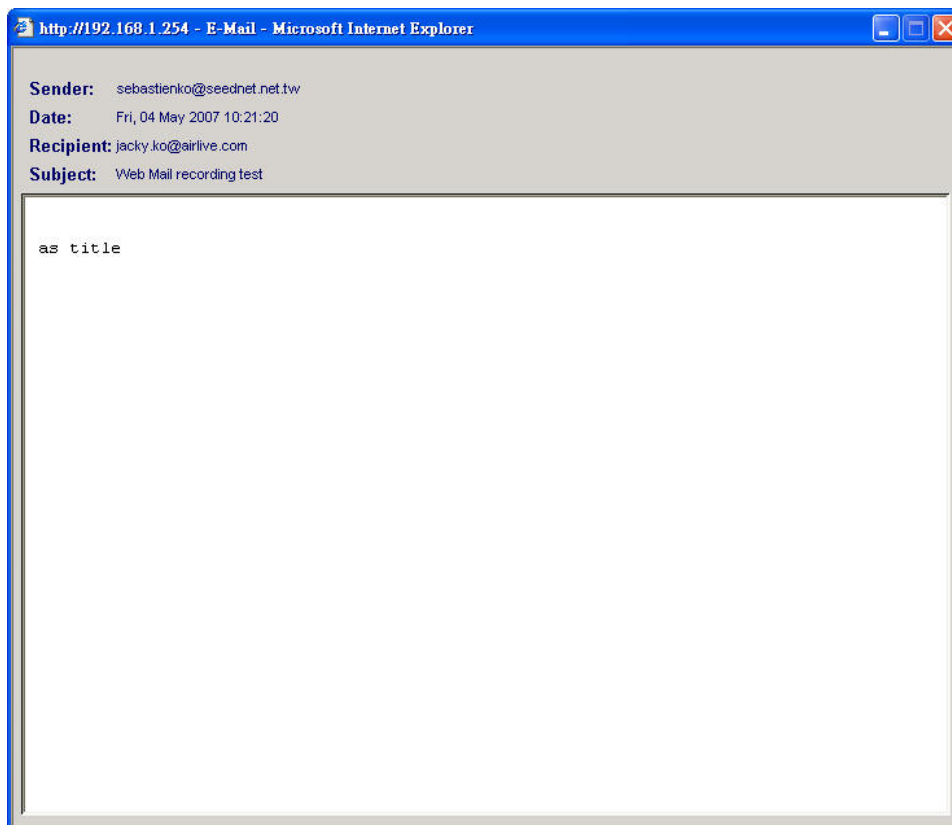


Figure 7-17 The mail content in Web SMTP



This window shows the mail content, and the user can select to view or save the attachment.

Web POP3 Record

Step1. Click **Record** → **Service** → **Web POP3**. (Figure 7-18)

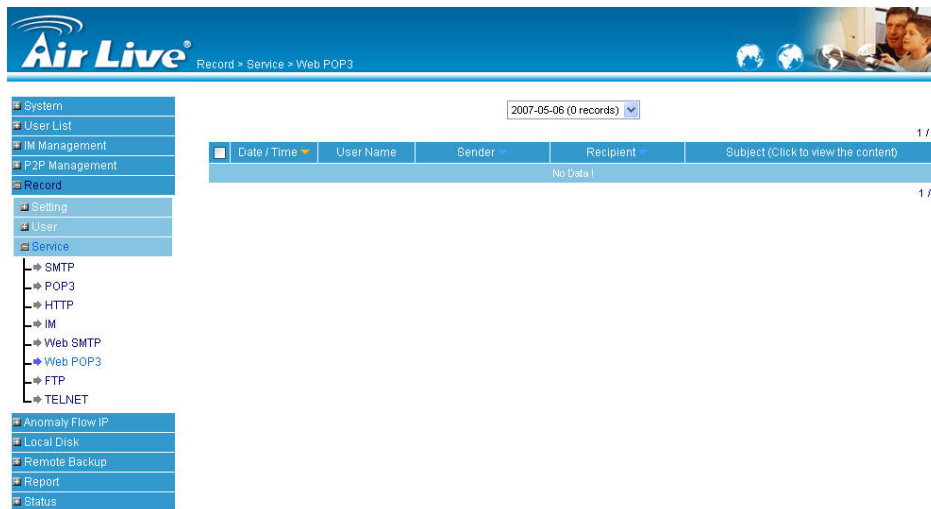


Figure 7-18 Web POP3

Step2. Click the **Subject** to view the mail content. (Figure 7-19)

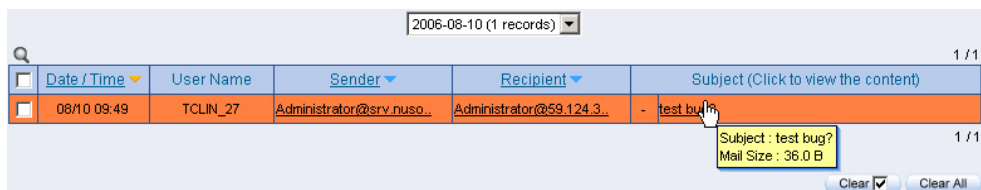


Figure 7-19 Click the subject in Web POP3

Step3. It shows the web mail contents browsed by the user. (Figure 7-20)

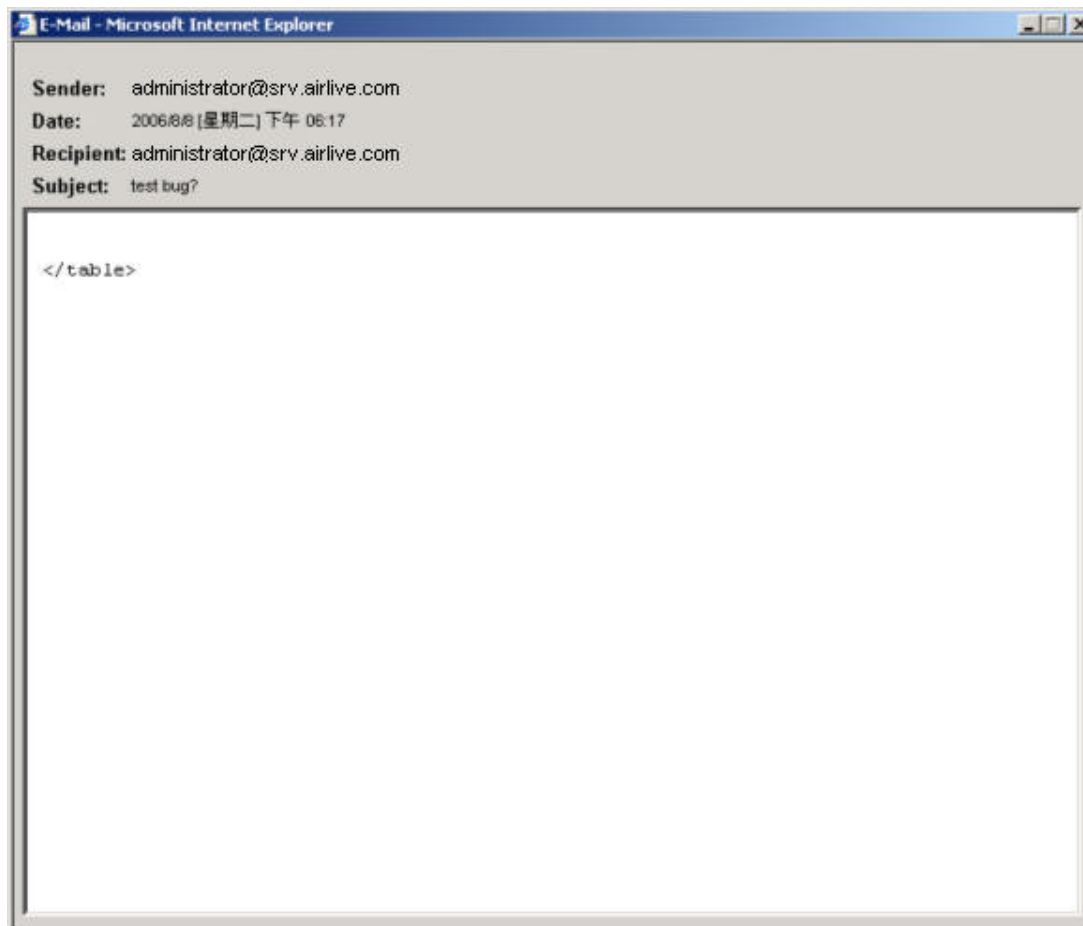


Figure 7-20 The mail content in Web POP3



It shows the mail content, and the user can choose to view or save the attachment.

FTP Record

Step1. Click **Record** → **Service** → **FTP**.

Step2. Click the FTP record to view. (Figure 7-21)



	Date / Time	User Name	Host Name	Login ID : Password	Direction	File Name	Size
	03/21 09:56	192.168.139.85	59.124.36.163	steve : steve	Download	FlexLexer.h	2 KB

Figure 7-21 Click the FTP record

Step3. The user can select to open or save files via the FTP tools. (Figure 7-23)

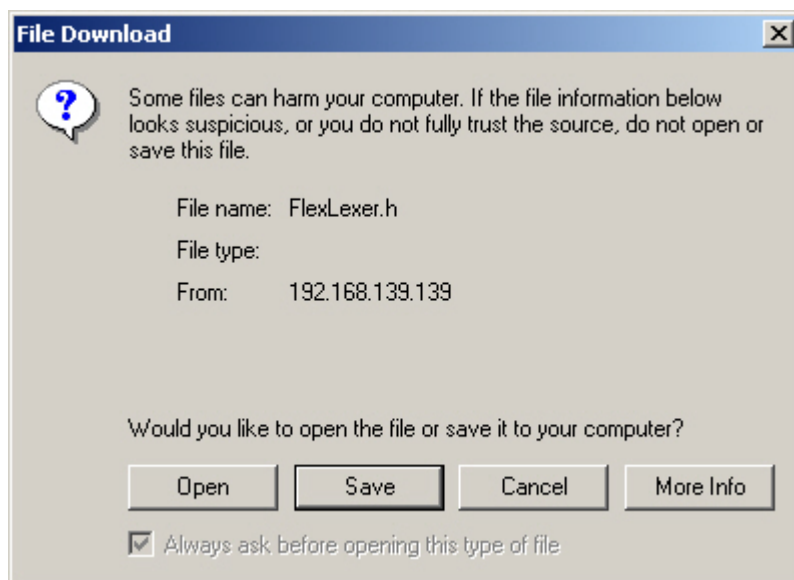


Figure 7-23 To open or save the file

Telnet Record

Step1. Click **Record** → **Service** → **TELNET**. (Figure 7-24)

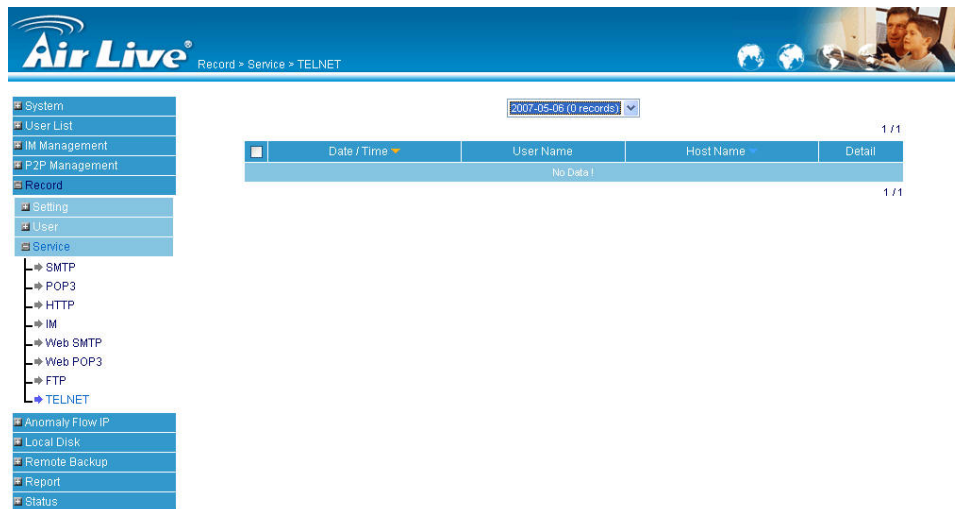


Figure 7-24 TELNET

Step2. Click the **TELNET** content to view.

Step3. It shows the TELNET content. (Figure 7-25)

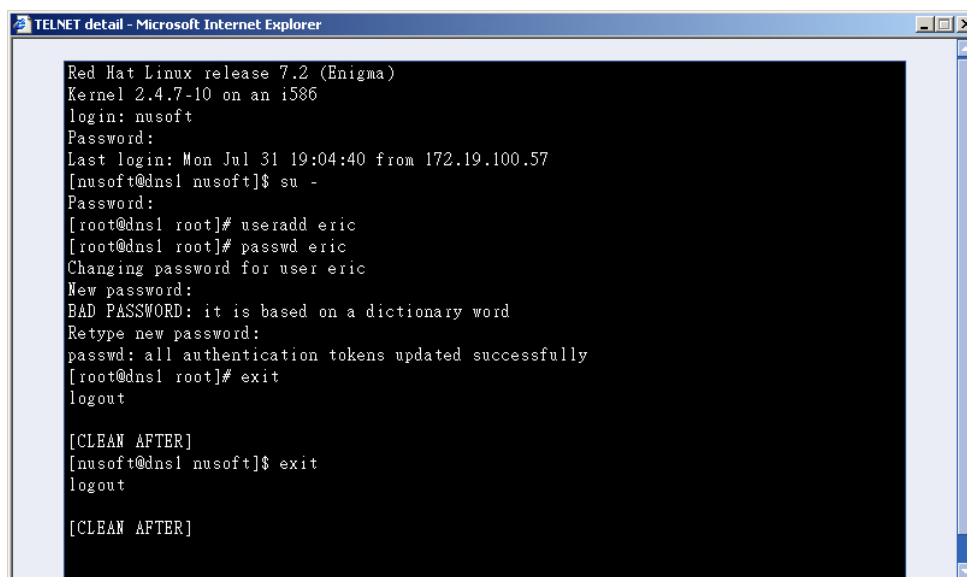


Figure 7-25 The TELNET content

Chapter 8 Anomaly Flow IP

IAR-5000 can block the internal anomaly mount of packets sent from external hackers and also included the mechanism of co-defense system, can enhance the enterprise network security and stability.

In this chapter, we will make the introduction and settings of Anomaly Flow IP.

The threshold sessions of anomaly flow (per source IP)

- When the session number (per source IP) has over the limitation of anomaly flow sessions per source IP, then IAR-5000 will take this kind of IP to be anomaly flow IP and make some actions. For example, block the anomaly flow IP or send the notification)

Anomaly Flow IP Blocking

- IAR-5000 can block the sessions of anomaly flow IP.

Notification

- IAR-5000 can notice the user and system administrator by e-mail or NetBIOS notification as any anomaly flow occurred.

Co-Defense System

- IAR-5000 has the co-defense mechanism which can integrate the switch, so that can enhance the enterprise network security protection.

Non-detected IP

- System administrator can set which IP address to be the non-detected IP, it is because some of these IP provide amount of services, so that will let IAR-5000 define it to be anomaly flow IP. We can use this function to avoid the problem.

Set the anomaly flow setting alarm and block the intrusion packets which sent by internal virus-infected PCs.

Step1. In Anomaly IP → Setting :

- Set The threshold sessions of anomaly flow(per source IP) (The default setting is 100 Session / Sec) .
- Select Enable Anomaly Flow IP Blocking , and set the Blocking Time (The default setting is 60 seconds) .
- Select **Enable E-Mail Alarm Notification**.
- Select **Enable NetBIOS Alarm Notification**.
- IP Address of Administrator, enter 172.19.100.254.
- Select enable co-defense system, and enter the IP address of switch, user name and password.
- Click OK.

Step2. Set the Non-detected IP :

- Click **New Entry**.
- Enter the **IP Address** and **Netmask**. (Figure 8-1)
- Click **OK**. (Figure 8-2)

Add new IP Address	
IP Address	172.19.100.111
Netmask	255.255.255.255 (255.255.255.255 means the specified PC)
(255.255.255.0 means class C subnet)	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

Figure 8-1 Enter the ip and netmask

Non-detected IP	
IP Address / Netmask	Configure
172.19.100.111 / 255.255.255.255	<input type="button" value="Modify"/> <input type="button" value="Remove"/>
<input type="button" value="New Entry"/>	

Figure 8-2 Complete the setting

After complete the alarm setting, if the system has detected that there are many intrusion packets, it will show the alert message in Virus – Infected IP, or send NetBIOS alert message to the virus – infected user and MIS engineer’s PC. (Figure 8-3)

Threshold Sessions / Sec: 100			
User Name	Virus-Infected IP	MAC Address	Alarm Time
AIRLIVE_2007	172.19.50.7	00:01:80:5F:B0:6C	2006-02-23 15:49:52
<div>ClearDownload</div>			

Figure 8-3 The alarm message in internal virus–infected IP

If the system administrator selects **Anomaly Flow IP→ Setting→ Enable E-Mail Alert Notification**, the IAR-5000 will automatic send the mail to alarm the system administrator. (Figure 8-4)

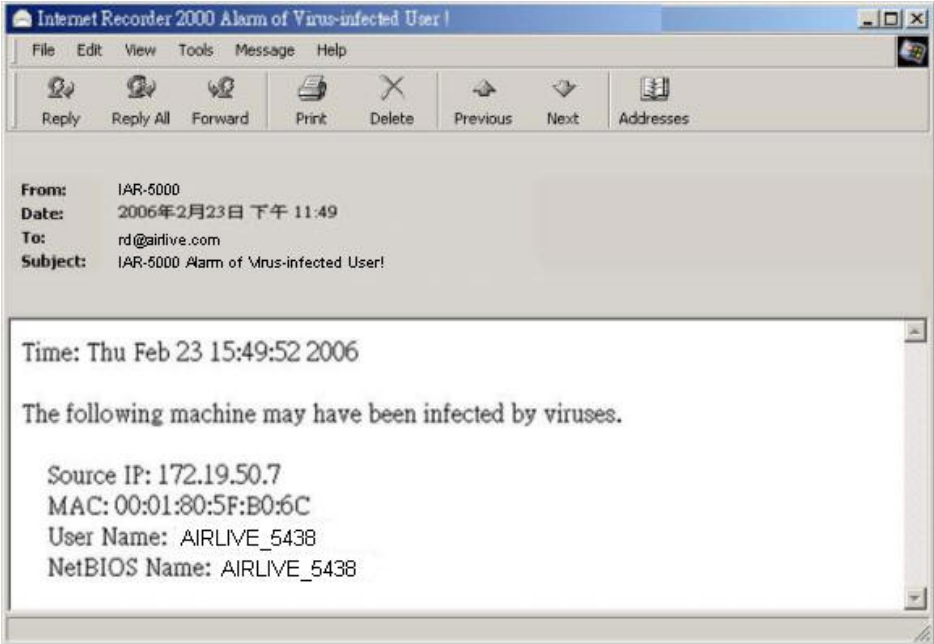


Figure 8-4 The E-Mail notification of virus – infected IP

When we complete the notification setting, the system will instant show the message at intrusion IP or send NetBIOS alarm notification to the invader and administrator 's PC after system has detected there are many intrusion packets from the external computer. (Figure 8-5)

Threshold Sessions / Sec: 100	
Intrusion IP	Alarm Time
172.29.50.12	2006-02-23 16:27:57
Clear Download	

Figure 8-5 The notification of intrusion IP

If the system administrator selects **Anomaly Flow IP → Setting → Enable E-Mail Alert Notification**, the IAR-5000 will automatic send the mail notification to system administration.

Chapter 9 Local Disk

MIS engineer can easily know the current disk utilization included disk space and the estimated disk utilization and percentage of 8 services depends on the storage time that MIS engineer had set.

9.1 Storage Time

Total Hard Disk Space

- The total hard disk space in IAR-5000.

Estimated Storage Utilization and Percentage

- IAR-5000 can estimate how much does the service utilization take part of total storage space and its percentage depends on daily average service flow and storage time. (Figure 9-1)

Average Size / Day :

- The average flows in a day.

Duration (y / m / d) :

- It means the duration of storage time. Use A.D. mode to display, include the year, month, and date. For example, 06/01/15~06/02/15.

Storage Time :

- We can set the storage time depends on the real network usage of the company. (0 day means No Recording).

Total Hard Disk Space : 230 GBytes			
Estimated Storage Utilization and Percentage : Total (6.03 GB, 2.44%)			
SMTP (209.12 MB, 0.08%) POP3 (215.91 MB, 0.09%) HTTP (941.91 MB, 0.38%) IM (5.20 MB, 0.00%)			
Web SMTP (21.64 MB, 0.01%) Web POP3 (2.69 MB, 0.00%) FTP (4.64 GB, 1.88%) TELNET (1.14 MB, 0.00%)			
Service	Average Size / Day	Duration (y/m/d)	Storage Time (Range: 0 ~ 999, 0: No Recording)
SMTP	29.87 MB	06/08/02 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
POP3	30.84 MB	06/08/02 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
HTTP	134.56 MB	06/08/03 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
IM	743.04 KB	06/08/03 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
Web SMTP	3.09 MB	06/08/02 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
Web POP3	384.50 KB	06/08/02 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
FTP	662.27 MB	06/08/02 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days
TELNET	163.24 KB	06/08/03 ~ 06/08/08	7 Days

Figure 9-1 The storage duration

9.2 Disk Space

Hard Disk Utilization : (Figure 9-2)

- The 8-recorded services are displayed in different colors, the white color represents the free disk space .Use the mouse point to each color, it shows the service name and the 8-recorded services utilization in the storage disk.

The 8-Recorded Services Utilization:

- It will arrange the TOP 10 user by the service utilization in graphic charts, it depends on the 8-recorded services of SMTP, POP3, HTTP, IM, Web SMTP, Web POP3, FTP, TELNET.

SMTP				POP3			
NO.	User Name	MBytes		NO.	User Name	MBytes	
1	172.19.50.6	<div></div>	96.16 45.98%	1	172.19.100.82	<div></div>	45.19 20.83%
2	JOSH12	<div></div>	42.67 20.40%	2	Rayearth	<div></div>	40.50 18.76%
3	JULIE	<div></div>	21.30 10.19%	3	JULIE	<div></div>	29.50 13.67%
4	DXJ	<div></div>	11.85 5.67%	4	172.19.100.45	<div></div>	19.52 9.04%
5	COMPUTERCANDY	<div></div>	11.18 5.35%	5	ADFIN01	<div></div>	18.96 8.78%
6	Rayearth	<div></div>	10.44 4.99%	6	AIRLIVE-WIN	<div></div>	13.57 6.29%
7	172.19.100.89	<div></div>	3.55 1.70%	7	172.19.100.71	<div></div>	7.07 3.28%
8	172.19.100.81	<div></div>	2.55 1.22%	8	172.19.100.81	<div></div>	6.95 3.22%
9	AIRLIVE-WIN	<div></div>	2.13 1.02%	9	COMPUTERCANDY	<div></div>	6.68 3.09%
10	172.19.100.71	<div></div>	1.64 0.78%	10	JACKIE-PC	<div></div>	6.19 2.87%
Total Used Disk Space: 209.12 MB				Total Used Disk Space: 215.91 MB			
HTTP				IM			
NO.	User Name	MBytes		NO.	User Name	MBytes	
1	172.19.50.11	<div></div>	149.02 18.31%	1	JERRY	<div></div>	2.38 53.38%
2	172.19.100.82	<div></div>	135.39 16.64%	2	Rayearth	<div></div>	0.68 15.22%
3	AIRLIVE-WIN	<div></div>	108.67 13.35%	3	172.19.100.31	<div></div>	0.59 13.29%
4	Rayearth	<div></div>	57.77 7.10%	4	我是點六	<div></div>	0.58 13.29%
5	COMPUTER001	<div></div>	37.11 4.58%	5	JULIE	<div></div>	0.12 2.78%
6	172.19.50.6	<div></div>	33.39 4.10%	6	172.19.100.45	<div></div>	0.07 1.55%
7	172.19.100.45	<div></div>	28.63 3.52%	7	172.19.50.6	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.19%
8	JU07	<div></div>	27.32 3.36%	8	JACK54	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.10%
9	COMPUTER001	<div></div>	27.31 3.36%	9	超級76	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.09%
10	JERRY	<div></div>	20.51 2.52%	10	DAVID	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.04%
Total Used Disk Space: 813.72 MB				Total Used Disk Space: 4.46 MB			
Web SMTP				Web POP3			
NO.	User Name	MBytes		NO.	User Name	MBytes	
1	JERRY	<div></div>	16.72 77.27%	1	JERRY	<div></div>	1.28 47.55%
2	172.19.100.45	<div></div>	4.03 18.64%	2	172.19.50.16	<div></div>	1.03 38.30%
3	JOY-VMXP	<div></div>	0.77 3.54%	3	172.19.50.6	<div></div>	0.19 7.04%
4	172.19.50.6	<div></div>	0.11 0.53%	4	TCLIN_27	<div></div>	0.15 5.69%
5	TCLIN_27	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.01%	5	COMPUTER001	<div></div>	0.02 0.80%
6	172.19.100.62	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.01%	6	JOSH12	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.33%
7	JOSH12	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.01%	7	Rayearth	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.18%
8	COMPUTER001	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.00%	8	我是點六	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.11%
9	172.19.50.11	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.00%	9	172.19.100.82	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.10%
10	172.19.50.16	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.00%	10	JACKIE-PC	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.03%
Total Used Disk Space: 21.64 MB				Total Used Disk Space: 2.69 MB			
FTP				TELNET			
NO.	User Name	GBytes		NO.	User Name	kBytes	
1	Rayearth	<div></div>	2.58 55.86%	1	172.19.100.82	<div></div>	584.22 59.85%
2	172.19.100.81	<div></div>	1.25 26.89%	2	JERRY	<div></div>	90.40 9.24%
3	172.19.100.45	<div></div>	0.44 9.51%	3	DAVID	<div></div>	76.09 7.77%
4	172.19.100.82	<div></div>	0.31 6.60%	4	SUKENT77	<div></div>	75.94 7.75%
5	JOSH12	<div></div>	0.05 1.08%	5	172.19.100.31	<div></div>	72.63 7.42%
6	SIMSAN	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.19%	6	COMPUTERCANDY	<div></div>	22.99 2.35%
7	JERRY	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.04%	7	172.19.100.45	<div></div>	17.69 1.81%
8	172.19.50.11	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.03%	8	DXJ	<div></div>	9.67 0.99%
9	172.19.100.31	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.00%	9	JUSTIN72	<div></div>	9.11 0.93%
10	SIMSAN	<div></div>	< 0.01 0.00%	10	JERRY	<div></div>	5.47 0.56%
Total Used Disk Space: 4.64 GB				Total Used Disk Space: 979.43 KB			

Figure 9-2 The Storage disk information

Chapter 10 Remote Backup

MIS engineer can backup the IAR-5000 recorded files to remote NAS or file server.

Advantages of remote backup :

1. No storage limitation.
2. To avoid losing recorded files. For example, the records are removed by IAR-5000 when over the storage time or system makes the unpredictable errors.
3. MIS engineer can still browse the remote share directory which contains the backup files.
Please refer to **Chapter 6 (Service)** for more information.

Remote Hard Disk

- It is where the remote share directory located.

Connection Status of Remote Hard Disk

- **Connection Status** : To show if IAR-5000 can connect to remote hard disk.
- **Disk Space for Backup** : To show the needed disk space for backup.
- **Hard Disk Utilization** : To show the total remote hard disk space and remained disk space.

E-mail Setting

- IAR-5000 will send the mail notice to recipient after backup completed.

Backup Setting

- **Backup Path** : MIS engineer can set the IP address, Computer Name, Shared Directory Name, Login ID and Password.
- **Service** : Select the Service type to backup.
- **Backup starts at** : MIS engineer can set the specific time to process automatic remote backup.

Backup Immediately

- MIS engineer can set IAR-5000 to backup the record at specific time.

Browse Setting

- If the backup directory is full, then MIS engineer can modify the setting and backup the files to the other directory. If MIS engineer want to check the original backup records then he can make the Browse Setting and see the contents of backup directory in **Remote Backup → Service**. But IAR-5000 still backup the record to the assigned backup directory according to the setting of **Remote Backup → Backup**.
- ◆ Assume the MIS engineer has set a backup directory for each month, for example, **July 2006**, **August 2006**, **September 2006**, **October 2006** etc. **Now is October 2006**, so that all the backup records will be recorded in this folder of **October 2006**. But if MIS engineer want to look up the record in **July 2006** then he must set the **backup folder to be July 2006** in **Remote Backup → Setting → Browse**. And he can also look up the record in July 2006 in **Remote Backup → Service**.

To set the backup folder

Step1. Select **The recorder appliance sends mail notice after backup had completed**
(Figure 10-1)



Figure 10-1 Set the mail notice setting

Step2. To set the backup path.

- ◆ Enter the Computer Name / IP.
- ◆ Enter the name of Shared Directory.
- ◆ Enter the login ID for IAR-5000 to login.
- ◆ Enter the password for IAR-5000 to login (Figure 10-2)



Figure 10-2 Set the backup path

Step3. Click **Test** ,and system shows a pop up window. MIS engineer can click **Connection Test** to see if IAR-5000 can connect to the remote shared directory. (Figure 10-3)

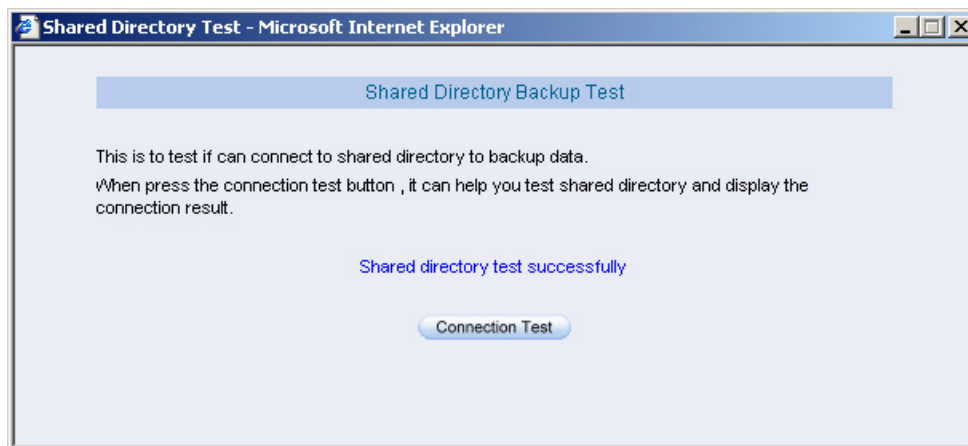


Figure 10-3 To test if IAR-5000 can connect to remote backup folder

Step4. Select the **Service** type to backup and also choose the backup time then click **OK**.
(Figure 10-4)

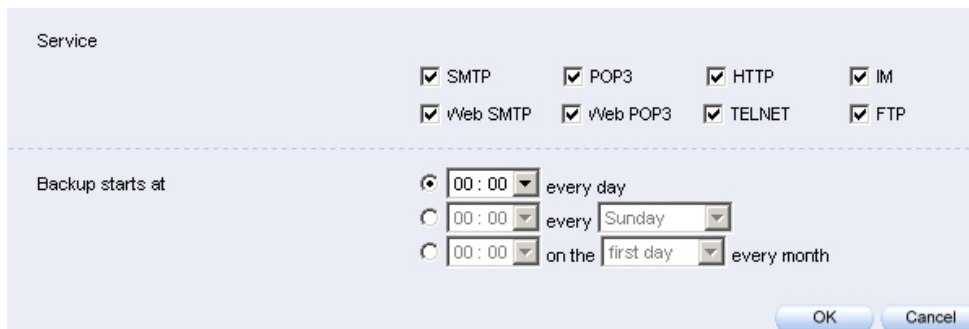


Figure 10-4 Select the service to backup and choose backup time

◆ If IAR-5000 can connect to the remote backup disk then system will show the message in Connection Status of Remote Hard Disk (Figure 10-5)

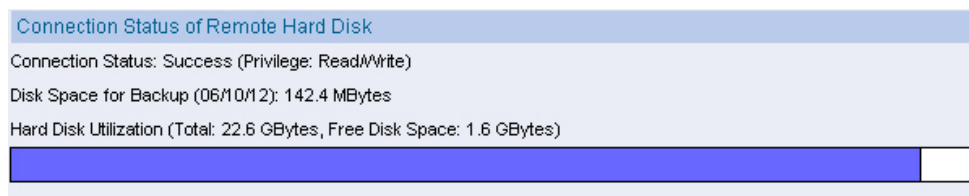


Figure 10-5 Connection Status of Remote Hard Disk

Step5. The IAR-5000 will backup the records to the IP address that MIS engineer had set in **Backup Setting → Computer Name / IP at 00:00 AM**. (Figure 10-6)

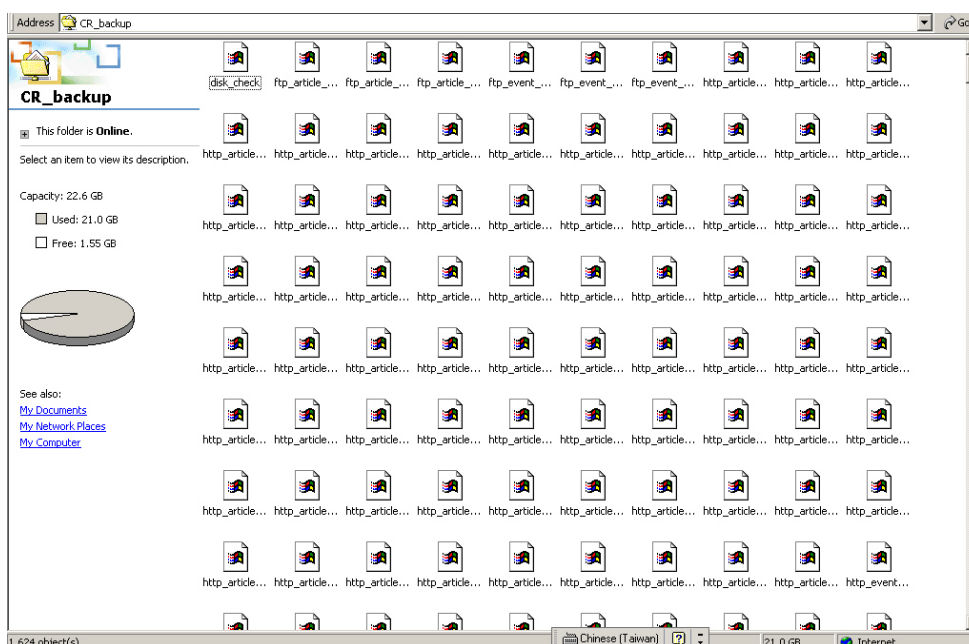


Figure 10-6 Remote shared directory

To set Backup Immediately

- Step1.** Select the backup time.
- Step2.** Select the service type to backup.
- Step3.** Click **OK** (Figure 10-7)

Backup Immediately

Disk Space for Backup (06/10/06 - 06/10/11): 2.0 MBytes

☒ From 2006 / 10 / 06

To 2006 / 10 / 11

Service

☐ SMTP ☐ POP3 ☐ HTTP ☒ IM

☐ vWeb SMTP ☐ vWeb POP3 ☐ TELNET ☐ FTP

OK

Figure 10-7 Set backup immediately

- Step4.** IAR-5000 will send mail notice after backup completed. (Figure 10-8)

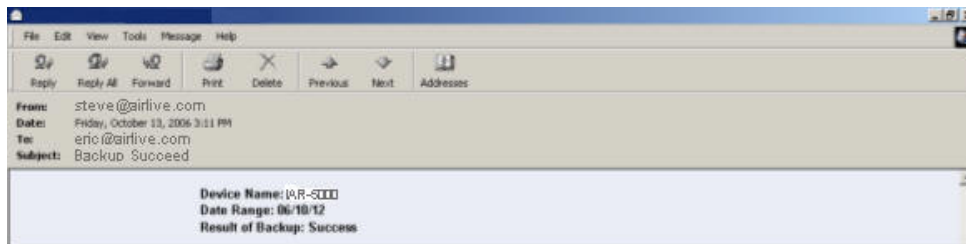


Figure 10-8 Send the mail notice after backup completed

Backup the record of Shared Directory

If MIS engineer want to backup the remote backup record of shared directory to other place, for example, to backup the contents by Compact Disc or backup the records of specific day to other folder, then MIS engineer must prepare the following files.

- The way to name the files in shared directory is **Service name_File type_Date. Extension file name**. The most important thing are the service name and date, that means **MIS engineer need to backup the files which contain the same service name and date**.

- ◆ Not every data type of service name is the same. **For example, HTTP includes 3 types of article, event and icon.**
- ◆ Every data type contains 3 extension file name of **frm, MYD and MYI**.
- ◆ Assume that MIS engineer want to back up the http records on 11th September 2006, then it will at least contain 9 files (**3 data types multiply 3 extension file name.**)

```
http_article_20060911.frm
http_article_20060911.MYD
http_article_20060911.MYI
http_event_20060911.frm
http_event_20060911.MYD
http_event_20060911.MYI
http_icon_20060911.frm
http_icon_20060911.MYD
http_icon_20060911.MYI
```

- To backup all the files ignore the elements of which **date, service and service name**.

- ◆ ip_country.frm
- ◆ user.frm
- ◆ user.MDY
- ◆ user.MYI

- The IM record contains 3 plus extension files which not included date. So MIS engineer also need to backup these 3 extension files when processing IM records backup :

- ◆ im_own_alias_.frm
- ◆ im_own_alias_.MYD
- ◆ im_own_alias_.MYI

- All data types of every service category :

Service Name	Data Type		
HTTP	article	event	icon
FTP	article	event	
IM	article	article_file	event
SMTP	article	event	
POP3	event	event	
Telnet	article	event	
WEB SMTP	Ms_article	Ms_event	Ms_event_att
WEB POP3	Mr_article	Mr_event	Mr_event_att

Set Browse Folder

- Step1.** Set the backup folder to browse. And the way to set **Browse Setting** is the same as **Backup Setting**. (Figure 10-9)

Connection Status of Remote Hard Disk

Connection Status: Success (Accept Privilege: Read/Write)

Browse Setting

Path

Computer Name / IP	172.19.1.106
Shared Directory	cr_backup
Login ID	airlive
Password	*****

Connect Test of Path [Test](#)

OK Cancel

Figure 10-9 Set the browse setting

- Step2.** MIS engineer can see the record contents saved in remote shared directory in **Remote Backup → Service** after MIS engineer had completed the **browse setting**.

Chapter 11 Report

The report can display the flow status and data in storage disk by the graphic charts. It also can mail the statistics report to specific e-mail address depends on the administrator's demand.

The report included three main parts : **Setting, Flow report and Storage report**. In this chapter, we will make the introduction of these three sections.

Periodic Report:

- Send the report to the recipient periodically, depends on the date of selected report.

History Report:

- Mail the specific report to the recipient
 - ◆ In Report → Setting , select Enable E-mail Periodic report, and make the settings :
 1. Select yearly report, monthly report, weekly report and daily report. (Figure 11-1)
 2. Click OK.
 3. The IAR-5000 will send the storage report to the recipient when the time arrived.
 4. In History Report, choose the selected date to mail. (Figure 11-2)
 5. Click **Send Report**.
 6. It will mail the related statistics report to the user. (Figure 11-3)



The way to result the periodic report:

1. Yearly Report: It results the report at 00:00 AM, January yearly.
2. Monthly Report : It results the report at 00:00 AM of the first day monthly.
3. Weekly Report : It results the report at 00:00 AM of the first day weekly.
4. Daily Report : It results the report at 00:00 AM daily.

Periodic Report

☒ Enable E-mail periodic report

☒ Yearly report
 ☒ Monthly report
 ☒ Weekly report
 ☒ Daily report

OK Cancel

History Report

☐ Yearly report
 ☐ Monthly report
 ☐ Weekly report
 ☐ Daily report

2006
 2006
 03
 2006
 03
 19
 2006
 03
 21

Send Report

Figure 11-1 The periodic report setting

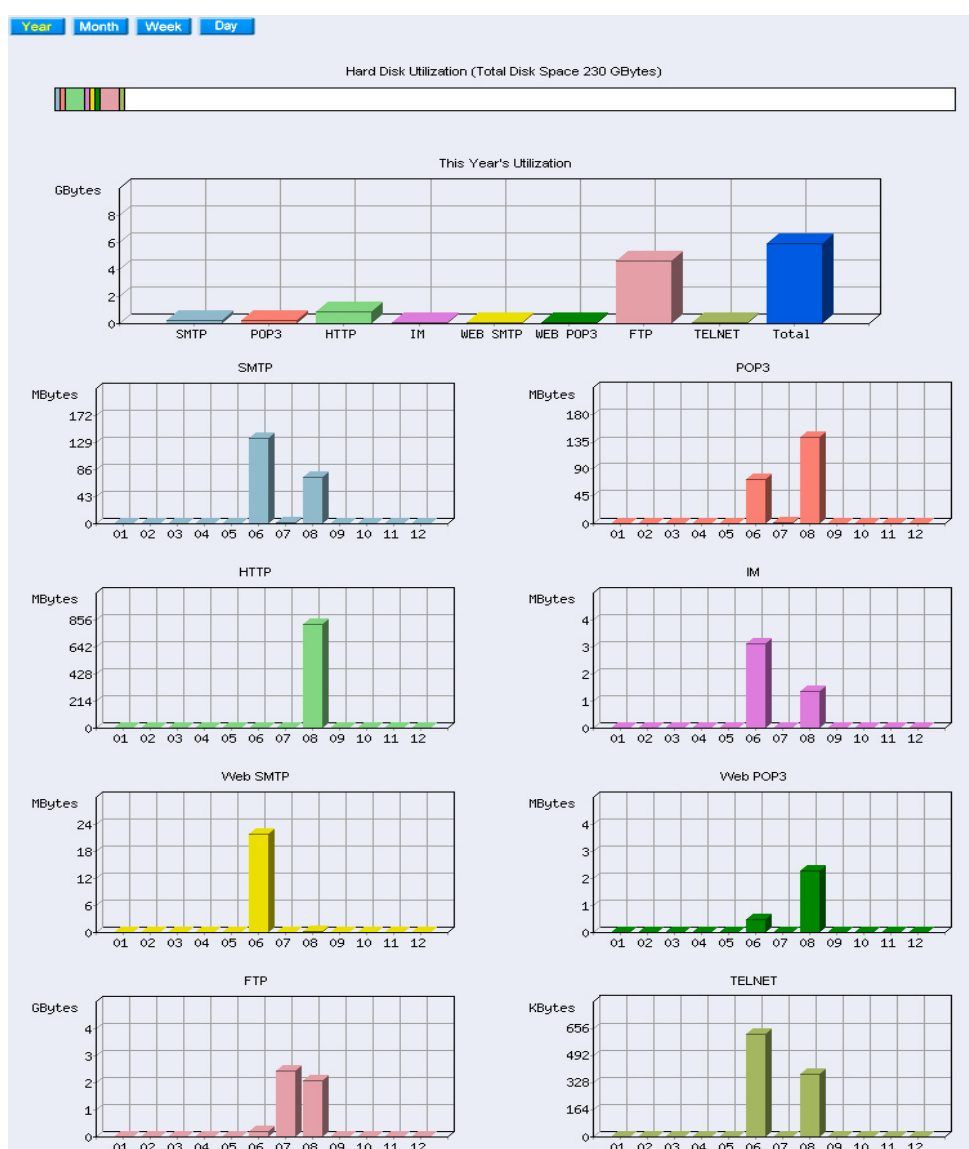


Figure 11-2 The storage report

History Report

☒ Yearly report
 ☐ Monthly report
 ☐ Weekly report
 ☐ Daily report

2006
 2006
 03
 2006
 03
 19
 2006
 03
 21

[Send Report](#)

Figure 11-3 The history report mail setting

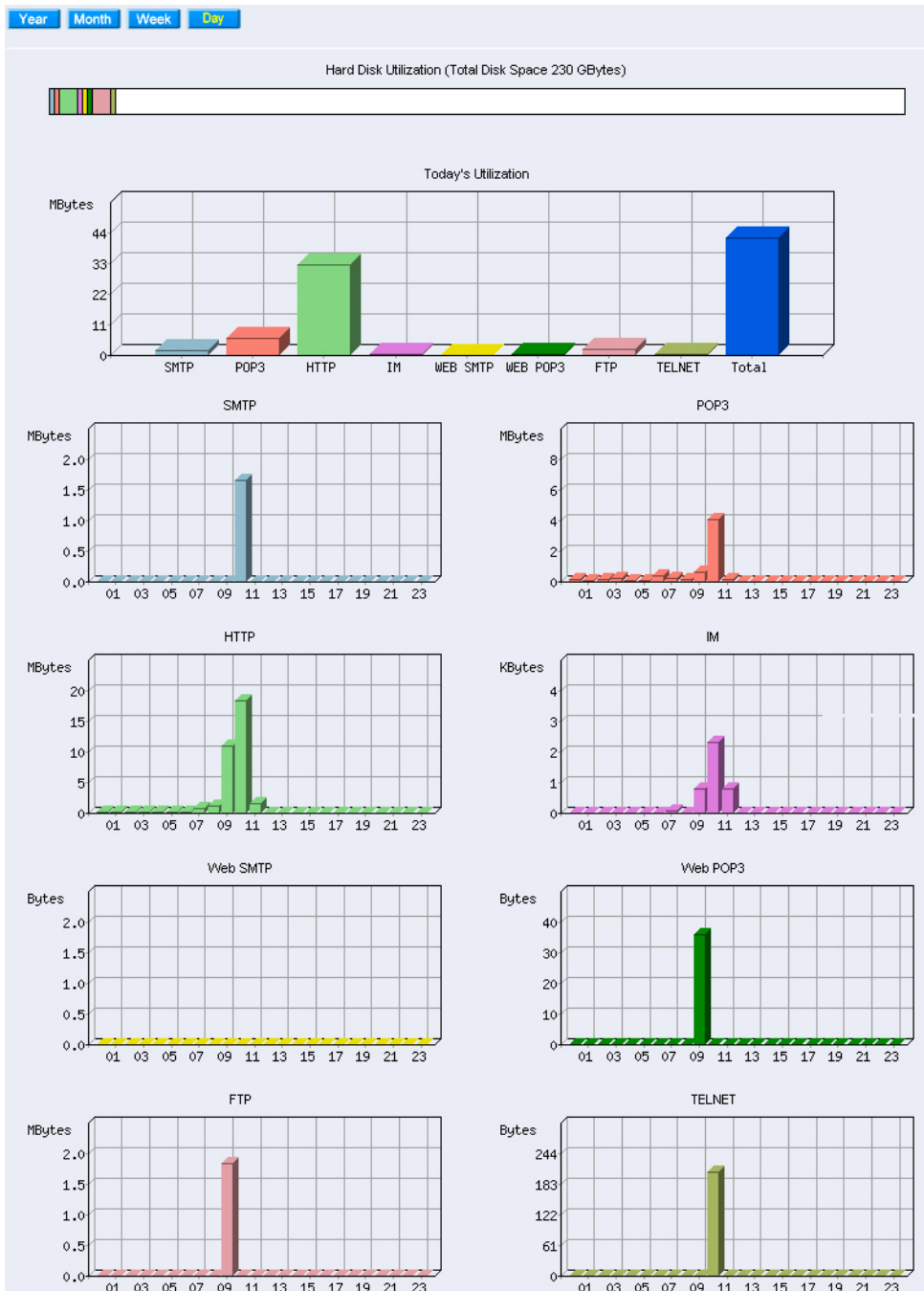


Figure 11-6 The storage report



The IAR-5000 will mail the statistics report to recipients by PDF attachment.

In Record → Service, it contains the 8 different services as the same as the record in Storage Report. It shows the status of storage space and flow report. The Storage Report is displayed in , , , .

Step1. Hard Disk Utilization : The 8 services are record in different colors. When the mouse point to the colors, it will show the service name and the usage space. (Figure 11-7)

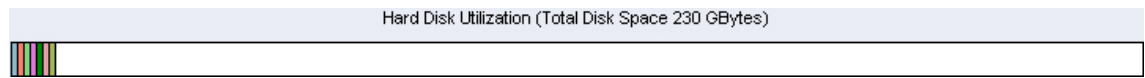


Figure 11-7 The hard disk utilization

Step2. Today's Utilization, it is displayed in Day . (Figure 11-8)

- **Ordinate :** The service flow, its unit is Mbytes.
- **Horizontal ordinate :** The service name.

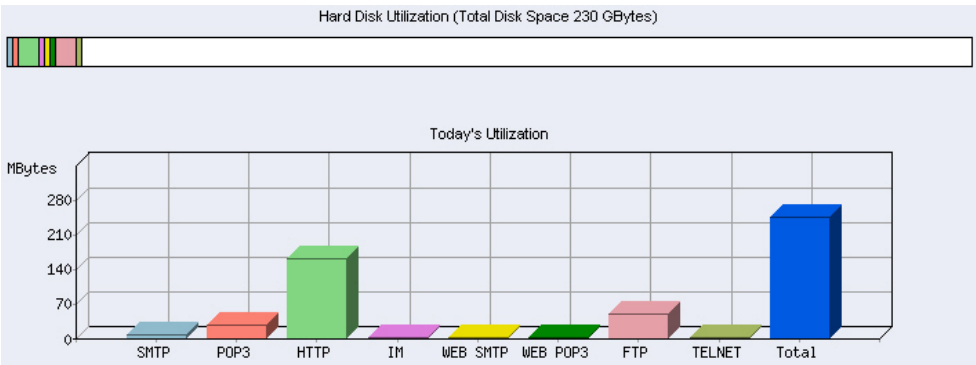


Figure 11-8 The percentage of the service record in hard disk utilization

Step3. According to the time unit in every service. It is displayed in **Day**. (Figure 11-9)

- **Ordinate** : The service usage. Its unit is Mbytes.
- **Horizontal ordinate** : It represents the Time.

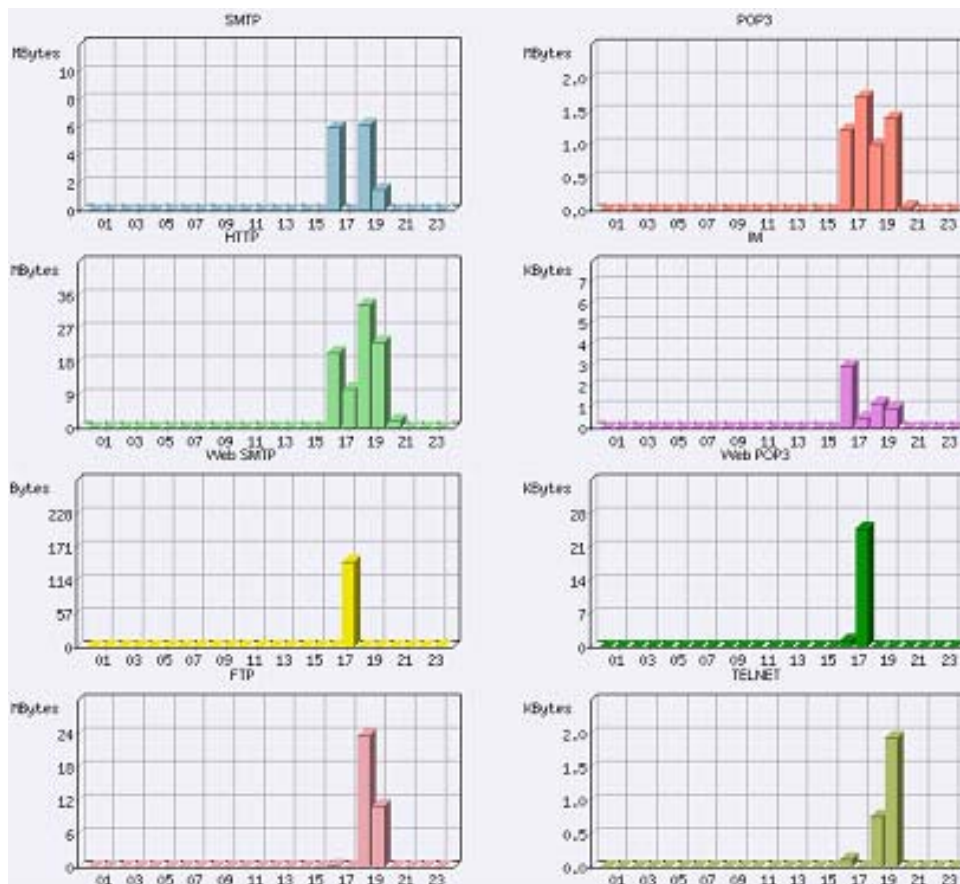


Figure 11-9 The storage report of every service

Chapter 12 Status

To know about the system information, ARP table, 8 services records and event log of IAR-5000.

1. **System Info:** It shows the IAR-5000 CPU utilization, hard disk utilization, memory utilization and ram disk utilization.

2. **ARP Table:** To record all the host ARP connected to IAR-5000.

3. **Session Record:** It shows the current 8 services connection information. (HTTP, FTP, POP3, SMTP, IM, TELNET, Web Mail)

4. **Event Log:** It records every events occurred in IAR-5000, such as modify settings, anomaly flow alert, forward mails, delete files and etc.

System Info

Step1. In **Status → System Info**, it shows the current system information of IAR-5000.
(Figure 12-1)

- **System Uptime** : The cumulate time in the IAR-5000 until the current time.
- **CPU Utilization** : The CPU utilization in IAR-5000.
- **HardDisk Utilization** : The hard disk utilization in IAR-5000.
- **Memory Utilization** : The memory utilization in IAR-5000.
- **RamDisk Utilization** : The ramdisk utilization in IAR-5000.



Figure 12-1 The system info

ARP Table

Step1. In **Status → ARP Table**, it shows the information of user name, computer name, IP address and MAC address connected to the IAR-5000. (Figure12-2)

- **User Name** : The identified name of record in the computer.
- **Computer Name** : The identified name on the internet in this computer.
- **IP Address** : The IP address on the internet in the computer.
- **MAC Address** : The identified address in the network adapters in the computer.

User Name▲	Computer Name	IP Address▲	MAC Address▲
192.168.139.33	----	192.168.139.33	00:E0:18:25:F4:BC
AIRLIVE_5438	AIRLIVE_5438	192.168.139.193	00:01:80:5F:B0:6C

Figure 12-2 The ARP table in Web UI

Search

Enter keyword or phrase

Service :

Status :

Protocol :

Source IP : (Max.: 15 characters)

Destination IP : (Max.: 15 characters)

Port : -> (Range: 1 - 65535)

Results

Search results : 5 records

1 / 1



Service	User Account	Source IP	Destination IP	Port	Start Time	Traffic	Status
MSN		Ravearth	64.4.36.40	TCP 1427 => 1863	09:28:25	284.0 B	Established
MSN	airlive01@hotmail...	Ravearth	207.46.4.81	TCP 1046 => 1863	07:31:43	63.8 KB	Established
MSN	airlive01@hotmail...	Ravearth	207.46.7.13	TCP 1529 => 80	18:17:15	40.6 KB	Established
MSN	airlive01@hotmail...	Ravearth	207.46.0.82	TCP 1439 => 1863	17:53:26	42.4 KB	Established
MSN	airlive01@hotmail...	Ravearth	207.46.4.52	TCP 1315 => 1863	09:50:20	261.6 KB	Established

1 / 1

Figure 12-5 Search the related connection information

Event Log

Step1. In **Status → Event Log**, it records events occurred in IAR-5000, such as modify settings, anomaly flow alert, forwarding mails, file delete action and etc. (Figure 12-6)

- Click  , and search the event. (Figure 12-7)
- Click  , IAR-5000 shows the event information in detail. (Figure 12-8)







Date / Time	Admin Name	IP Address	Event	Detail
Aug 9 08:54:25	admin	172.19.20.13	[Login] Success	-
Aug 9 00:00:01	---	LOCALHOST	[FGuard] Delete outdated records according to Storage Time setting (service(d..	-
Aug 8 21:26:22	admin	172.19.100.31	[IM Policy] Remove 3 Account	
Aug 8 21:25:02	admin	172.19.100.31	[IM Policy] Drop 4 Account	
Aug 8 21:24:19	admin	172.19.100.31	[IM Policy] Accept 28 Account	
Aug 8 21:24:00	admin	172.19.100.31	[IM Policy] Accept 1 Account	
Aug 8 21:21:50	admin	172.19.100.31	[IM Policy] Accept 1 Account	
Aug 8 21:20:14	admin	172.19.100.31	[IM Policy] Drop 28 Account	

Figure 12-6 Event log

Search

Enter keyword or phrase
Event : Non-detected IP
☒ From : 2006 / 7 / 19 9 : 29
To : 2006 / 8 / 9 9 : 32

Search




Results

Download

Search result: 3 records

View: 1 - 3

1 / 1

Date / Time	Admin Name	IP Address	Event	Detail
Aug 8 16:54:52	admin	172.19.20.13	[Anomaly Flow IP] Add Anomaly Flow Non-detected IP 172.19.100.111	
Jul 25 14:45:39	admin	172.19.100.57	[Anomaly Flow IP] Add Anomaly Flow Non-detected IP 172.19.100.57	
Jul 25 14:45:30	admin	172.19.100.57	[Anomaly Flow IP] Remove Anomaly Flow Non-detected IP 172.19.100.57	

1 / 1

Figure 12-7 Search the events

Event Log Detail - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Date / Time	Admin Name	IP Address	Event
Aug 8 16:54:52	admin	172.19.20.13	[Anomaly Flow IP] Add Anomaly Flow Non-detected IP 172.19.100.111

Detail

Add new IP Address

IP Address	172.19.100.111
Netmask	255.255.255.255 (255.255.255.255 means the specified PC)
	(255.255.255.0 means class C subnet)

Figure 12-8 System shows event log in detail